

6. LAND AND SOILS

6.1 Introduction

This chapter of the EIAR comprised of an assessment of the likely impact of the proposed development on soils and the geological environment as well as identifying proposed mitigation measures to minimize any impacts.

In summary, the project comprises the development of 366 no. residential units consisting of the following mix of unit types:

- 28 no. 1 bed apartments
- 118 no. 2 bed apartments
- 36 no. 3 bed duplex units
- 20 no. 2 bedroom house
- 75 no. 3 bedroom house
- 77 no. 4 bedroom house
- 12 no. 5 bedroom house

In addition, the development will also include ancillary public open space, ancillary residential parking spaces and a childcare facility with associated parking spaces.

The Capdoo Link Road which will transverse the site is listed as a "Priority Road Scheme" in the Kildare County Council Development Plan 2017 – 2023 and will be constructed as part of the development. This link road along with a roundabout/junction upgrades will facilitate the primary access points to development. A separate independent access point is provided off a rural road north of the site.

The surface water drainage system accords with SUDs principles with the main body of the site divided into three drainage catchments with two additional catchments for the link road. Attenuation will be provided in each catchment utilising Stormtech Underground Chamber systems, with a controlled greenfield run-off rate of 2.00l/sec/ha. A surface water outfall will be constructed along the rural roads to the east of the site and will discharge to the Gollymochy Stream.

The majority of the foul drainage will connect to an existing foul sewer south east of the site with a small isolated section connecting north west of the site. The proposed foul drainage discharge point south east of the site is slightly elevated above the eastern side of the site. As such, a foul pumping station, rising main and associated rising main discharge (header) manhole will be required to service a large section of the development (185 out of 366 units). The north western and southern portions of the site will discharge by gravity into the appropriate discharge manholes.

Infill Material will be imported on-site. This material will be either quarried product from quarries that have planning permission; greenfield/inert soil imported under a Waste Permit issued by the local authority; or materials that have been approved as by-products by the EPA in accordance with the EPA's criteria for determining a material is a by-product, per the provisions of article 27(1) of the European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations, 2011.

6.2 Methodology

Assessment of the likely impact of the proposed development on soils and the geological environment includes the following activities:

- Preliminary Ground Investigation Study
- Review of information available on the Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI) online mapping service

Preliminary Ground Investigations for the proposed development were carried out by IGSL on July 2017 and included the following scope of work:

- 3 No. Boreholes
- 23 No. Trial Pits
- 20 No. Plate Bearing Tests
- 50 No. Dynamic Probes
- 8 No. Infiltration Tests

Refer to Appendix 6.A Ground Investigation Report (IGSL, Issue Date July 2017, report no. 20159).

6.3 Receiving Environment

6.3.1 Soils

Review of information available on the GSI's online mapping service ("Quaternary Sediments") indicate that the site is underlain predominantly by a sediment type described as "TLs – Till derived from limestones". Refer to Figure 6.1 below.

Ground conditions at the site, as observed during Preliminary Ground Investigations, are summarised as follows:

- 0.3m to 0.6m thick topsoil layer overlying;
- 0.7m to 1.0/2.0m thin stratum of firm gravelly silt/clay
- Gravelly sand or sandy gravel (to target trial pit depth of 3.0m)
- 3 No. boreholes were undertaken as part of the site investigation works and generally observed silty / sandy gravels from 3.0m (trial pit target depth) to 8.8m below existing ground level

Ground water was noted at approximately 4.00 metres in one of the boreholes and in a small number of trial pits generally below 1.00 metres.

Infiltration tests were carried out at eight locations. Tests results indicated infiltration rates (f) ranged from 0.00000 m/min to 0.00238 m/min. Refer to Figure 6.2 below.

There is a variation in soil type across the site with low percolation noted in clay-based soils and test failures where high water table is present. Infiltration tests in the granular soils indicate that it should be suitable for dispersion of surface water.

6.3.2 Geology

Review of GSI’s online mapping service (“Bedrock Geology”) describes geology in the vicinity of the site as “Tournaisian Limestone”.

GSI have classified the site’s groundwater vulnerability as “high” for the majority of the site with “extreme” and “Rock at or near surface or Karst” in a small portion of the site. GSI also classified underlying gravel aquifers as “locally important”.

Refer to Chapter 7.0 (Hydrology) of this EIAR for further comment regarding Hydrogeology.

Figure 6.1 Extract from Quaternary Sediments Map (source GSI Online Mapping Service)

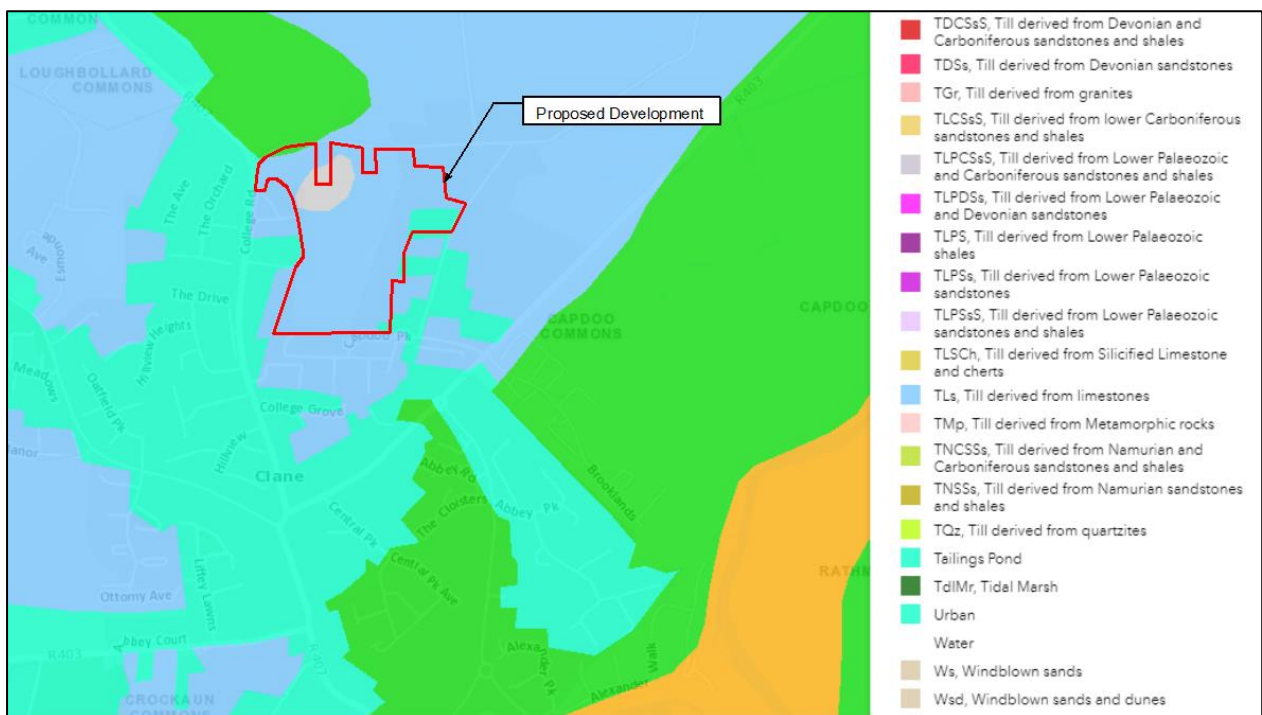


Figure 6.2 Extract from IGSL Site Investigation Report – Infiltration Test Results

Test No.	Infiltration Rate (f) (metres / min)	Comment
IT01	0.00000	Silt/Clay
IT02	0.00054	Silty SAND
IT03	0.00163	SAND
IT04	0.00094	Silty SAND
IT05	No Test Possible	Water Table @ 1.30m
IT06	No Test Possible	Water Table @ 0.90m
IT07	0.00238	Sandy GRAVEL
IT08	0.00014	Silty SAND

6.4 Characteristics of the Proposed Development

Site development works will include stripping of the 0.3m to 0.6m thick topsoil layer. It is expected that all stripped topsoil will be reused on site (incorporated into landscaping of back gardens and public open spaces).

Excavation of subsoil layers will be required in order to allow road construction, foundation excavation, drainage and utility installation and provision of underground attenuation of surface water. In general, the gradients follow the natural topography of the site. However, a cut and fill operation will be necessary to re-grade certain parts of the site. For instance, grading the internal road network to tie in to the link road and raising ends of runs to achieve adequate falls in the drainage network. Underlying subsoil layers generally comprise of sandy silts or gravelly sands and are also expected to be suitable for reuse as non-structural fill (e.g. build-up of back gardens areas or build-up of open spaces).

Importation of fill will be required beneath houses, driveways and to roadways (structural fill). Further information regarding importation of fill is included in Section 6.5.1.3 of this Chapter (quantity, type of material etc.)

6.5 Identification of Likely Significant Impacts

6.5.1 Construction Phase

6.5.1.1 Stripping of Topsoil

Removal of the existing topsoil layer will be required. As noted previously, it is expected that all stripped topsoil will be reused on site (incorporated into landscaping of back gardens and public open spaces).

Stripping of topsoil will result in exposure of the underlying subsoil layers to the effects of weather and construction traffic and may result in subsoil erosion and generation of sediment laden runoff.

Table 6.1 Preliminary Estimated Topsoil Volumes (+/- 10%)

	Volume (m ³)
Topsoil Strip (300mm to 600mm thick layer)	45,000
Topsoil Reuse (landscaping of open spaces etc.)	45,000

6.5.1.2 Excavation of Subsoil Layers

Excavation of existing subsoil layers will be required in order to allow road construction, foundation excavation, drainage and utility installation and provision of underground attenuation of surface water.

Underlying subsoil layers generally comprise of sandy gravels or gravelly sands and are expected to be generally suitable for reuse as non-structural fill (e.g. build-up of back gardens areas or build-up of open spaces).

Table 6.2 Excavation of Subsoil / Reuse of Excavated Material (+/- 10%)

	Volume (m ³)
Cut (excavation of subsoil layers as described in 6.5.1.2 above)	47,000
Reuse of Excavated Material as Non Structural Fill	47,000

6.5.1.3 Imported Fill

In the context of materials imported to site, these will be natural stones sourced from locally available quarries, greenfield / inert soil imported under a Waste Permit issued by the local authority; or materials that have been approved as by-products by the EPA in accordance with the EPA's criteria for determining a material is a by-product, per the provisions of article 27(1) of the European Communities (Waste Directive) Regulations, 2011.

The majority of imported soil replacement materials will be granular in nature and used in the construction of road pavement foundations, drainage and utility bedding and surrounds. Materials will be brought to site and placed in their final position in the shortest possible time. Any imported material will be kept separate from the indigenous arisings from the site. All excavation to accommodate imported material will be precisely co-ordinated to ensure no surplus material is brought to site beyond the engineering requirement.

Table 6.3 Imported Fill (+/- 10%)

	Volume (m ³)
Fill (Total)	89,000
Reuse of Excavated Material (Non Structural Fill)	47,000
Imported Fill	42,000

6.5.1.4 Construction Traffic

Earthworks plant (e.g. dump trucks) and vehicles delivering construction materials to site (e.g. road aggregates, concrete deliveries etc.) have potential to cause rutting and deterioration of the topsoil layer and any exposed subsoil layers, resulting in erosion and generation of sediment laden runoff. This issue can be particularly noticeable at site access points (resulting in deposition of mud and soil on the surrounding road network). Dust generation can also occur during extended dry weather periods as a result of construction traffic.

6.5.1.5 Accidental Spills and Leaks

During the construction phase there is a risk of accidental pollution from the sources noted below. Accidental spills and leaks may result in contamination of the soils underlying the site.

- Storage of oils and fuels on site
- Oils and fuels leaking from construction machinery
- Spillage during refuelling and maintenance of construction machinery
- Use of cement and concrete during construction works

6.5.1.6 Geological Environment

Any excavations associated with development of the site are expected to be relatively shallow (e.g. no basement construction is proposed) and are not expected to impact on the underlying geology.

6.5.2 Operational Phase

On completion of the construction phase, there will be no further impact on soils and the geological environment.

6.5.3 'Do Nothing' Scenario

There will be no impact on soils and the geological environment if the development does not proceed.

6.6 Ameliorative, Remedial or Reductive Measures

6.6.1 Construction Phase

6.6.1.1 Stripping of Topsoil

Stripping of topsoil will be carried out in a controlled and carefully managed way and coordinated with the proposed staging for the development. At any given time, the extent of topsoil strip (and consequent exposure of subsoil) will be limited to the immediate vicinity of active work areas.

Topsoil stockpiles will be protected for the duration of the works and not located in areas where sediment laden runoff may enter existing surface water drains.

Topsoil stockpiles will also be located so as not to necessitate double handling.

Surface water runoff from areas stripped of topsoil will be directed to on-site settlement ponds where measures will be implemented to capture and treat sediment laden runoff prior to discharge of surface water at a controlled rate.

On-site settlement ponds will include geotextile liners and riprapped inlets and outlets to prevent scour and erosion.

6.6.1.2 Excavation of Subsoil Layers

Excavation of existing subsoil layers has been minimised. Cut type earthworks operations will not be required to achieve designed site levels.

Disturbed subsoil layers will be stabilised as soon as practicable (e.g. backfill of service trenches, construction of road capping layers, construction of building foundations and completion of landscaping). The duration that subsoil layers are exposed will be minimised in order to mitigate against weather effects.

Similar to comments regarding stripped topsoil, stockpiles of excavated subsoil material will be protected for the duration of the works. Stockpiles of subsoil material will be located separately from topsoil stockpiles.

Measures will be implemented to capture and treat sediment laden surface water runoff (e.g. sediment retention ponds, surface water inlet protection and earth bunding adjacent to open drainage ditches).

6.6.1.3 *Imported Fill*

As noted in section 6.5.1.3 above, importation of fill to site will be required.

No large or long-term stockpiles of fill material will be held on the site. At any time, the extent of fill material held on site will be limited to that needed in the immediate vicinity of the active work area.

Smaller stockpiles of fill, where required, will be suitably protected to ensure no sediment laden runoff enters existing surface water drains. Such stockpiles are to be located in order to avoid double handling.

6.6.1.4 *Construction Traffic*

Earthworks plant and vehicles delivering construction materials to site will be confined to predetermined haul routes around the site.

Vehicle wheel wash facilities will be installed in the vicinity of any site entrances and road sweeping implemented as necessary in order to maintain the road network in the immediate vicinity of the site.

Dust suppression measures (e.g. dampening down) will be implemented as necessary during dry periods.

6.6.1.5 *Accidental Spills and Leaks*

In order to mitigate against spillages contaminating underlying soils, all oils, fuels, paints and other chemicals will be stored in a secure bunded hardstand area.

Refuelling and servicing of construction machinery will take place in a designated hardstand area which is also remote from any surface water inlets (when not possible to carry out such activities off site).

6.6.1.6 *Geological Environment*

No mitigation measures are proposed in relation to the geological environment.

6.6.2 **Operational Phase**

On completion of the construction phase no further mitigation measures are proposed as there will be no further impact on soils and the geological environment.

6.6.3 **'Do Nothing' Scenario**

No mitigation measures are proposed in relation to soils and the geological environment if the development does not proceed.

6.7 Predicted Impact of the Proposed Development

6.7.1 Construction Phase

Implementation of the measures outlined in Section 6.6.1 will ensure that the potential impacts of the proposed development on soils and the geological environment do not occur during the construction phase and that any residual impacts will be short term.

6.7.2 Operational Phase

There are no predicted impacts arising from the operational phase.

6.7.3 'Do Nothing' Scenario

There are no predicted impacts should the proposed development not proceed.

6.8 Monitoring

Proposed monitoring during the construction phase in relation to the soil and geological environment are as follows:

- Adherence to Outline Construction Management Plan
- Construction monitoring of the works (e.g. inspection of existing ground conditions on completion of cut to road formation level in advance of placing capping material, stability of excavations etc.).
- Inspection of fuel / oil storage areas.
- Monitoring cleanliness of adjacent road network, implementation of dust suppression and provision vehicle wheel wash facilities.
- Monitoring of contractor's stockpile management (e.g. protection of excavated material to be reused as fill, protection of soils for removal from site from contamination)
- Monitoring sediment control measures (sediment retention ponds, surface water inlet protection etc.)

No ongoing monitoring is proposed on completion of the construction phase.

6.9 Reinstatement

All temporary construction compounds and site entrances are to be removed upon completion of the construction phase. Such areas are to be reinstated in accordance with the landscape architects plan and engineer's drawings.

All construction waste and / or scrapped building materials are to be removed from site on completion of the construction phase.

Oil, fuel etc. storage areas are to be decommissioned on completion of the construction phase. Any remaining liquids are to be removed from site and disposed of at an appropriate licenced facility.

All sediment control measures (e.g. sediment retention ponds) are to be decommissioned on completion of the construction phase. Such areas are to be reinstated in accordance with the landscape architects plan and engineer's drawings.

6.10 Interactions and Potential Cumulative Impacts

6.10.1 Interactions

Traffic and Transportation

Delivery of materials to site (e.g. aggregates for road construction, concrete for foundations, delivery of construction plant to site) will lead to potential impact on the surrounding road network.

Water and Hydrology

Stripping of topsoil will result in exposure of the underlying subsoil layers to the effects of weather and construction traffic and may result subsoil erosion and generation of sediment laden surface water runoff.

Waste Management

Oil, fuel etc. storage areas are to be decommissioned on completion of the construction phase. Any remaining liquids are to be removed from site and disposed of at an appropriate licenced facility.

Noise and Vibration

Development of the site will result in a level of construction related noise and vibration

Air Quality

Dust generation can also occur during extended dry weather periods as a result of construction traffic.

Flora and Fauna

Removal of the existing topsoil layer will be required across the site as well as removal of some trees, hedgerows etc.

6.10.2 Potential Cumulative Impacts

Other developments currently under construction and other committed development in the vicinity of the site have been considered and are likely to have similar impacts during the construction phase in relation to soils and geology.

Should the construction phase of any developments coincide with development of the site, potential cumulative impacts are not anticipated once similar ameliorative, remedial and reductive measures are implemented.

6.10.3 Unplanned Events

The following accidents & disasters involving soils during construction could potentially give rise to a serious incident putting people at risk:

- Collapse of trench during excavation works
- Accidental spills and leaks may result in contamination of the soils underlying the site.

With the implementation of the aforementioned mitigation measures, the likelihood of such events occurring would be local and not significant.

On completion of the construction phase, there will be no further unplanned events anticipated on soils and the geological environment.

6.10.4 Risks to Human Health

The following risk to human health from soils and the geological environment can occur during construction:

- Dust generation can also occur during extended dry weather periods as a result of construction traffic.

With the implementation of the aforementioned mitigation measures, the likelihood of such events occurring would be local and not significant

APPENDIX 6.A Ground Investigation Report

Ground Investigations Ireland Ltd., July 2017

**PROPOSED HOUSING
DEVELOPMENT
CAPDOO CLANE
FOR ARDSTONE**

**DBFL
CONSULTING ENGS**

CONTENTS

I	INTRODUCTION
II	FIELDWORK
III	TESTING
IV	DISCUSSION SUMMARY

APPENDICES

I	BOREHOLE RECORDS
II	TRIAL PIT RECORDS
III	PLATE BEARING TESTS
IV	DYNAMIC PROBES
V	PERCOLATION BRE DIGEST 365
VI	LABORATORY TESTS
VII	SITE LOCATION PLAN

FOREWORD

The following Conditions and Notes on Site Investigation Procedures should be read in conjunction with this report.

General.

Recommendations made, and opinions expressed in the report are based on the strata observed in the exploratory holes, together with the results of in-situ and laboratory tests. No responsibility can be held for conditions which have not been revealed by exploratory work, or which occur between exploratory hole locations. Whilst the report may suggest the likely configuration of strata, both between exploratory hole locations, or below the maximum depth of the investigation, this is only indicative, and liability cannot be accepted for its accuracy.

Unless specifically stated, no account has been taken of possible subsidence due to mineral extraction below or close to the site.

Boring Procedures.

Unless otherwise stated, the 'Shell and Auger' technique of soft ground boring has been employed. All boring operations sampling and/or logging of soils and in-situ testing complies with the recommendations of the British Standard Code of Practice BS 5930 (1999), 'Site Investigation' and BS 1377:1990, 'Methods of test for soils for civil engineering purposes'.

Whilst the technique allows the maximum data to be obtained in soft ground, some disturbance and variation of soft and layered soils is unavoidable. Attention is drawn to this condition, whenever it is suspected. Where cobbles and boulders are recorded, no conclusion should be drawn concerning the size, presence, lithological nature, or numbers per unit volume of ground.

Where peat has been encountered during siteworks, samples have been logged in accordance with the Von Post Classification (ref. Von Post, L. 1992. Sveriges Gologiska Undersoknings torvinventering och nogra av dess hittills vunna resultat (SGU peat inventory and some preliminary results) Svenska Mosskulturforeningens Tidskrift, Jonkoping, Swedden, 36, 1-37 & Hobbs N. B. Mire morphology and the properties of some British and foreign peats. QJEG, Vol. 19, 1986).

Routine Sampling.

Undisturbed samples of soils, predominantly cohesive in nature are obtained unless otherwise stated by a 104mm diameter open-drive tube sampler. In granular soils, and where undisturbed sampling is inappropriate, disturbed samples are collected. Smaller disturbed samples are also recovered at intervals to allow a visual examination of the full strata section.

In-Situ Testing.

Standard penetration tests, utilising either the standard split spoon sampler or solid cone and automatic trip-hammer are conducted unless otherwise where required by instruction. Subsequent to a seating drive of 150mm, a summation for the number of blows for 300mm penetration is recorded on the boring records together with the blow count for each 75mm penetration. In cases where incomplete penetration is obtained, the numbers of blows for the recorded value of penetration are noted. In coarse granular soils, a cone end is fitted to the sampler and a similar procedure adopted.

Groundwater.

The depth of entry of any influx of groundwater is recorded during the course of boring operations. However, the normal rate of boring does not usually permit the recording of an equilibrium level for any one water strike. Where possible drilling is suspended for a period of twenty minutes to monitor the subsequent rise in water level.

Groundwater conditions observed in the borings or pits are those appertaining to the period of investigation. It should be noted however, that groundwater levels are subject to diurnal, seasonal and climatic variations and can also be affected by drainage condition, tidal variation or other causes.

Retention of Samples.

After satisfactory completion of all the scheduled laboratory tests on any sample, the remaining material is discarded. Unless a period of retention of samples is agreed, it is our normal practice to discard all soil samples one month after submission of our final report.

**REPORT ON A SITE INVESTIGATION
FOR A HOUSING DEVELOPMENT
AT CAPDOO
CLANE
COUNTY KILDARE
FOR
ARDSTONE RESIDENTIAL

DBFL CONSULTING ENGINEERS**

Report No 20159

JULY 2017

I Introduction

A major residential development is planned for a site located at Capdoo in Clane, County Kildare.

A comprehensive investigation of sub soil conditions in the area of development has been ordered by DBFL Consulting Engineers on behalf of Ardstone Residential Fund.

The programme of the field investigation included the construction of boreholes, trial pits and dynamic probes to establish geotechnical criteria on which to base foundation and infra-structural design. Work was carried out in accordance with BS 5930, Code of Practice for Site Investigations (1999).

In addition plate bearing tests were scheduled to determine in situ CBR values while soakaway testing was performed in several locations in accordance with BRE Digest 365.

A programme of laboratory testing to confirm geotechnical and environmental soil parameters followed site operations.

This report includes all factual data pertaining to the project and comments on the findings relative to foundation and infrastructural design.

II Fieldwork

The site is predominantly a green field one located at Capdoo in Clane. A site location map and a drawing indicating the exploratory positions are enclosed in Appendix VII. This has been provided by DBFL engineers.

The various exploratory positions have been determined by DBFL and set out by the site engineer. Locations have been referenced to national grid and O.D. levels have been established.

Each location was electronically scanned to ensure that underground services were not disrupted. At borehole locations a trial pit was opened by hand to a depth of 1.20 metres to confirm this.

The scope of the field investigation included the following elements:

- * 3 nr. Conventional Boreholes
- * 23 nr Machine Excavated Trial Pits
- * 20 nr. Plate Bearing Tests (In Situ CBR)
- * 50 nr H.D. Dynamic Probes
- * 8 nr Percolation Tests to BRE Digest 365

Following the field operations samples were selected for laboratory analysis. This included standard geotechnical testing and detailed environmental analysis carried out by specialist laboratory.

a. Boreholes

The exploratory holes were bored with conventional 200mm cable-tool methods using a Dando 2000 Rig. One re-bore (BH02A) was carried out after shallow refusal in BH02.

Detailed geotechnical records are contained in Appendix I to this report - the records give details of stratification, sampling, in-situ testing and groundwater. Note is also taken of any obstructions to normal boring requiring the use of the heavy chisel for advancement.

Some variation in stratification was indicated. At BH01 surface top soil overlies a thin stratum of brown sandy gravelly CLAY. From 1.10 to 8.80 metres, medium dense to dense silty sandy GRAVEL is penetrated, with refusal noted at 8.80 metres. Ground water was observed at 4.20 metres BGL.

Boreholes BH02 and BH02A encountered stiff to very stiff brown sandy gravelly CLAY below top soil to respective refusal depths of 3.90 and 3.20 metres.

In BH03, very stiff brown gravelly CLAY extends from 0.20 to 2.20 metres with dense underlying GRAVEL 2.20 to 3.30 metres. Boulders at 3.30 metres prevented further advancement. No ground water was encountered in BH02, BH02A and BH03.

Both boreholes BH2 and BH3 were dry during the investigation period.

b. Trial Pits

Trial pits were scheduled at twenty five locations. Because of access restraints TP01 and TP02 were omitted. Trial Pitting was carried out using a light tracked excavator under geotechnical engineering supervision. Samples were recovered at intervals, ground water was noted where relevant and detailed trial pit records prepared. These records are contained in Appendix II to this report with supporting photographs.

Top soil varying in thickness from 300mm to 600mm overlies the site. In the majority of trial pit locations a thin stratum of firm gravelly SILT/CLAY is then noted. This continues to depths between 1.00 and 2.00 metres. Below this stratum and directly below the top soil in some locations a stratum of silty or clayey gravelly SAND or sandy GRAVEL is found. Trial Pits continued to completion in this stratum at depths between 2.50 and 3.00 metres.

Ground water was noted in Trial Pits TP07 to TP12, associated with collapse of side walls in some instances. Some minor wall collapse was also recorded in dry non-cohesive soils.

c. Plate Bearing Tests

In situ CBR values were established by Plate Bearing Test at twenty one specified locations. Testing was carried out directly below the top-soil zone at a depth of approximately 0.50 metres. Test locations were referenced CBR05 to CBR25. Four locations CBR01 to CBR04 were not accessible.

A 450mm diameter steel plate is loaded incrementally and deflection is recorded. The plate is then off loaded and recovery measured (Load Cycle). The process is then repeated (Re-Load Cycle).

The equivalent CBR value is calculated for both cycles. Detailed individual results are presented in Appendix III and the data is summarised in the following table.

TABLE A CBR SUMMARY DATA

Test No.	CBR at Load Cycle (%)	CBR at RE-Load (%)
05	54.9	68.7
06	2.8	3.7
07	1.5	3.4
08	0.2	0.2
09	1.0	1.5
10	3.7	5.0
11	5.1	7.1
12	2.5	3.6
13	1.0	3.1
14	N/A	N/A
15	4.3	6.1
16	1.2	3.1
17	2.6	5.5
18	4.1	6.0
19	8.1	9.8
20	1.2	2.2
21	1.4	3.9
22	2.5	10.0
23	1.1	2.6
24	1.0	1.7
25	1.6	4.6

The high CBR values noted at locations CBR05 and CBR 19 may reflect coarse dry surface material. The results over the remainder of the site reflect average CBR values on load cycle of 2.3% with an average CBR value of 3.6 % on reload.

A design CBR value of 3% would be appropriate for this site.

d. Dynamic Probes

Probing was scheduled at fifty locations to establish a pattern of soil strength with depth. Access was restricted at DP01 and DP02 and these probes were omitted. Forty-eight probes were completed.

Probing was in accordance with the heavy-duty probe specification of BS 1377: Part 9: 1990. In these tests, the soil resistance is measured in terms of the number of drop-hammer blows required to drive the test probe through each 100 mm increment of penetration. Probing is terminated when the blow count exceeds 25/100mm to avoid damage to the apparatus. Where loose material is present a single blow count may drive the apparatus in excess of 100mm. In this instance blow counts of zero may be recorded.

Some variation in probe resistances and associated soil strength were observed. Soft zones (defined by N_{100} values < 1) were noted in several locations. A dynamic probe resistance of $N_{100} = 3$ (with no dramatic underlying deterioration) would be the normal minimum requirement for conventional two storey house foundations.

Probe results are summarised with the depth to $N_{100} = 3$ indicated as well as soft unsuitable zones. Final probe refusal depths are also indicated, these depths are not indicative of rock horizon.

Probe No.	Soft Zones	Depth to N₁₀₀ = 3	Final Depth
DP03	0 – 0.30	0.30	1.00
DP04	0.80 – 1.30	1.70	3.20
DP05	0 – 0.20	0.30	1.40
DP06	0.80 – 1.90	2.20	2.60
DP07	0 – 1.80	2.00	2.40
DP08	0 – 1.60	1.70	2.70
DP09	0 – 0.20	0.60	3.10
DP10	0 – 0.30	0.70	3.60
DP11	0 – 0.10	0.30	1.70
DP12	0.80 – 1.40	1.60	2.50
DP13	0 – 0.80	0.90	5.00
DP14	0 – 1.10	1.20	1.50
DP15	0 – 0.20	0.50	2.00
DP16	0 – 0.30	0.60	2.50
DP17	0 – 1.80	1.90	5.00
DP18	0 – 1.60	1.70	2.90
DP19	0 – 0.50	0.60	3.60
DP20	1.80 – 2.40	0.70	3.60
DP21	0 – 0.20	0.40	1.50
DP22	0 – 0.20	0.40	3.50
DP23	0 – 1.80	2.00	4.80
DP24	0 – 1.50	1.70	5.00
DP25	0 – 0.20	0.40	2.60
DP26	0 – 0.20	0.40	2.00
DP27	0 – 0.20	0.50	5.00
DP28	0 – 1.00	1.20	1.60
DP29	0 – 0.50	1.00	4.00
DP30		0.70	3.50
DP31	0 – 0.30	0.70	4.80
DP32		1.20	2.60
DP33	0 – 0.60	0.80	2.60
DP34	0 – 0.20	0.40	5.00
DP35		0.40	1.20
DP36	0 – 0.80	1.00	5.00
DP37	0 – 0.50	1.20	3.70
DP38	0 – 1.40	1.50	2.60
DP39	0 – 1.30	1.40	5.00
DP40	0 – 0.40	1.00	5.00
DP41	0 – 0.30	0.50	5.00
DP42	0 – 0.70	1.00	2.80
DP43	0 – 0.80	1.00	2.00
DP44	0 – 0.20	0.80	1.40
DP45	0 – 1.00	1.20	3.40
DP46	0 – 0.20	0.60	2.40
DP47	0 – 0.40	0.70	1.20
DP48	0 – 0.40	1.00	2.00
DP49	0 – 0.50	0.60	3.00
DP50	0 – 1.50	1.70	4.90

e. BRE Digest 365 Soakaway

A total of eight percolation tests were scheduled.

Infiltration testing was performed in accordance with BRE Digest 365 'Soakaway Design'. To obtain a measure of the infiltration rate of the sub-soils, water is poured into the test pit, and records taken of the fall in water level against time. This operation is generally performed over two cycles of soakage and dispersion following initial soakage.

The infiltration rate is the volume of water dispersed per unit exposed area per unit of time, and is generally expressed as metres/minute or metres/second. In these calculations the exposed area is the sum of the base area and the average internal area of the pit sides over the test duration.

Records for each test are presented in Appendix V. The stratification and water table in each test pit is noted and a record of fall in water level with time is made.

Designs are based on the slowest infiltration rate, which is generally calculated from the final cycle. The infiltration rate (f) is calculated and the results for the individual tests indicate that the soils in the test areas are relatively impermeable with little or no infiltration recorded.

The results reflect the variation in ground conditions over the site area. In two locations a high water table was noted, precluding completion of the test. Impermeable clay matrix soils were also encountered and some percolation was achieved in the more granular soils.

The Infiltration Rate (f) for each location with brief comment is noted as follows:

Test No.	Infiltration Rate (f) (metres / min)	Comment
IT01	0.00000	Silt/Clay
IT02	0.00054	Silty SAND
IT03	0.00163	SAND
IT04	0.00094	Silty SAND
IT05	No Test Possible	Water Table @ 1.30m
IT06	No Test Possible	Water Table @ 0.90m
IT07	0.00238	Sandy GRAVEL
IT08	0.00014	Silty SAND

III Testing

(a) In-Situ :

Standard penetration tests were carried out at approximate 1.00 metre intervals in the geotechnical boreholes to measure relative in-situ soil strength. N values are noted in the right hand column of the boring records, representing the blow count required to drive the standard sampler 300mm into the soil, following initial seating blows. Where full test penetration was not achieved the blow count for a specific penetration is recorded, or refusal is indicated where appropriate

The results of the tests are summarised as follows:

STRATUM	N VALUE RANGE	COMMENT
Sandy GRAVEL	12 to 52	Medium Dense to Dense
Gravelly CLAY	23 to 32	Stiff

In several instances refusal of SPT apparatus was noted, probably on boulder obstructions and results are presented as blows for specific penetration and refusal.

(b) Geotechnical and Environmental Laboratory :

All samples from the boreholes and trial pits have been returned to the IGSL laboratory for initial visual inspection, a schedule of testing was prepared and tests as appropriate carried out. The programme of testing included the following elements and all results are presented in Appendix VI.

- a. Moisture Content and Classification (Liquid and Plastic Limits)
- b. Particle size distribution (Sieve Analysis / Hydrometer)
- c. Sulphate and pH determination.
- d. RILTA Environmental Suite

Geotechnical testing was carried out by IGSL in it's INAB accredited facility. Chemical and environmental testing was carried out by Chemtest Limited in their UKAS laboratory.

Classification

The liquid and plastic limits were established for several samples of the upper cohesive soils. Results reflect variation from clay matrix to silt matrix material, essentially material of similar origin. Moisture contents range from 9 to 18% and the material is of low plasticity and sensitivity to moisture content variation.

Grading

Grading tests were carried out on the main soil strata using wet sieve and hydrometer analysis as appropriate.

The grading curves reflect the variation in soil type over the site area. Clean sandy GRAVEL, finer silty SAND, gravelly SILT and gravelly CLAY have all been identified.

Sulphate and pH.

Three samples were selected for sulphate and pH analysis. Sulphate concentrations (SO₄ 2:1 extract) of from 0.010 to 0.017 g/l were established with an average pH of 8.3. No special precautions are necessary to protect foundation concrete from sulphate aggression. A sulphate design class of DS-1 (ACEC Classification for Concrete) is indicated for concentrations less than 0.5 g/l.

Environmental

Two soil samples were submitted for detailed environmental analysis to RILTA (WAC) parameters.

The results indicate that the soils can be classified as INERT with little or no elevated contaminant levels recorded. Material excavated from this site can be readily disposed of to a regular licensed landfill facility and no problems are anticipated with personnel operating on the site.

IV Discussion

The proposed residential development is for traditional housing on a site located at Capdoo in Clane, County Kildare.

The area is an undulating greenfield one with ground level varying from about 67.00 to 80.00 OD. Access to part of the site was restricted and a number of scheduled Trial Pits, CBR Tests and Probes were omitted following consultation with the client and engineer.

A comprehensive investigation of ground conditions has been carried out on the instructions of DBFL involving Borehole and Trial Pit investigation with supporting Dynamic Probes, Plate Bearing Tests and Percolation Tests.

It is assumed that the development will as far as possible follow existing contours, however some cut and fill operations may be required.

Ground water was noted at approximately 4.00 metres in one of the boreholes and in rare trial pits generally below 1.00 metres.

Foundations:

Soil strength has been determined by SPT tests in the three boreholes and by Dynamic Probe resistance in the fifty locations examined. Visual assessment of soil strength in the trial pits has also been used in assessing allowable bearing parameters.

Standard penetration tests in boreholes at 1.00 metre BGL were in excess of $N = 20$. This would suggest an allowable bearing pressure of 150 kN/sq.m. based on the lowest SPT value.

A Dynamic Probe resistance of $N_{100} = 3$ with an increasing underlying strength trend will permit an allowable bearing pressure of 100 kN/sq.m. Similarly a probe resistance of $N_{100} = 5$ will equate to 150 kN/sq.m.

Based on the data obtained we would suggest the use of traditional reinforced strip or pad foundations, founded at approximately 1.00 metre BGL and using an allowable bearing pressure of 100 kPa. This scenario will be applicable over most of the site. In about ten probe locations soft or weak soils were noted to depths in excess of the normal 1.00 metre. The relevant probes are DPs 4,6,7,8,12,17,18,23, 24 and 50. Apart from Probe 50, these are generally located in the northern section of the site.

Careful visual assessment of excavated formation will be essential to accurately define the soft zones which should be removed and replace with lean mix concrete up to base of reinforced foundation.

It is quite likely that variation from granular to cohesive soils will occur over relatively short distances. Ideally individual structures (detached or semi-detached) should be founded on similar material to ensure that differential settlement is avoided.

Settlement of foundations under the indicated loads will be of the order of 10 to 15mm. In the mainly granular soils settlement should be relatively rapid. Settlement in the clay soils will be more long term.

Well-reinforced foundations will assist in bridging any local discontinuities in the formation soils.

Ground Floor Slabs

The sub soils below the top-soil at a depth of about 0.50 metres should readily support lightly loaded ground floor slabs. All organic soils and all FILL material should be removed and imported hardcore infill should fully comply with current building regulations.

Excavation

Ground water was not observed at proposed foundation depth and should not be of concern in shallow excavation. While trial pit excavations remained stable over the short term of the investigation, some instability may occur in longer term excavations.

Some ground water may however be encountered in deep service trench excavations.

Statutory safety regulations prohibit personnel entering unsupported excavations greater than 1.20 metre deep, irrespective of apparent stability.

Roads and Pavements

CBR tests at shallow depth indicate an average CBR of about 3%. Excavated road or pavement formation should be inspected to ensure that all organic or unsuitable material is removed.

Percolation

The variation in soil type over the site area has been outlined in the detailed test sheets with low percolation noted in clay based soils and test failure where high water table is present. Infiltration tests in the granular soils indicate that it should be suitable for dispersion of surface water.

Concrete

Tests indicates low sulphate concentration (< 0.017 g/l) and pH of 8.3. The results indicate a design classification of DS-1 (ACEC Classification). No special precautions are deemed necessary to protect foundation concrete.

Environmental

Tests carried out on samples from this site indicate that the soils can be classified as INERT with extremely low contamination levels.

Material excavated from this site can be disposed of to licensed landfill or utilised within the site for non-engineering purposes, landscaping etc.

SUMMARY

Conventional shallow reinforced strip or pad foundations are recommended for this housing development with allowable bearing pressures as follows:

100 kPa for foundations placed at about 1.00 metre BGL using a dynamic probe resistance of $N_{100} = 3$ as a baseline. In areas where soft deposits occur depth of excavation to a suitable formation will increase. In these areas lean mix concrete can be used as backfill up to underside of main foundation.

Variation in founding medium from cohesive material (gravelly CLAY or SILT) to non-cohesive (SAND / GRAVEL) to intermixed zones (gravelly CLAY / clayey GRAVEL) can be expected over the site area.

IGSL/JC
July 2017

Appendix II Trial Pit Records



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane		TRIAL PIT NO. TP03	
LOGGED BY L. Daniels		SHEET Sheet 1 of 1	
CLIENT Ardstone		DATE STARTED 15/06/2017	
ENGINEER DBFL		DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017	
CO-ORDINATES 687,618.36 E 728,452.58 N		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator	
GROUND LEVEL (m) 79.46			

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.30	79.16						
	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		0.60	78.86						
1.0						AA78690	B	0.80		
	Grey to black sandy fine to coarse subrounded GRAVEL.		1.70	77.76						
2.0						AA78691	B	1.80		
	Grey slightly gravelly fine to medium SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded.		2.40	77.06						
						AA78692	B	2.50		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	76.46						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP04
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
CLIENT Ardstone	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
ENGINEER DBFL	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
CO-ORDINATES 687,669.68 E 728,454.80 N	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator
GROUND LEVEL (m) 75.82	

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
0.30	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.30	75.52		AA78693	B	0.50		
1.00	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		1.00	74.82		AA78694	B	1.20		
1.90	Stiff brown gravelly SILT/CLAY with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular. Cobbles are subrounded. Boulders up to 400mm subrounded.		1.90	73.92		AA78695	B	1.90		
2.00	End of Trial Pit at 2.00m		2.00	73.82						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP05
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,727.70 E 728,443.79 N
	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 73.07
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Grey slightly silty fine to coarse SAND.		0.60	72.47		AA67769	B	0.60		
1.0										
	Grey silty gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded.		1.60	71.47		AA67770	B	1.60		
2.0										
	End of Trial Pit at 2.50m		2.50	70.57		AA67771	B	2.50		
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP06	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,753.62 E 728,441.59 N	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 71.06	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
ENGINEER DBFL		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
0.50	Grey slightly silty fine to coarse SAND.		0.50	70.56		AA67766	B	0.60		
1.90	Grey gravelly cobbly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subrounded. Cobbles are subrounded.		1.90	69.16		AA67767	B	1.80		
2.50	End of Trial Pit at 2.50m		2.50	68.56		AA67768	B	2.50		

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP07
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,774.50 E 728,496.33 N
	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 69.55
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Brown to grey silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content.		0.30	69.25		AA78667	B	0.50		
1.0	Grey slightly gravelly medium SAND. Gravel is fine subangular.		1.30	68.25		AA78668	B	1.40		
2.0	Black slightly gravelly fine to medium SAND. Gravel is fine subangular.		2.00	67.55		AA78669	B	2.50		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	66.55						

Groundwater Conditions
Slow seepage at 2.0m

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP08	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,770.37 E 728,541.91 N	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 68.38	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
ENGINEER DBFL		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Soft to firm light brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subrounded.		0.30	68.08		AA78664	B	0.50		
	Grey slightly gravelly fine to medium SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded.		0.80	67.58		AA78665	B	0.90		
1.0	Grey to black slightly gravelly medium to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine subangular.		1.40	66.98		AA78666	B	1.60		
2.0	End of it due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 2.20m		2.20	66.18						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions
Slow seepage at 1.4m

Stability
Wall collapse from 1.4m

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP09
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,813.53 E 728,508.36 N
	DATE STARTED 15/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 67.21
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Stiff dark brown very gravelly slightly sandy SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded.		0.30	66.91						
						AA78662	B	0.50		
1.0	Dark grey clayey sandy fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL.		1.20	66.01		AA78663	B	1.20		
	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 1.50m		1.50	65.71						
2.0										
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions
Moderate seepage at 0.8m

Stability
Wall collapse from 1.2m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL_GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER
20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane		TRIAL PIT NO. TP10	
LOGGED BY L. Daniels		SHEET Sheet 1 of 1	
CLIENT Ardstone		DATE STARTED 15/06/2017	
ENGINEER DBFL		DATE COMPLETED 15/06/2017	
CO-ORDINATES 687,818.29 E 728,452.90 N		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator	
GROUND LEVEL (m) 67.74			

	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly sandy SILT/CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.30	67.44						
	Grey to light brown gravelly medium to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded of limestone.		0.60	67.14		AA78655	B	0.50		
						AA78656	B	0.70		
1.0	Firm grey to light brown sandy gravelly SILT with a low cobble content. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded of limestone. Cobbles are subrounded of limestone.		1.00	66.74		AA78657	B	1.20		
	Stiff dark brown gravelly CLAY with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Gravel is medium to coarse subrounded. Cobbles are subrounded. Boulders up to 400mm subrounded.		1.50	66.24						
	Black fine subrounded to subangular sandy GRAVEL.		1.70	66.04		AA78658	B	1.60		
2.0	End of pit due to groundwater. End of Trial Pit at 2.30m		2.30	65.44						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions
Groundwater at 2.0m

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER
20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane		TRIAL PIT NO. TP11	
LOGGED BY L. Daniels		SHEET Sheet 1 of 1	
CLIENT Ardstone		DATE STARTED 14/06/2017	
ENGINEER DBFL		DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017	
CO-ORDINATES 687,869.45 E 728,445.76 N		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator	
GROUND LEVEL (m) 68.02			

	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Grey to light brown gravelly medium to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded of limestone.		0.40	67.62		AA78659	B	0.50		
	Stiff dark brown very gravelly slightly sandy SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded.		0.70	67.32		AA78660	B	0.80		
1.0	Black gravelly coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to medium.		1.40	66.62		AA78661	B	1.50		
2.0	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 2.00m		2.00	66.02						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions
Moderate seepage at 1.4m

Stability
Wall collapse from 1.4m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP12
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,784.26 E 728,411.11 N
	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 69.03
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly sandy SILT/CLAY. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	68.63		AA78651	B	0.50		
1.0	Firm grey to light brown sandy gravelly SILT with a low cobble content. Sand is fine to medium. Gravel is fine to coarse subangular to subrounded of limestone. Cobbles are subrounded of limestone.		0.90	68.13		AA78652	B	1.00		
	Stiff dark brown gravelly CLAY with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Gravel is medium to coarse subrounded. Cobbles are subrounded. Boulders up to 400mm subrounded.		1.50	67.53		AA78653	B	1.60		
2.0	Dark brown to black fine to coarse subrounded to subangular GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subrounded. Boulders up to 400mm subrounded.		2.00	67.03		AA78654	B	2.00		
	End of pit due to groundwater. End of Trial Pit at 2.50m		2.50	66.53						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions
Groundwater at 2.2m

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP13
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,675.92 E 728,416.81 N
	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 75.27
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.30	74.97						
	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		0.60	74.67		AA78696	B	0.50		
1.0										
						AA78697	B	1.20		
2.0										
	Black sandy fine to coarse subounded to rounded GRAVEL.		2.50	72.77		AA78698	B	2.50		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 2.50m		3.00	72.27						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP14
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,623.19 E 728,411.99 N
	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 78.03
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	77.63		AA78686	B	0.60		
1.0	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		0.90	77.13		AA78687	B	1.20		
2.0						AA78688	B	2.00		
	Grey sandy fine to coarse subrounded GRAVEL.		2.30	75.73		AA78689	B	2.50		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	75.03						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP15
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
CLIENT Ardstone	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
ENGINEER DBFL	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CO-ORDINATES 687,619.03 E 228,356.62 N	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator
GROUND LEVEL (m) 76.61	

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
0.40	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	76.21		AA78679	B	0.60		
1.40	Black gravelly coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to medium.		1.40	75.21		AA78680	B	1.60		
2.80	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 2.80m		2.80	73.81		AA78681	B	2.80		

Groundwater Conditions

Stability
Minor wall collapse from 1.4m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER
20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane		TRIAL PIT NO. TP16	
LOGGED BY L. Daniels		SHEET Sheet 1 of 1	
CLIENT Ardstone		DATE STARTED 14/06/2017	
ENGINEER DBFL		DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017	
CO-ORDINATES 687,667.37 E 728,360.19 N		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator	
GROUND LEVEL (m) 74.06			

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	73.66		AA78682	B	0.60		
	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to rounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subrounded to rounded.		0.80	73.26		AA78683	B	1.20		
1.0										
2.0										
	End of pit due to boulder. End of Trial Pit at 2.70m		2.70	71.36		AA78684	B	2.50		
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP17
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
CLIENT Ardstone	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
ENGINEER DBFL	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CO-ORDINATES 687,724.68 E 728,357.77 N	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator
GROUND LEVEL (m) 71.69	

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
0.40	Grey silty fine to coarse rounded to subangular GRAVEL with a medium cobble content. Cobbles are subrounded to rounded.		0.40	71.29		AA78672	B	0.60		
2.00	Grey slightly gravelly fine to coarse SAND. Gravel is fine to medium subrounded.		2.00	69.69		AA78673	B	2.00		
3.00	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	68.69		AA78674	B	3.00		

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP18
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,776.84 E 728,364.82 N
	DATE STARTED 14/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 14/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 69.26
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	68.86		AA78670	B	0.50		
1.0	Grey to brown silty fine to coarse subangular to angular GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles subangular to subrounded. Boulders up to 400mm subrounded.		0.90	68.36		AA78671	B	1.10		
2.0	End of pit due to boulder. End of Trial Pit at 2.00m		2.00	67.26						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP19
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,729.97 E 728,319.16 N
	DATE STARTED 16/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 16/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 71.49
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Dark grey to black fine to coarse SAND.		0.60	70.89		AA78675	B	0.80		
1.0										
	Black sandy fine to coarse subounded to rounded GRAVEL with a low cobble content. Cobbles are subounded.		1.50	69.99		AA78676	B	1.60		
2.0										
	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 2.60m		2.60	68.89						
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions

Stability
Wall collapse from 1.5m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP20
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,622.57 E 728,313.25 N
	DATE STARTED 16/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 16/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 74.42
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.50	73.92		AA78677	B	0.70		
1.0	Brown silty fine to coarse subrounded to angular GRAVEL.		0.90	73.52		AA78678	B	1.00		
2.0	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 1.80m		1.80	72.62						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability
Wall collapse from 0.9m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER
20159

CONTRACT Capdoe, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP23
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
CLIENT Ardstone ENGINEER DBFL	CO-ORDINATES 687,634.91 E 728,214.75 N
	DATE STARTED 16/06/2017 DATE COMPLETED 16/06/2017
GROUND LEVEL (m) 73.91	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
0.30	Light brown slightly silty gravelly fine to medium SAND. Gravel is fine to medium subrounded.		0.30	73.61		AA67755	B	0.50		
1.0	Firm brown slightly gravelly sandy SILT.		1.20	72.71						
1.60	Dark grey to black very sandy fine to medium subrounded GRAVEL. Sand is medium to coarse.		1.60	72.31		AA67756	B	1.60		
2.0										
2.80						AA67757	B	2.80		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	70.91						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane	TRIAL PIT NO. TP24
	SHEET Sheet 1 of 1
LOGGED BY L. Daniels	CO-ORDINATES 687,695.94 E 728,217.70 N
	DATE STARTED 16/06/2017
	DATE COMPLETED 16/06/2017
CLIENT Ardstone	GROUND LEVEL (m) 72.38
ENGINEER DBFL	EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.30	72.08						
	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		0.60	71.78						
1.0						AA67752	B	0.80		
	Black slightly gravelly coarse SAND. Gravel is fine subangular.		1.70	70.68		AA67753	B	1.70		
2.0										
	End of pit due to wall collapse. End of Trial Pit at 2.60m		2.60	69.78		AA67754	B	2.60		
3.0										

Groundwater Conditions

Stability
Minor wall collapse from 1.7m

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL.GDT 3/7/17



TRIAL PIT RECORD

REPORT NUMBER

20159

CONTRACT Capdoo, Clane		TRIAL PIT NO. TP25	
LOGGED BY L. Daniels		SHEET Sheet 1 of 1	
CLIENT Ardstone		DATE STARTED 16/06/2017	
ENGINEER DBFL		DATE COMPLETED 16/06/2017	
CO-ORDINATES 687,732.04 E 728,216.34 N		EXCAVATION METHOD 3.5 Ton Excavator	
GROUND LEVEL (m) 70.94			

Depth (m)	Geotechnical Description	Legend	Depth (m)	Elevation	Water Strike	Samples			Vane Test (KPa)	Hand Penetrometer (KPa)
						Sample Ref	Type	Depth		
0.0	TOPSOIL.									
	Firm brown slightly gravelly SILT/CLAY. Gravel is fine to medium subangular to subrounded.		0.40	70.54						
	Brown silty fine to coarse subangular to subrounded GRAVEL with a medium cobble content and a low boulder content. Cobbles are subangular to rounded.		0.80	70.14						
1.0	Brown sandy fine to coarse subrounded GRAVEL.		1.20	69.74		AA78700	B	1.20		
	Black slightly gravelly fine to medium SAND. Gravel is fine subangular.		1.60	69.34						
2.0						AA67751	B	1.80		
3.0	End of Trial Pit at 3.00m		3.00	67.94						

Groundwater Conditions

Stability

General Remarks

IGSL TP LOG 20159.GPJ IGSL_GDT 3/7/17

Appendix III Plate Bearing Tests

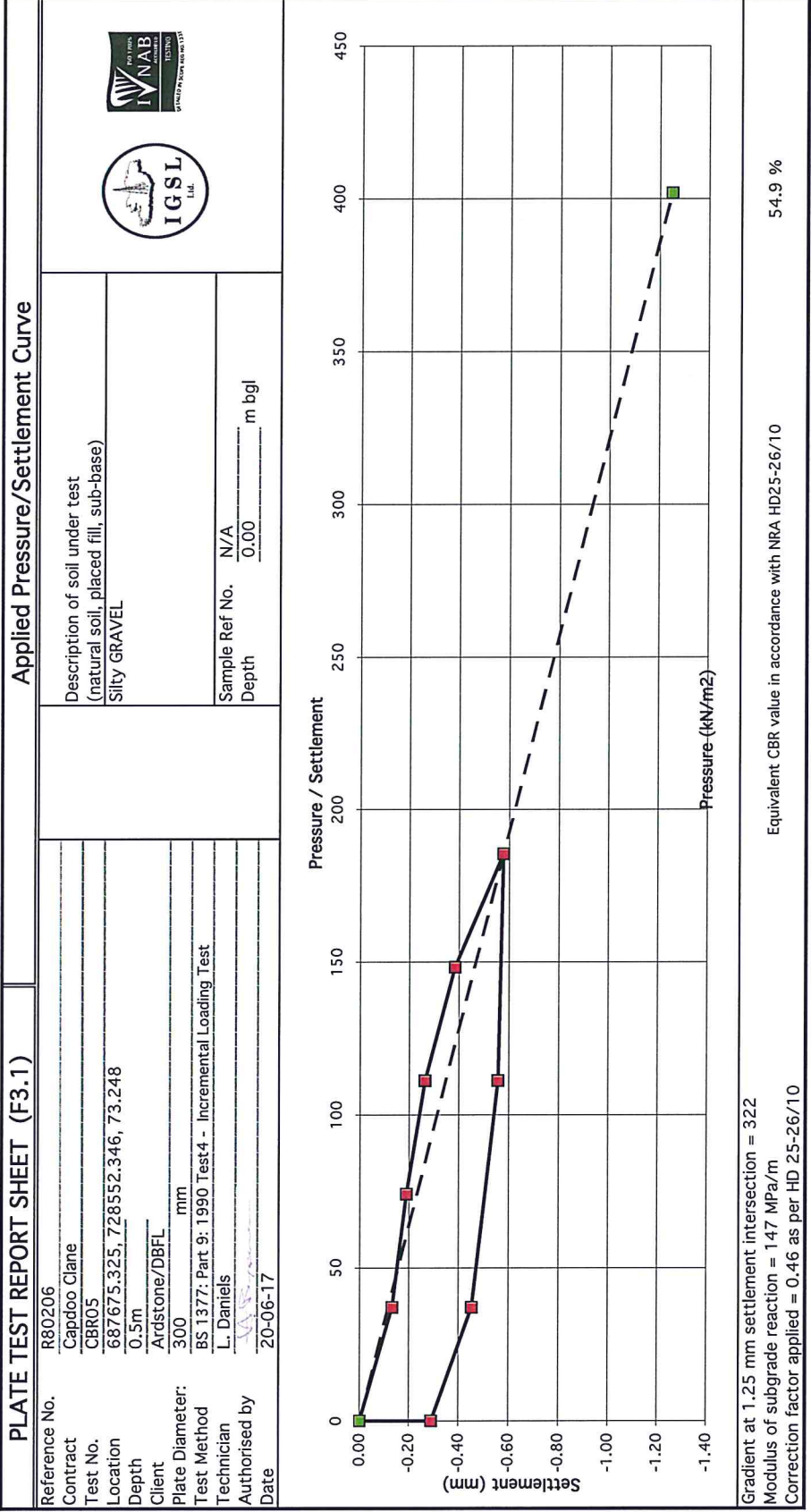
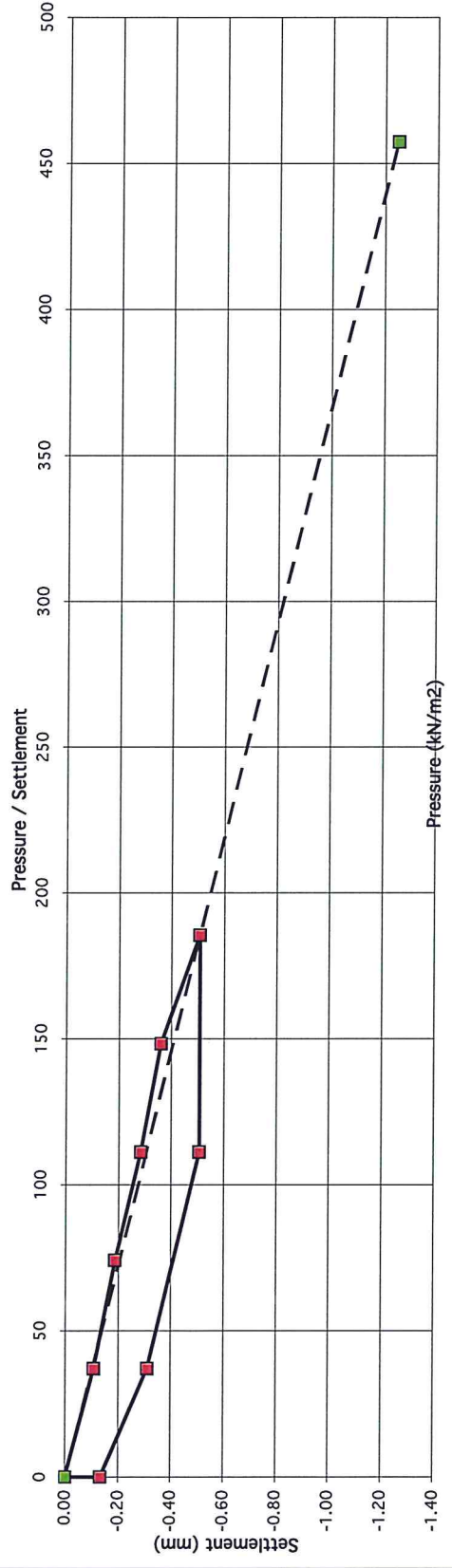




PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80206	Contract Capdoo Crane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Silty GRAVEL	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR05 reload	Location 687675.325, 728552.346, 73.248		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	Depth 0.00 m bgl
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by L. Daniels		
Date 20-06-17			

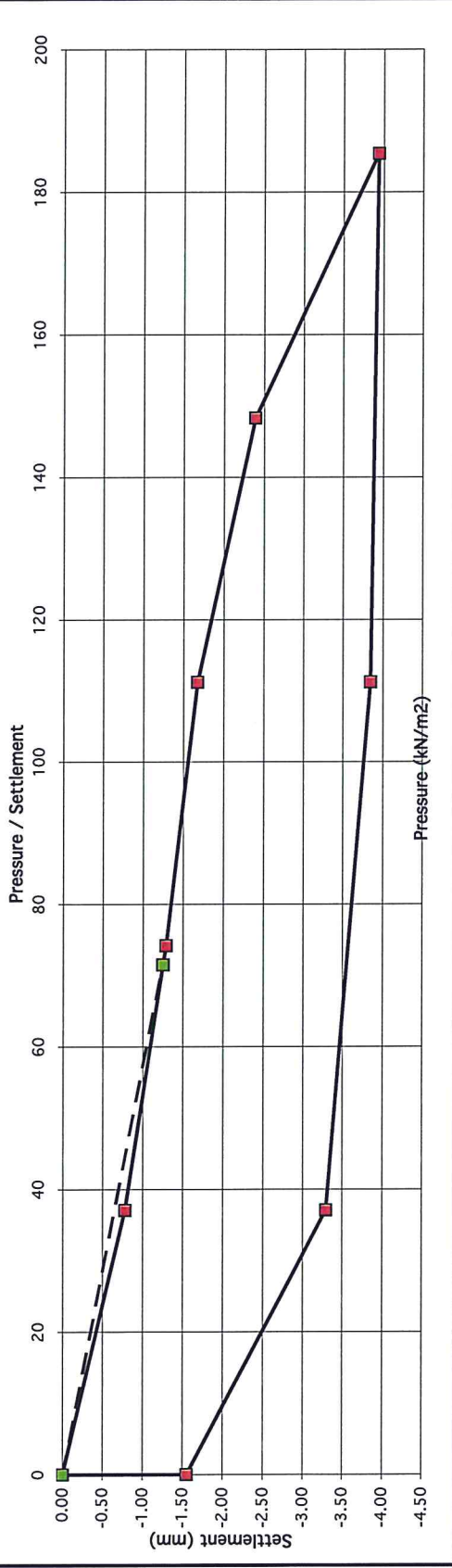


Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 366
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 167 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 68.7 %

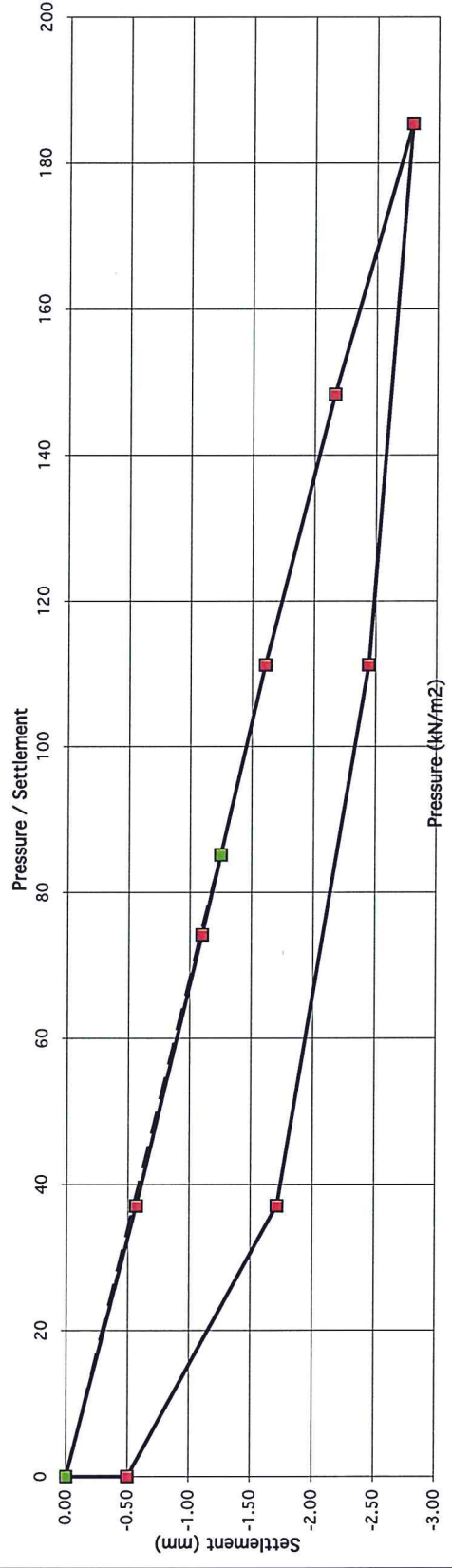
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Reference No. R80207 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR06 Location 687672.781, 728492.900, 75.678 Depth 0.5m Client Ardistone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by VAS Date 20-06-17	<p align="center">Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</p> Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 
Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl		



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 57
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 26 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 2.8 %



PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No.	R80207	Description of soil under test	
Contract	Capdoo Clane	(natural soil, placed fill, sub-base)	
Test No.	687672.781, 728492.900, 75.678	Gravelly SILT	
Location	See Map		
Depth	0.5m		
Client	Ardstone/DBFL		
Plate Diameter:	300 mm	Sample Ref No.	N/A
Test Method	BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Depth	0.00 m bgl
Technician	L. Daniels		
Authorised by	<i>(Signature)</i>		
Date	20-06-17		

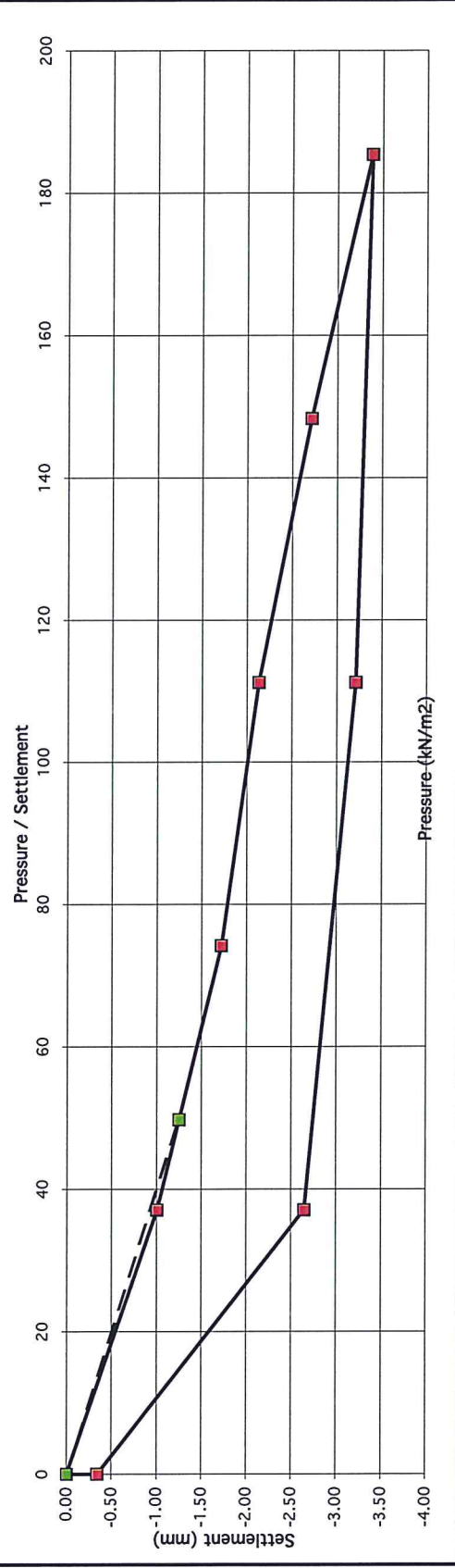


Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 68
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 31 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.7 %



PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

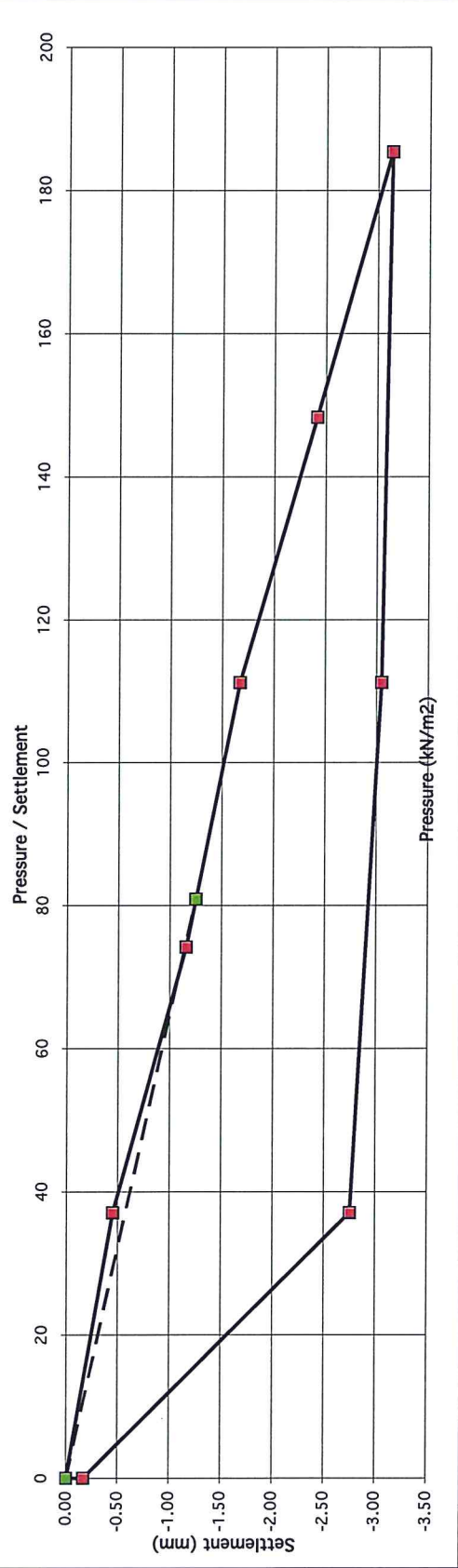
Reference No. R80208 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR07 Location 687749.245, 728470.424, 71.281 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by Date 20-06-17	Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 40
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 18 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.5 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Reference No. 880208 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR07 reload Location 687749.245, 728470.424, 71.281 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by VAS Date 20-06-17	Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravely SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 65
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 30 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.4 %





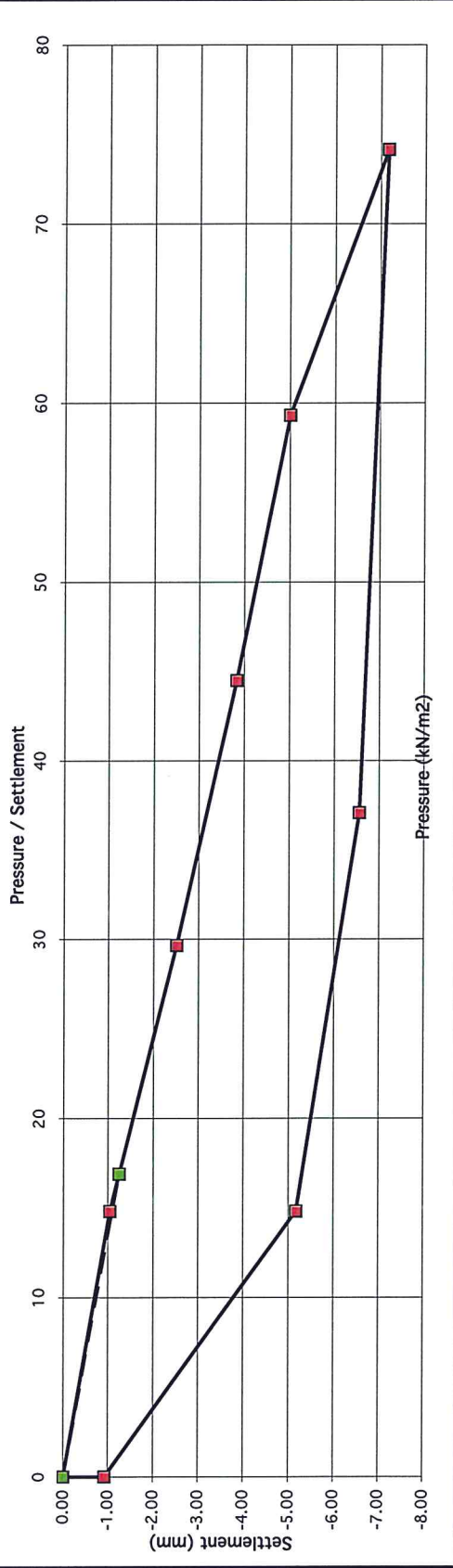
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80209	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Peaty SILT/CLAY	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR08	Location 687797.840, 728530.324, 67.431		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	Depth 0.00 m bgl
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	 	
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i>		
Date 19-06-17		<p>Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 14 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 6 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10</p>	
		<p>Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10</p> <p style="text-align: right;">0.2 %</p>	

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Reference No. R80209 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR08 reload Location 687797.840, 728530.324, 67.431 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by Date 19-06-17	<p align="center">Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</p> Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Peaty SILT/CLAY Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 14
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 6 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 0.2 %



PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve															
Reference No. R80210	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A														
Test No. CBR09	Location 687803.717, 728468.047, 67.833			Depth 0.00 m bgl													
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL																
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test																
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by L. Daniels																
Date 19-06-17																	
		 															
<table border="1"> <caption>Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Data Points</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>38.00</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>75.00</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> <tr><td>112.00</td><td>-4.00</td></tr> <tr><td>148.00</td><td>-5.50</td></tr> <tr><td>185.00</td><td>-7.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	38.00	-1.00	75.00	-2.50	112.00	-4.00	148.00	-5.50	185.00	-7.00
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																
0.00	0.00																
38.00	-1.00																
75.00	-2.50																
112.00	-4.00																
148.00	-5.50																
185.00	-7.00																
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 32 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 14 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10																	
Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.0 %																	



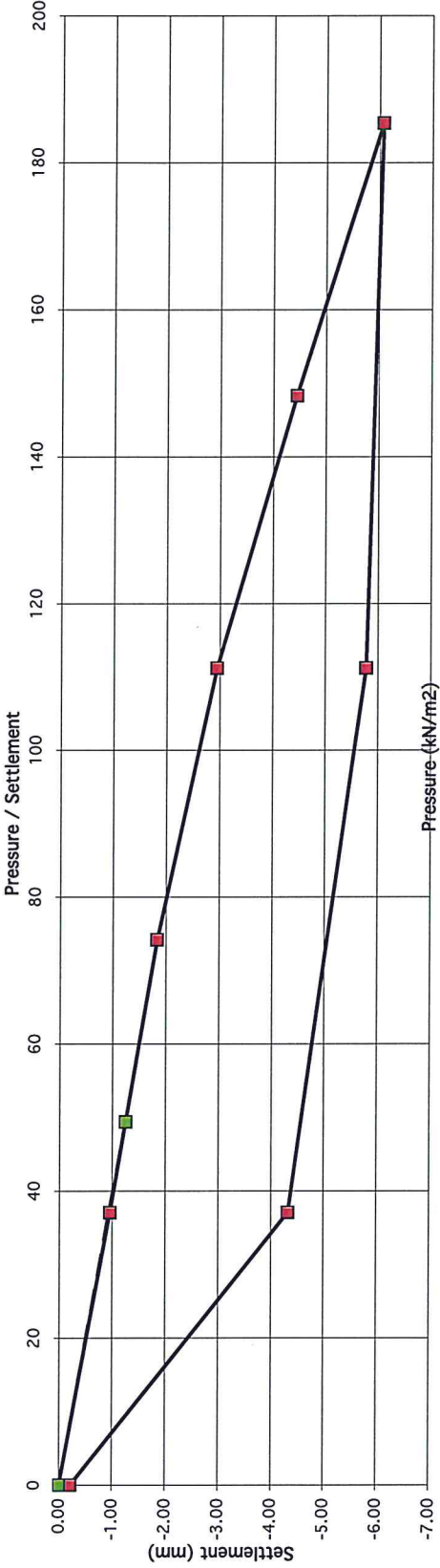

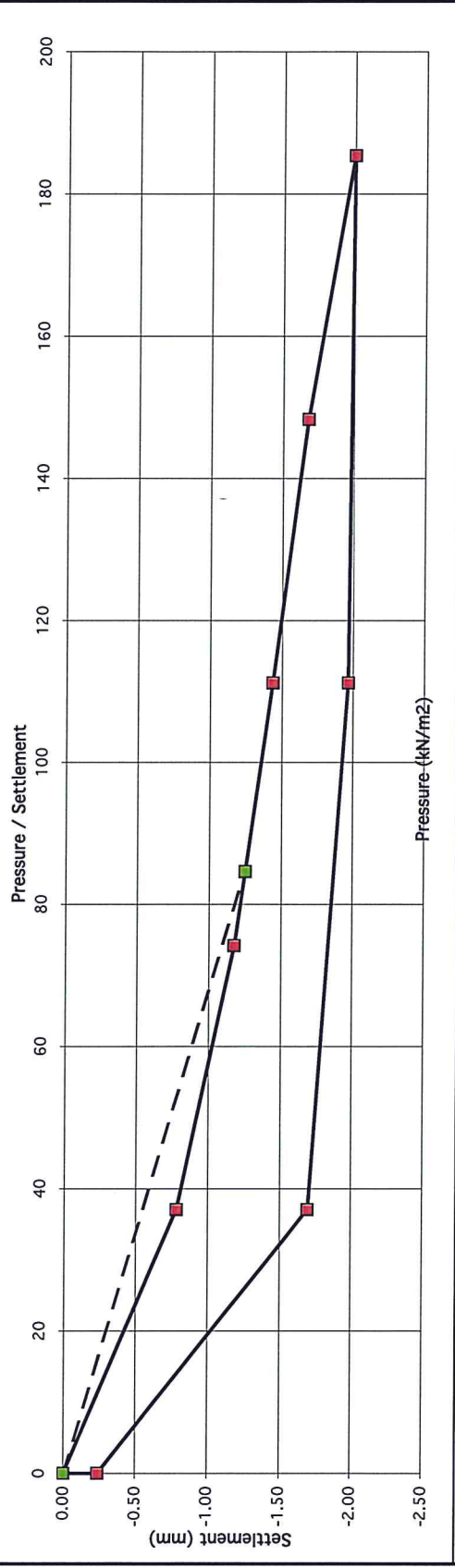
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																	
Reference No. R80208	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A																
Test No. CBR09_reload	Location 687803.717, 728468.047, 67.833			Depth 0.00 m bgl															
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	 																	
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test																		
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by																		
Date 19-06-17																			
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>1.00</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>2.00</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>3.00</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>4.00</td><td>-4.00</td></tr> <tr><td>6.00</td><td>-6.00</td></tr> <tr><td>18.46</td><td>-18.46</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	1.00	-1.00	2.00	-2.00	3.00	-3.00	4.00	-4.00	6.00	-6.00	18.46	-18.46
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																		
0.00	0.00																		
1.00	-1.00																		
2.00	-2.00																		
3.00	-3.00																		
4.00	-4.00																		
6.00	-6.00																		
18.46	-18.46																		
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 40 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 18 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10			Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.5 %																

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1) **Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve**

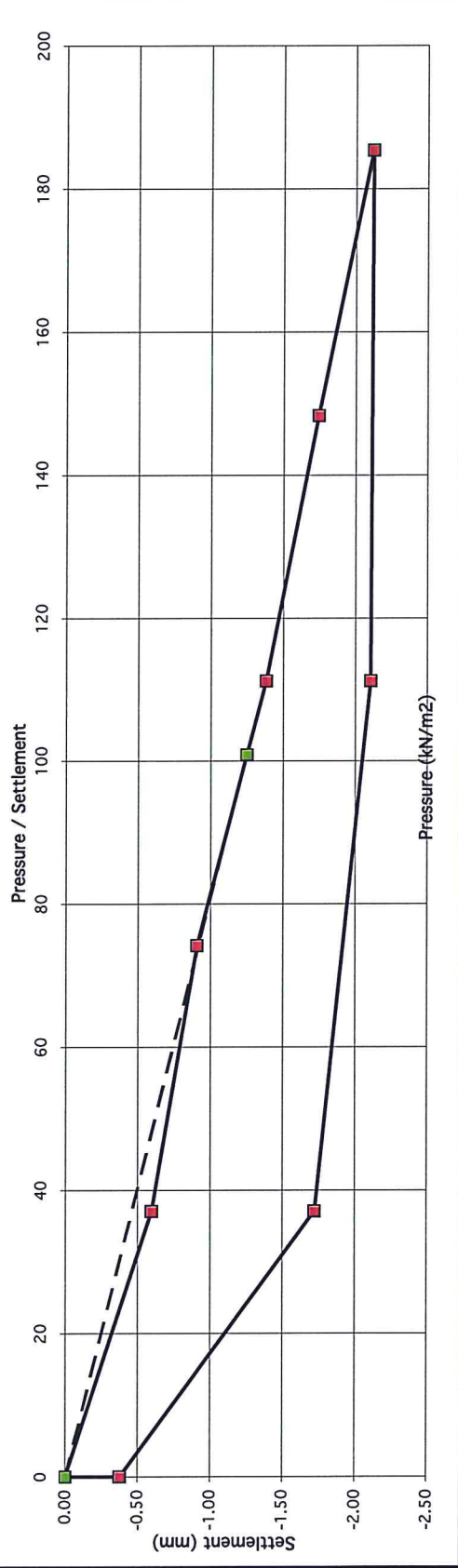
Reference No. R80211 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR10 Location 687877.151, 728463.847, 67.959 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by  Date 19-06-17	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 68
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 31 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.7 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80211	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR10 reload	Location 687877.151, 728463.847, 67.959		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	Depth 0.00	m bgl
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by L. Daniels		
Date 19-06-17			



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 81
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 37 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 5.0 %

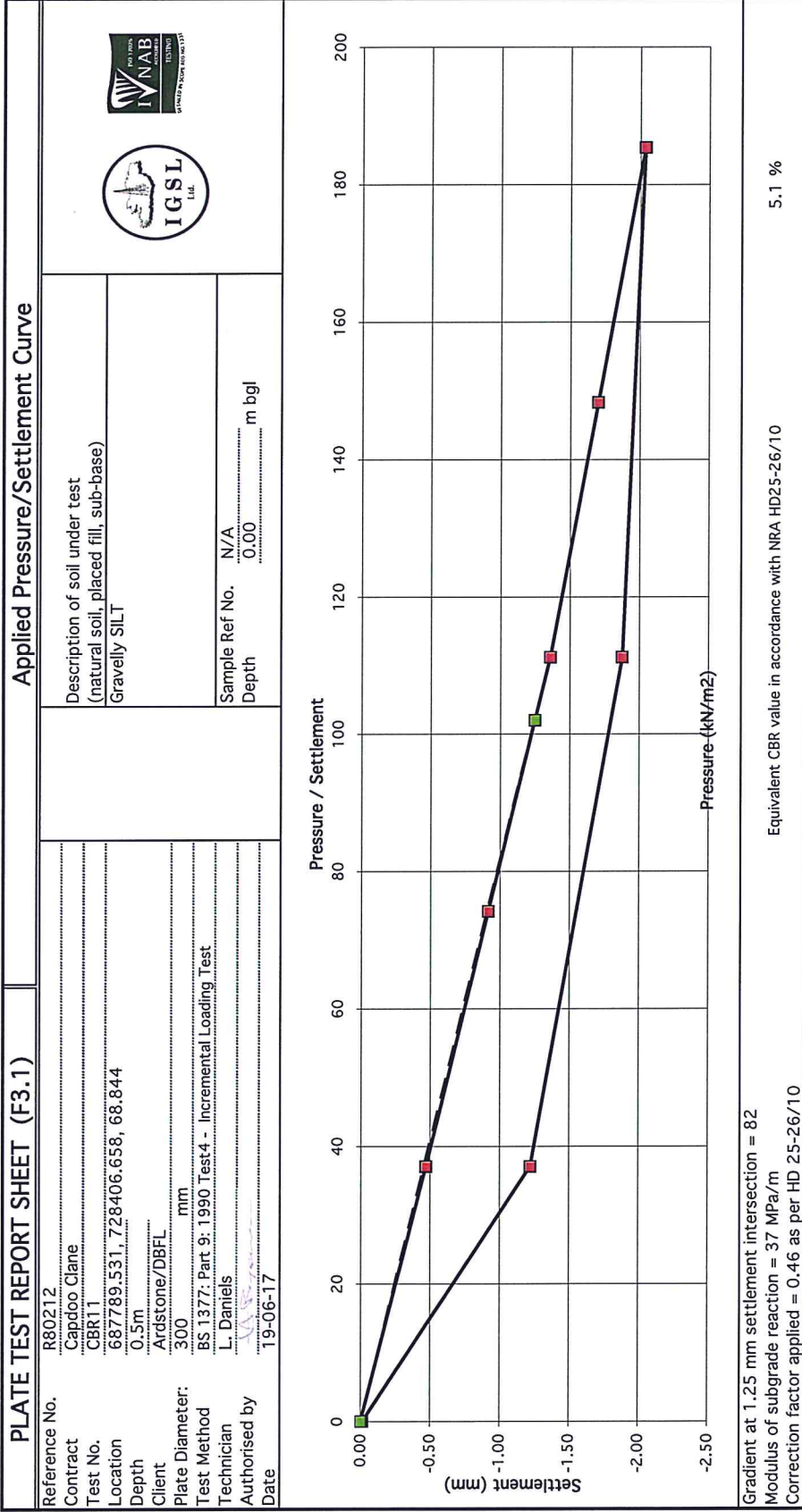



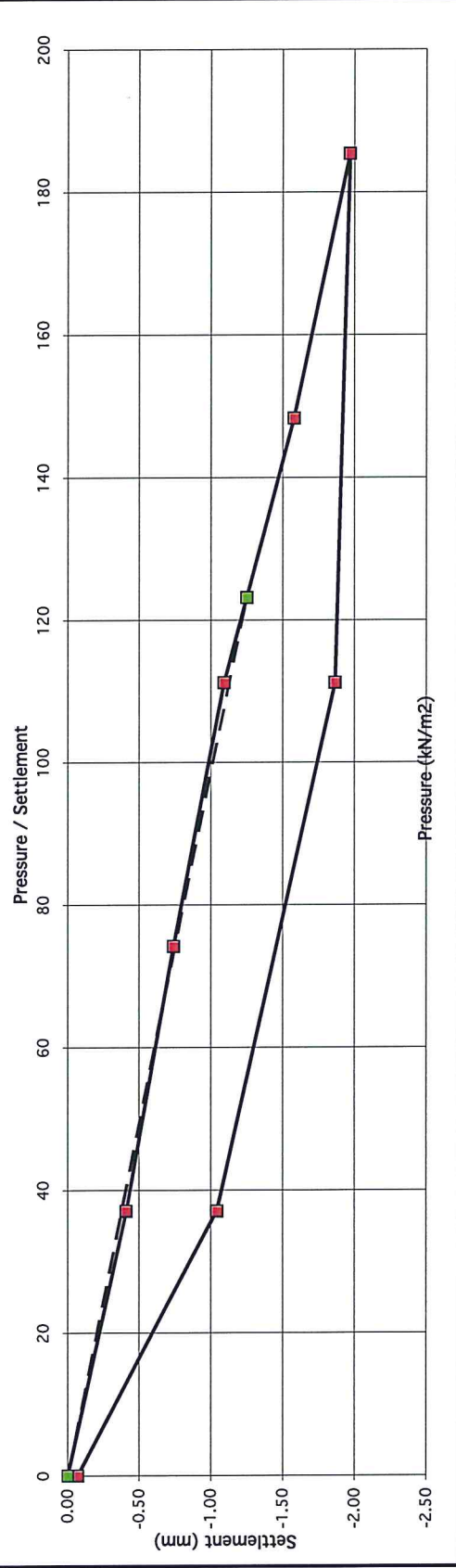


PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

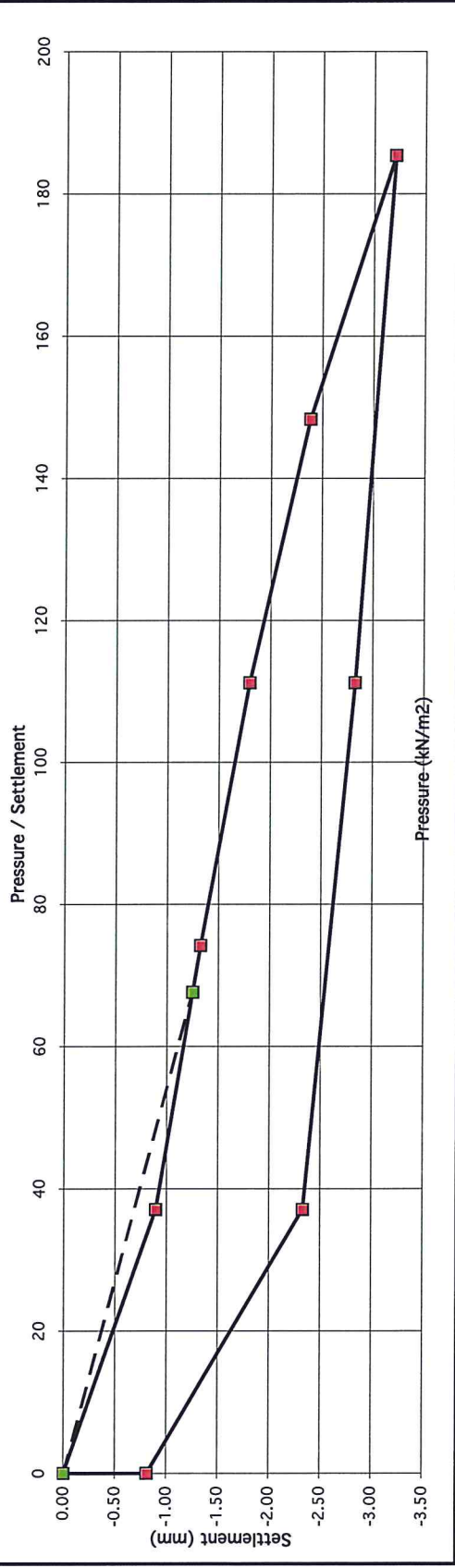
Reference No. R80208 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBRT1 reload Location 687789.531, 728406.658, 68.844 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS.1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by  Date 19-06-17	Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 99
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 45 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 7.1 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1) **Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve**

Reference No. R80213 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR12 Location 687730.464, 728407.565, 72.162 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i> Date 16-06-17	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 54
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 25 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10

2.5 %



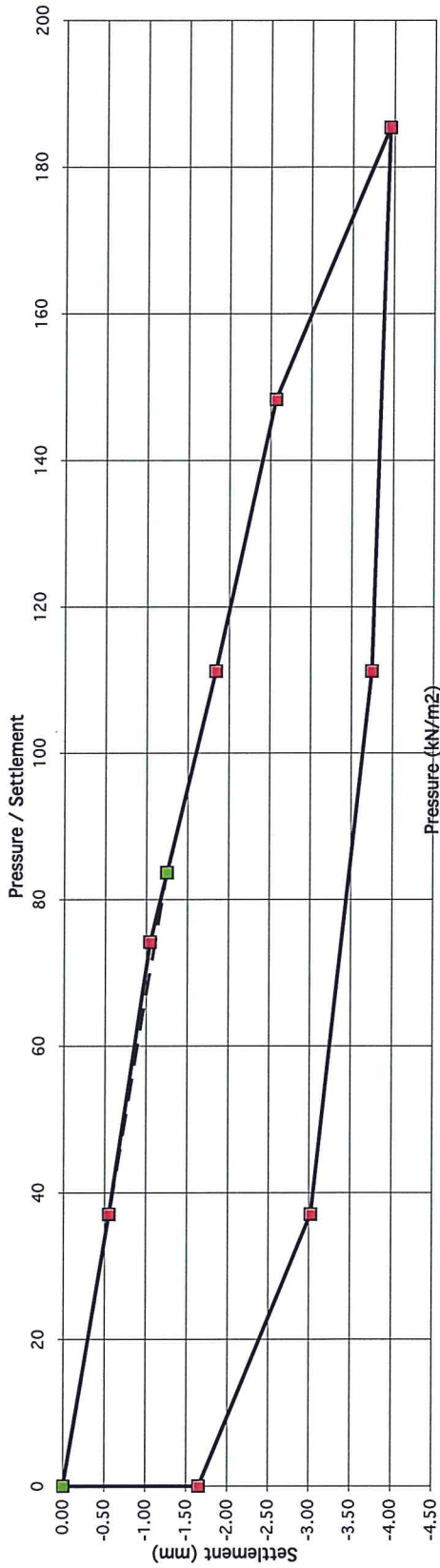
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																	
Reference No. R80213	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 																
Test No. CBR12 reload	Location 687730.464, 728407.565, 72.162																		
Location 687730.464, 728407.565, 72.162	Depth 0.5m	Sample Ref No. N/A	Depth 0.00 m bgl																
Client Ardstone/DBFL	Plate Diameter: 300 mm																		
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Technician L. Daniels																		
Authorised by L. Daniels	Date 16-06-17																		
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0 to -4.50) against Pressure / Settlement (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). The curve shows a non-linear relationship, starting at (0,0) and reaching approximately (185, -4.00). A tangent line is drawn at the 1.25 mm settlement point, intersecting the y-axis at -3.1 MPa/m.</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Approximate data points from the graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure / Settlement (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>35</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>75</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>110</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>150</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>185</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>185</td><td>-4.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure / Settlement (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0	0.00	35	-0.50	75	-1.00	110	-1.50	150	-2.00	185	-3.00	185	-4.00
Pressure / Settlement (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																		
0	0.00																		
35	-0.50																		
75	-1.00																		
110	-1.50																		
150	-2.00																		
185	-3.00																		
185	-4.00																		
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 67 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 31 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.6 %																	



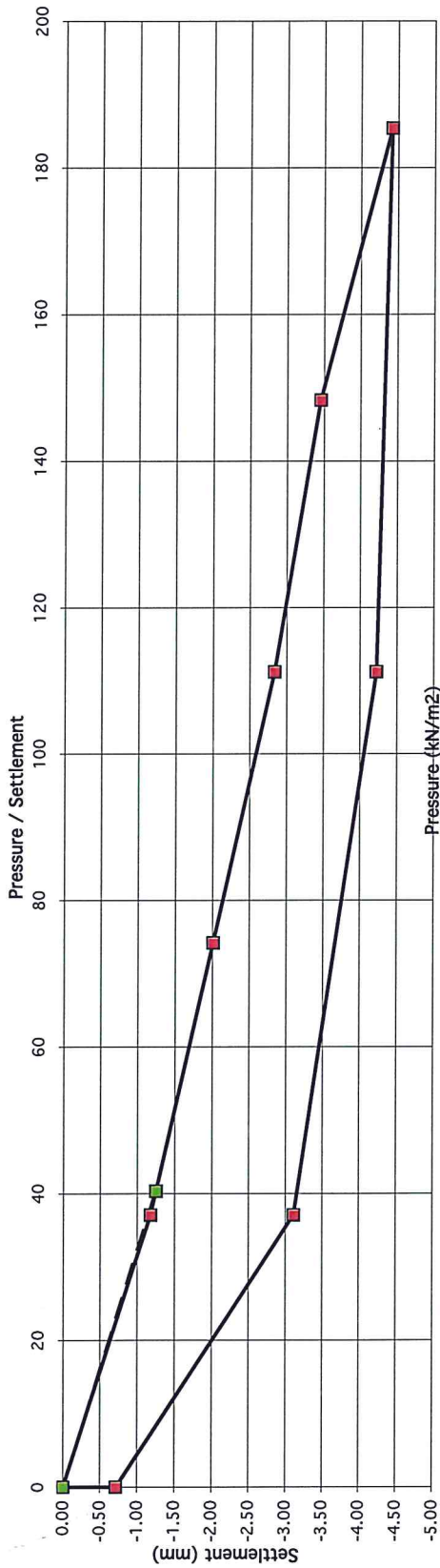


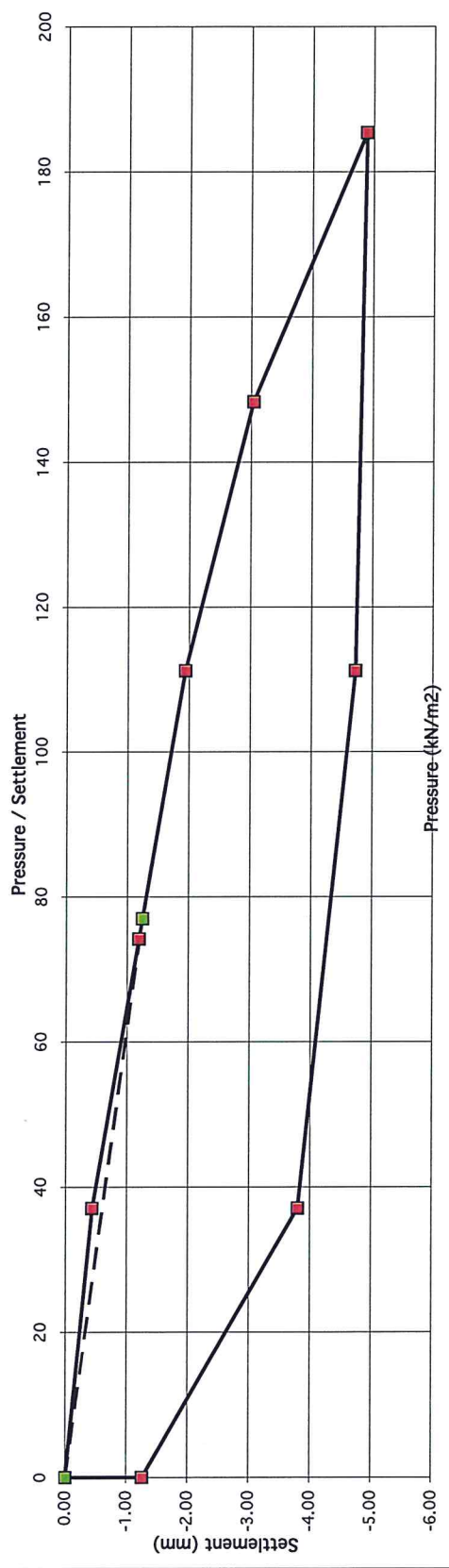
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																							
Reference No. R80214	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl																						
Test No. CBR13	Location 687654.908, 728465.015, 77.296																								
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	 																							
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test																								
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by L. Daniels																								
Date 16-06-17																									
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from the Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>0.50</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>1.00</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>1.50</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>2.00</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>2.50</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> <tr><td>3.00</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>3.50</td><td>-3.50</td></tr> <tr><td>4.00</td><td>-4.00</td></tr> <tr><td>4.50</td><td>-4.50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	0.50	-0.50	1.00	-1.00	1.50	-1.50	2.00	-2.00	2.50	-2.50	3.00	-3.00	3.50	-3.50	4.00	-4.00	4.50	-4.50
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																								
0.00	0.00																								
0.50	-0.50																								
1.00	-1.00																								
1.50	-1.50																								
2.00	-2.00																								
2.50	-2.50																								
3.00	-3.00																								
3.50	-3.50																								
4.00	-4.00																								
4.50	-4.50																								
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 32 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 15 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10			Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.0 %																						

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80214	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 
Test No. CBR13 reload	Location 687654.908, 728465.015, 77.296		
Location 0.5m	Depth Ardstone/DBFL	Sample Ref No. N/A	Depth 0.00 m bgl
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by L. Daniels		
Date 16-06-17			



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 62
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 28 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.1 %



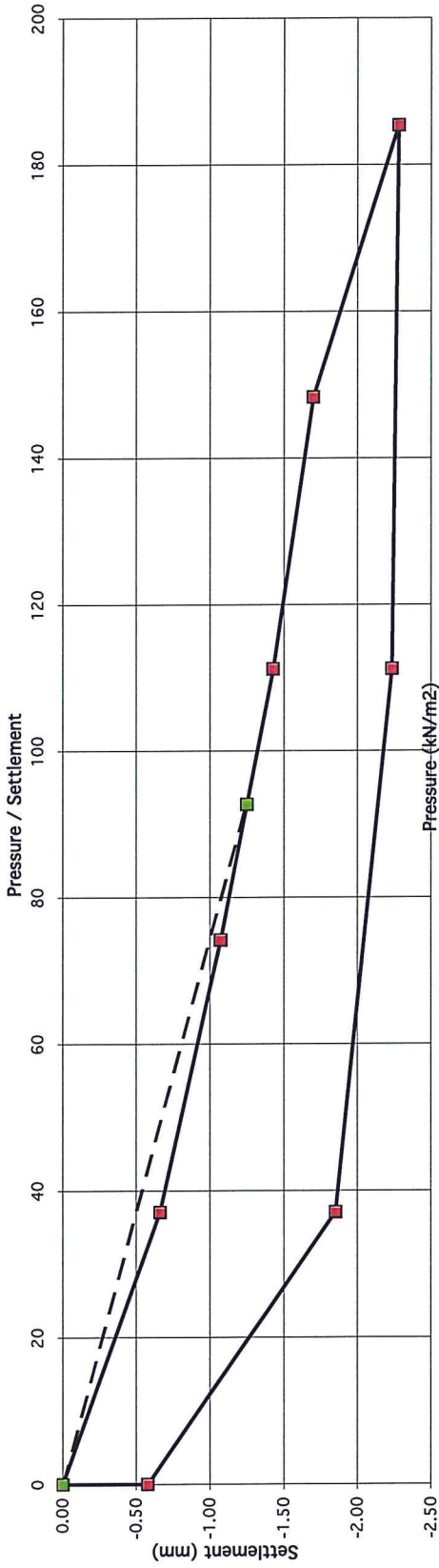
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																	
Reference No. R80215	Contract Capdoo Crane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 																
Test No. CBR15	Location 687603.611, 728372.394, 78.113																		
Location 687603.611, 728372.394, 78.113	Depth 0.5m	Sample Ref No. N/A	Depth 0.00 m bgl																
Client Ardstone/DBFL	Plate Diameter: 300 mm																		
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990, Test 4 - Incremental Loading Test	Technician L. Daniels																		
Authorised by L. Daniels	Date 19-06-17																		
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0.00 to -2.50) against Pressure (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). A dashed line shows the initial loading path, and a solid line shows the unloading path. The unloading path is linear, and its extension intersects the y-axis at 1.25 mm settlement.</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from the Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~10</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>~25</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~45</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>~110</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~150</td><td>-2.25</td></tr> <tr><td>~185</td><td>-2.40</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m²)	Settlement (mm)	0	0.00	~10	-0.50	~25	-1.00	~45	-1.50	~110	-2.00	~150	-2.25	~185	-2.40
Pressure (kN/m²)	Settlement (mm)																		
0	0.00																		
~10	-0.50																		
~25	-1.00																		
~45	-1.50																		
~110	-2.00																		
~150	-2.25																		
~185	-2.40																		
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 74 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 34 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 4.3 %																	

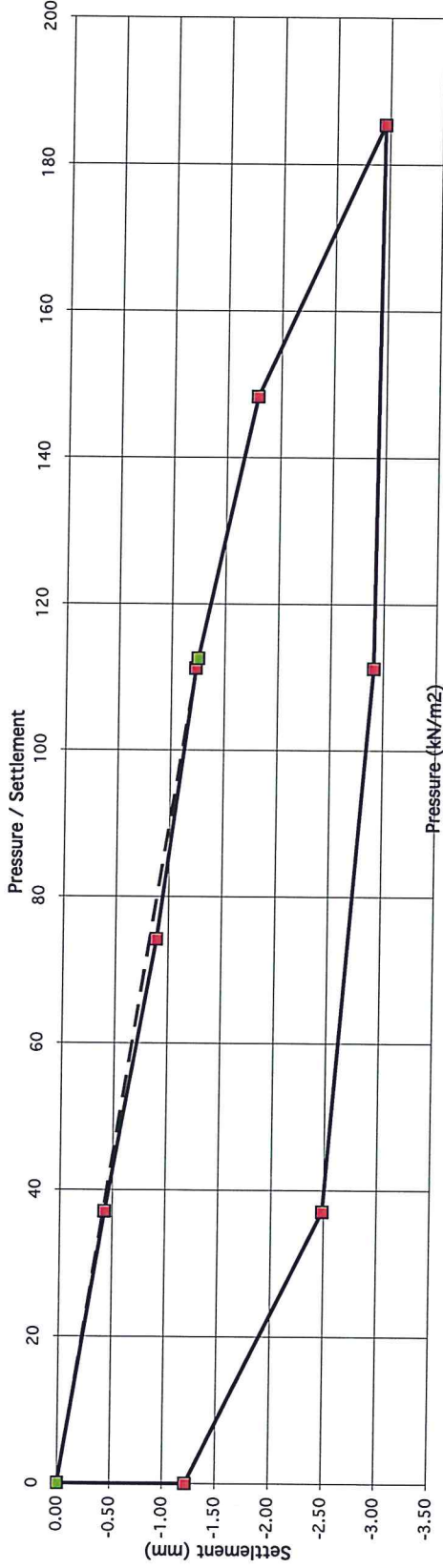
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve

Reference No. R80215
 Contract Capdoo Clane
 Test No. CBR15 reload
 Location 687603.611, 728372.394, 78.113
 Depth 0.5m
 Client Ardstone/DBFL
 Plate Diameter: 300 mm
 Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test
 Technician L. Daniels
 Authorised by [Signature]
 Date 19-06-17

Description of soil under test
 (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base)
 Gravely SILT

Sample Ref No. N/A
 Depth 0.00 m bgl



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement: intersection = 90
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 41 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10

6.1 %



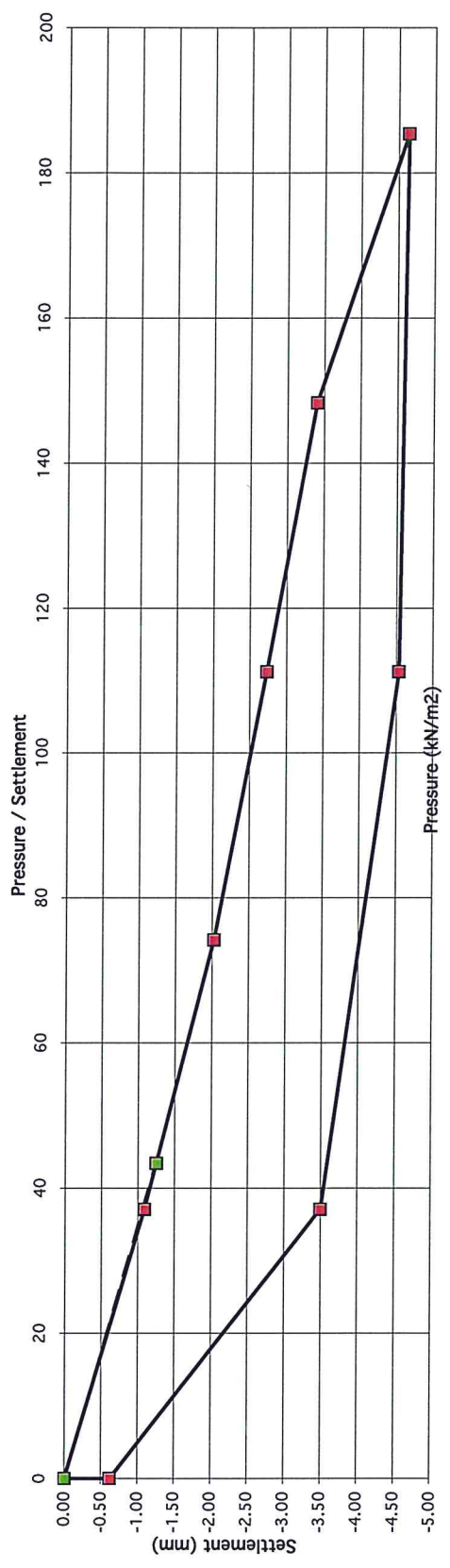
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																											
Reference No. R80216	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A																										
Test No. CBR16	Location 687648.389, 728374.574, 75.477																												
Location 0.5m	Depth Ardstone/DBFL	Sample Ref No. N/A	Depth 0.00 m bgl																										
Client Ardstone/DBFL	Plate Diameter: 300 mm																												
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Technician L. Daniels																												
Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i>	Date 19-06-17																												
		 																											
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-0.50</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-1.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-1.25</td><td>35.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-1.50</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-2.00</td><td>75.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-2.50</td><td>110.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-3.00</td><td>145.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-3.50</td><td>180.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-4.00</td><td>180.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-4.50</td><td>180.00</td></tr> <tr><td>-5.00</td><td>180.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Settlement (mm)	Pressure (kN/m²)	0.00	0.00	-0.50	0.00	-1.00	0.00	-1.25	35.00	-1.50	0.00	-2.00	75.00	-2.50	110.00	-3.00	145.00	-3.50	180.00	-4.00	180.00	-4.50	180.00	-5.00	180.00
Settlement (mm)	Pressure (kN/m²)																												
0.00	0.00																												
-0.50	0.00																												
-1.00	0.00																												
-1.25	35.00																												
-1.50	0.00																												
-2.00	75.00																												
-2.50	110.00																												
-3.00	145.00																												
-3.50	180.00																												
-4.00	180.00																												
-4.50	180.00																												
-5.00	180.00																												
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 35 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 16 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.2 %																											



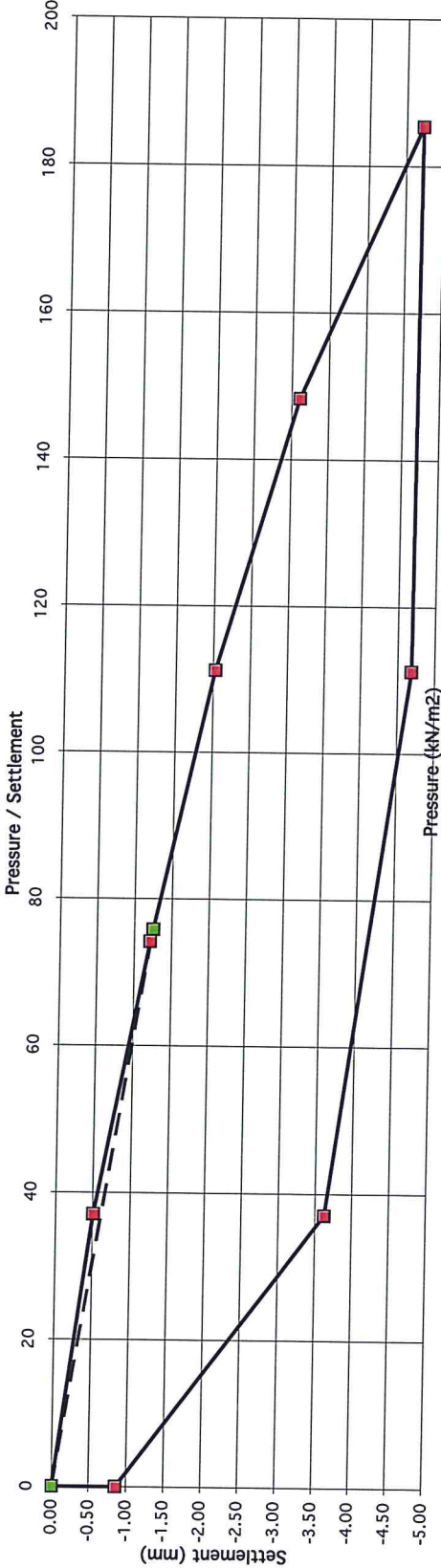
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80216	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR16 reload	Location 687648.389, 728374.574, 75.477		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	 	
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test 4		
Technician L. Daniels	Test Method Incremental Loading Test		
Authorised by AASE	Date 19-06-17		
			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 61 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 28 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.1 %	



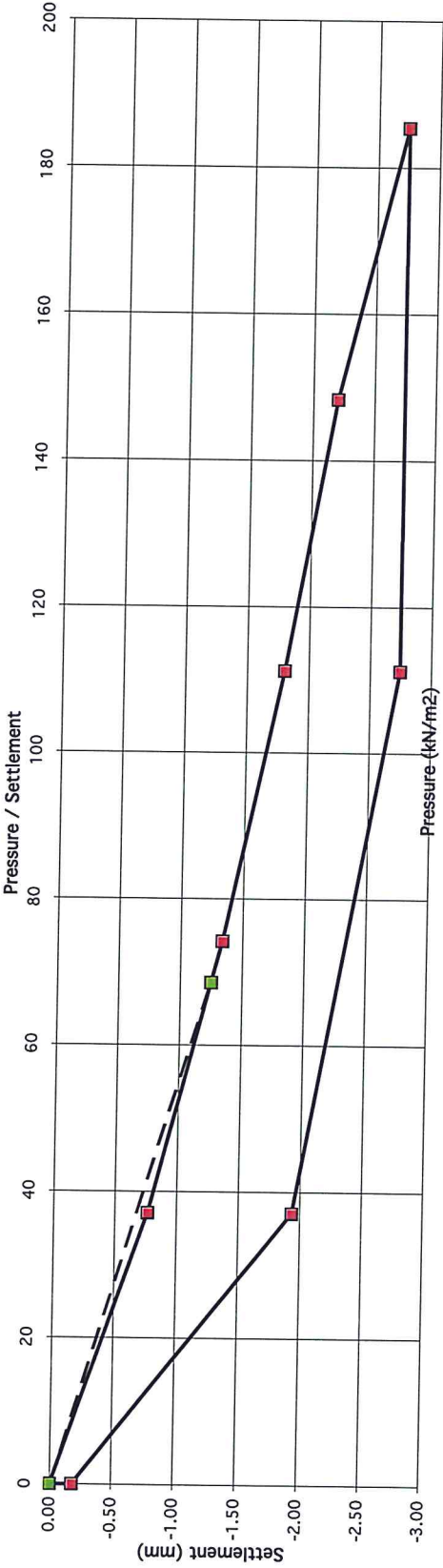
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																	
Reference No. R80217 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR17 Location 687599 217, 728320.626, 75.167 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by Date 19-06-17	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravely SILT	 	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl																
 <p style="text-align: center;">Pressure / Settlement</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Settlement (mm)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Pressure (kN/m²)</p> <table border="1" style="margin: 10px auto; border-collapse: collapse;"> <caption>Data points from the Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>0.50</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>1.00</td><td>-0.80</td></tr> <tr><td>1.50</td><td>-1.10</td></tr> <tr><td>2.00</td><td>-1.40</td></tr> <tr><td>2.50</td><td>-1.70</td></tr> <tr><td>3.00</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	0.50	-0.50	1.00	-0.80	1.50	-1.10	2.00	-1.40	2.50	-1.70	3.00	-2.00
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																		
0.00	0.00																		
0.50	-0.50																		
1.00	-0.80																		
1.50	-1.10																		
2.00	-1.40																		
2.50	-1.70																		
3.00	-2.00																		
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 55 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 25 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10																			
Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10			2.6 %																

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve															
Reference No. R80217	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A														
Test No. CBR17 reload	Location 687599.217, 728320.626, 75.167			Depth 0.00 m bgl													
Location 687599.217, 728320.626, 75.167	Depth 0.5m	IGSL Ltd.	INAB														
Client Ardstone/DBFL	Plate Diameter: 300 mm																
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Technician L Daniels	Applied Pressure / Settlement															
Authorised by <i>[Signature]</i>	Date 19-06-17	Pressure - (kN/m ²)															
		Settlement (mm)															
		<table border="1"> <caption>Data points from the Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>35</td><td>-0.35</td></tr> <tr><td>75</td><td>-0.75</td></tr> <tr><td>110</td><td>-1.10</td></tr> <tr><td>150</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>185</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>		Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	35	-0.35	75	-0.75	110	-1.10	150	-1.50	185	-2.50
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																
0.00	0.00																
35	-0.35																
75	-0.75																
110	-1.10																
150	-1.50																
185	-2.50																
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 85 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 39 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 5.5 %															



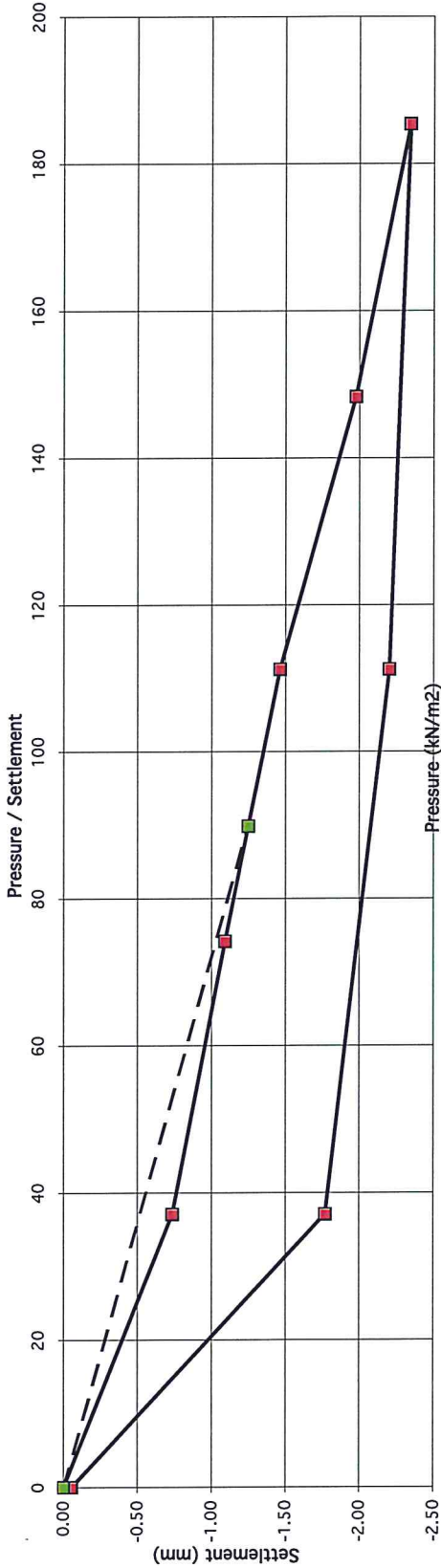
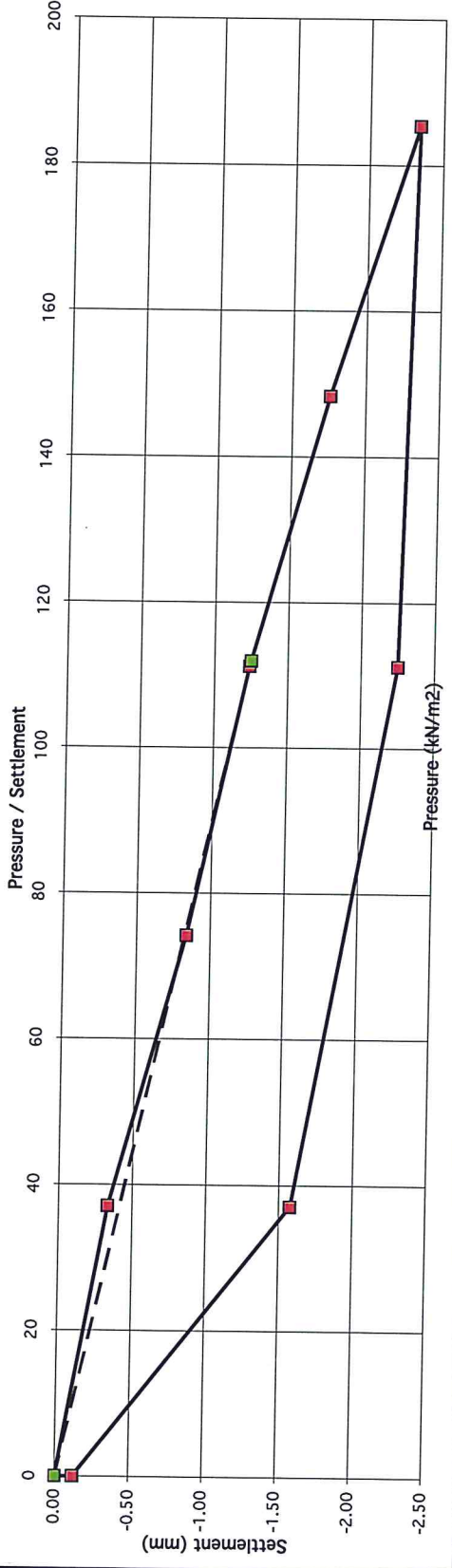
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. Contract Test No. Location Depth Client Plate Diameter: Test Method Technician Authorised by Date	R80218 Capdoo Clane CBR18 687662.505, 728326.399, 73.323 0.5m Ardstone/DBFL 300 mm BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test L. Daniels IGSL 19-06-17	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl
 			
			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 72 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 33 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10			
Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 4.1 %			




PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No.	R80218	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base)	Sample Ref No.
Contract	Capdoo Cjane		
Test No.	CBR18 reload	Gravelly SILT	Depth
Location	687662.505, 728326.399, 73.323		
Depth	0.5m		m bgl
Client	Ardistone/DBFL		
Plate Diameter:	300 mm		
Test Method	BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician	L. Daniels		
Authorised by			
Date	19-06-17		

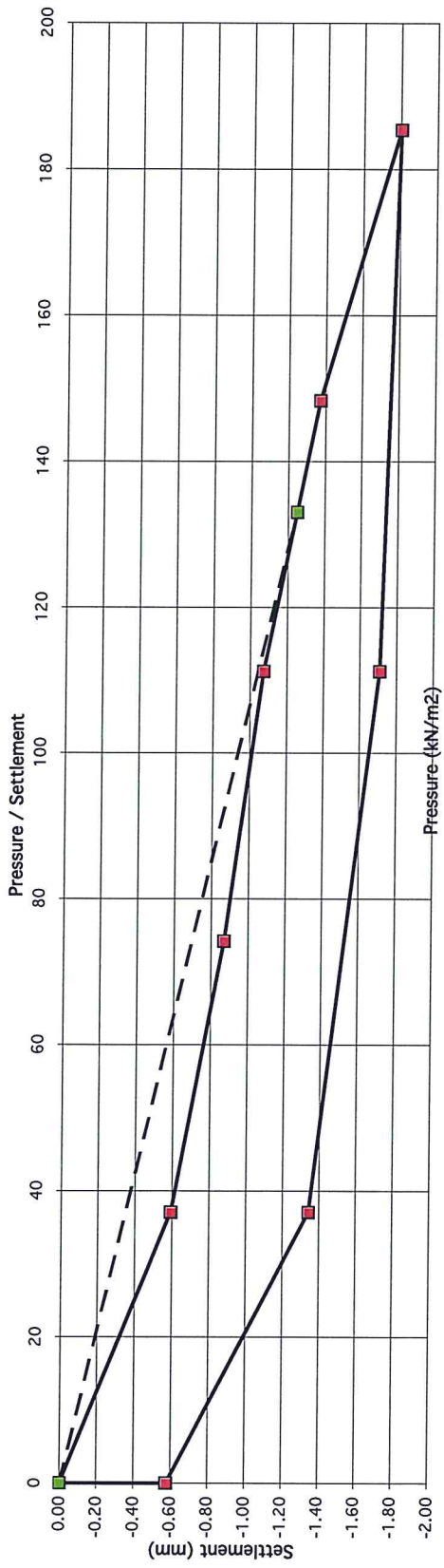


Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 90
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 41 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10

6.0 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No.	R80219	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base)	Sample Ref No. N/A
Contract	Capdoo Clane		
Test No.	CBR19	Gravelly SILT	Depth 0.00 m bgl
Location	687726.137, 728330.736, 71.323		
Depth	0.5m		
Client	Ardstone/DBFL		
Plate Diameter:	300 mm		
Test Method	BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician	L Daniels		
Authorised by			
Date	19-06-17		
 			



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 106
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 49 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 8.1 %



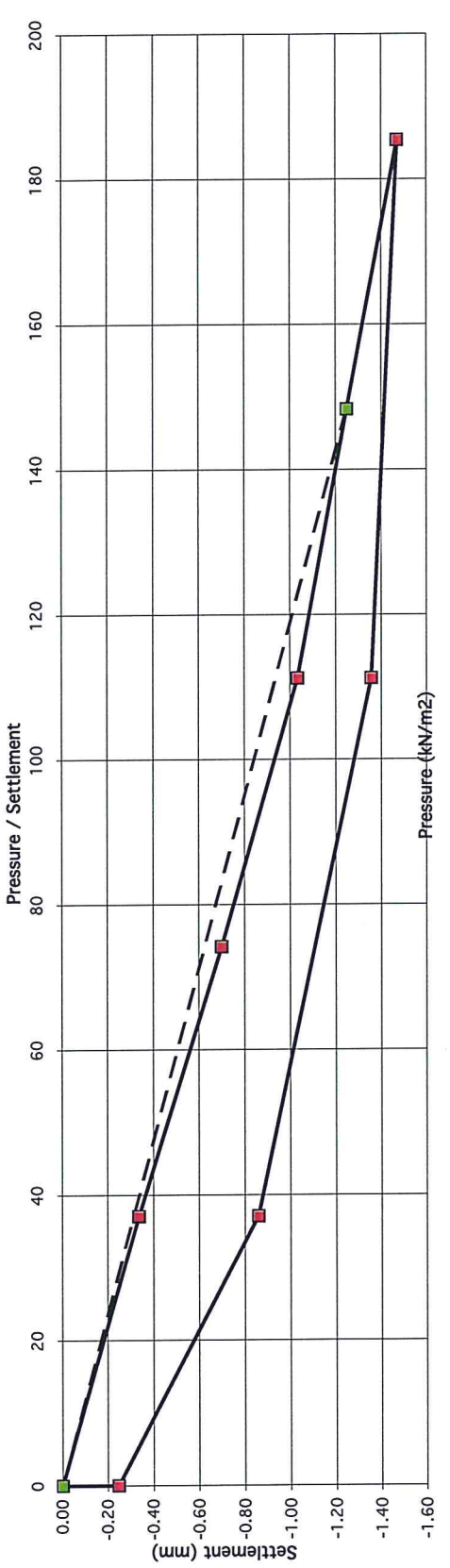
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80219	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl
Contract Capdoo Glane			
Test No. CBRT9 reload			
Location 687726, 137, 728330, 736, 71, 323			
Depth 0.5m			
Client Ardstone/DBFL			
Plate Diameter: 300 mm			
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test 4 - Incremental Loading Test			
Technician L. Daniels			
Authorised by [Signature]			
Date 19-06-17			
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0 to -1.60) against Pressure (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). A solid line shows the test data points, and a dashed line shows the theoretical curve. The data points are approximately: (0, 0), (10, -0.20), (30, -0.40), (70, -0.60), (100, -0.80), (110, -1.00), (140, -1.20), (180, -1.40).</p>			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 119 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 54 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 9.8 %	

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

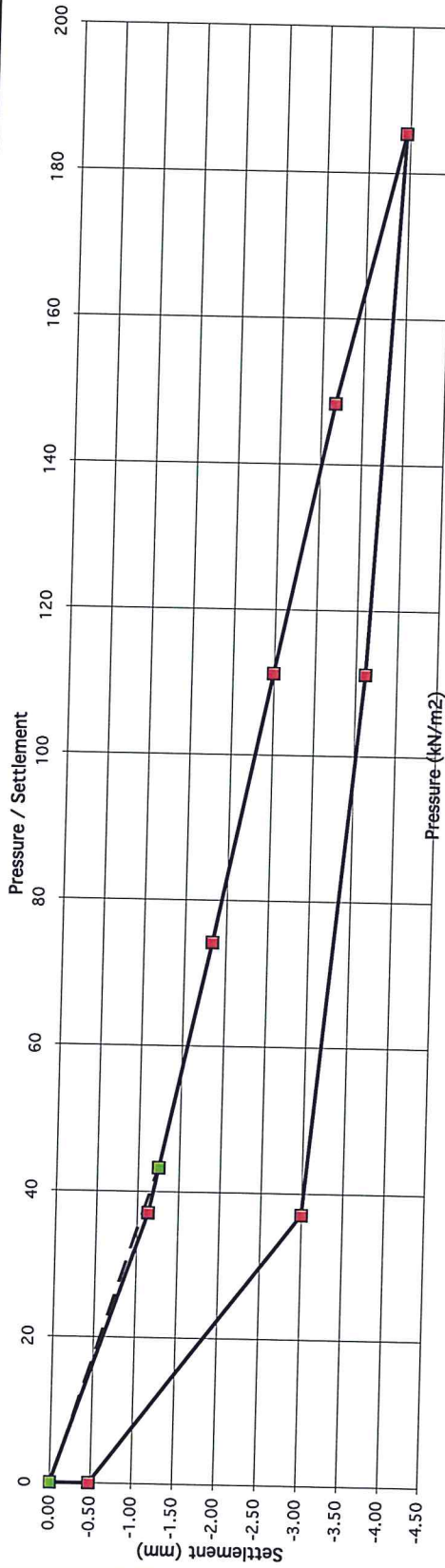
Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve

Reference No. R80220
 Contract Capdoo Clane
 Test No. CBR20
 Location 687776.122, 728319.541, 69.608
 Depth 0.5m
 Client Ardstone/DBFL
 Plate Diameter: 300 mm
 Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test 4 - Incremental Loading Test
 Technician L. Daniels
 Authorised by [Signature]
 Date 19-06-17

Description of soil under test
 (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base)
 Gravelly SILT



Sample Ref No. N/A
 Depth 0.00 m bgl



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 35
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 16 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10

1.2 %




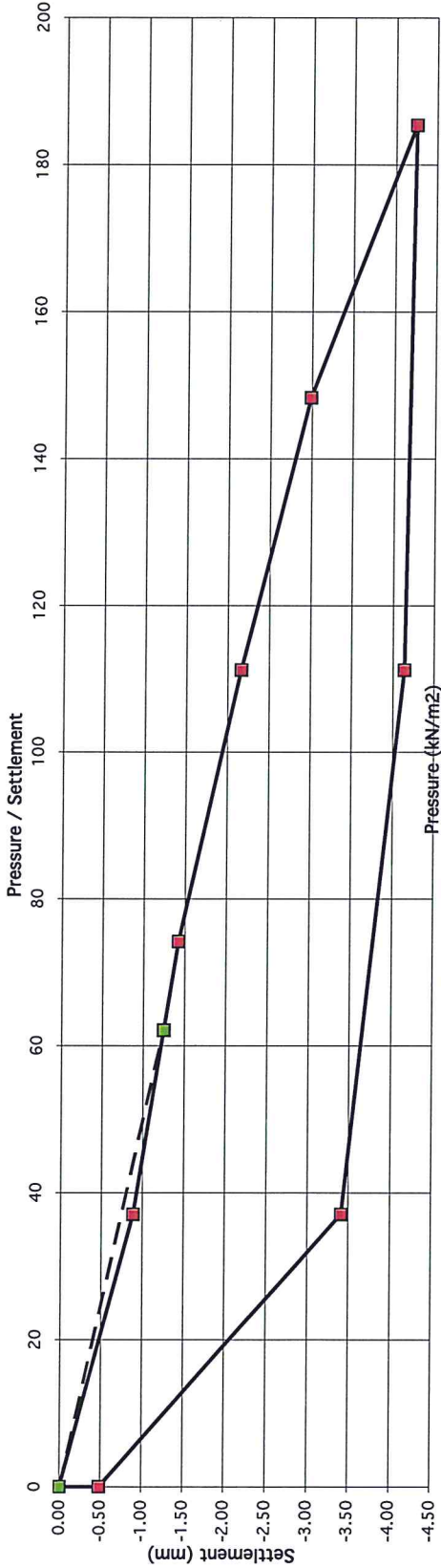

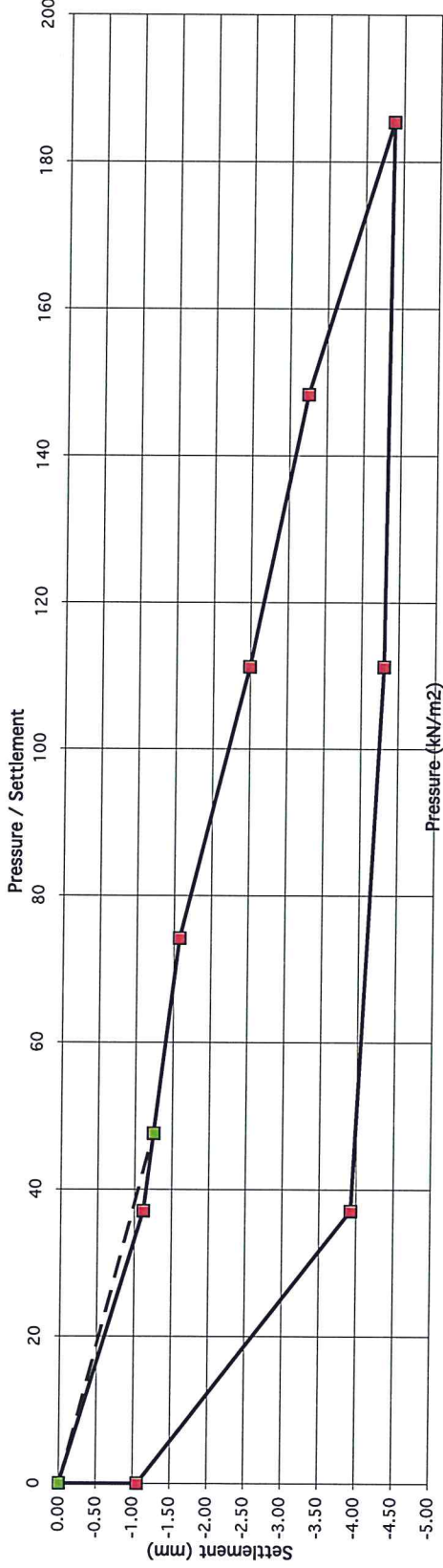
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																									
Reference No. R80220	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl																								
Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR20 reload Location 687776.122, 728319.541, 69.608 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by  Date 19-06-17																											
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from the Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>0.50</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>1.00</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>1.50</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>2.00</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>2.50</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> <tr><td>3.00</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>3.50</td><td>-3.50</td></tr> <tr><td>110.00</td><td>-3.50</td></tr> <tr><td>148.00</td><td>-3.50</td></tr> <tr><td>185.00</td><td>-4.50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	0.50	-0.50	1.00	-1.00	1.50	-1.50	2.00	-2.00	2.50	-2.50	3.00	-3.00	3.50	-3.50	110.00	-3.50	148.00	-3.50	185.00	-4.50
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																										
0.00	0.00																										
0.50	-0.50																										
1.00	-1.00																										
1.50	-1.50																										
2.00	-2.00																										
2.50	-2.50																										
3.00	-3.00																										
3.50	-3.50																										
110.00	-3.50																										
148.00	-3.50																										
185.00	-4.50																										
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 50 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 23 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 2.2 %																									



PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

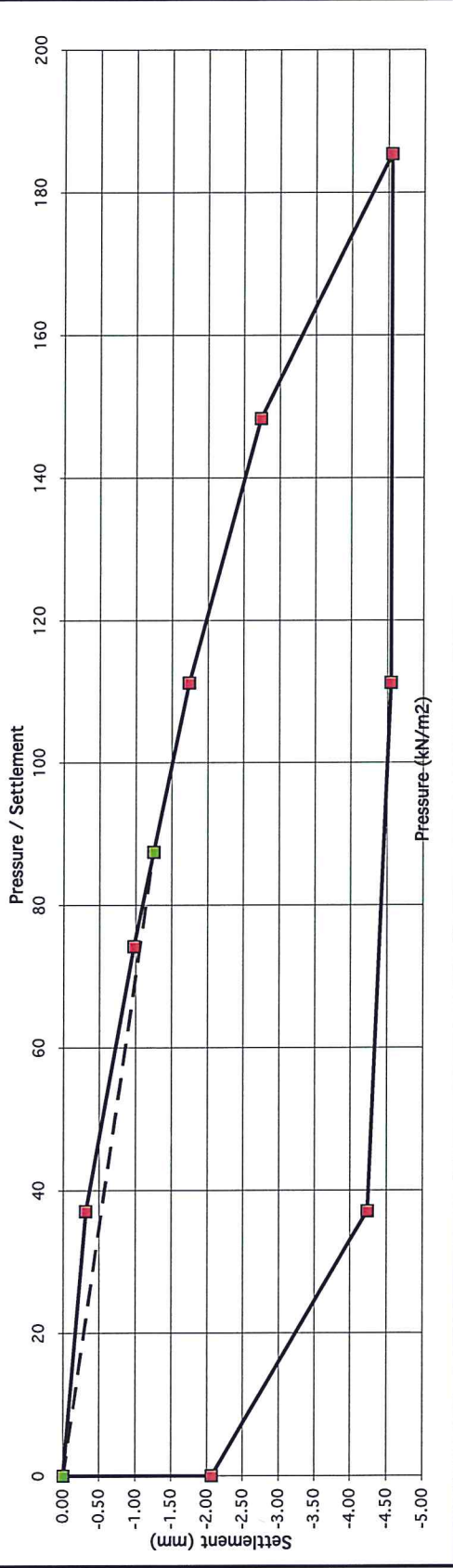
Reference No. R80221 Contract Capdoo Ciane Test No. CBR21 Location 687588.623, 728231.419, 73.716 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by  Date 19-06-17	<p align="center">Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</p> Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT <div style="text-align: right; margin-top: 20px;"> Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl </div>
-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------





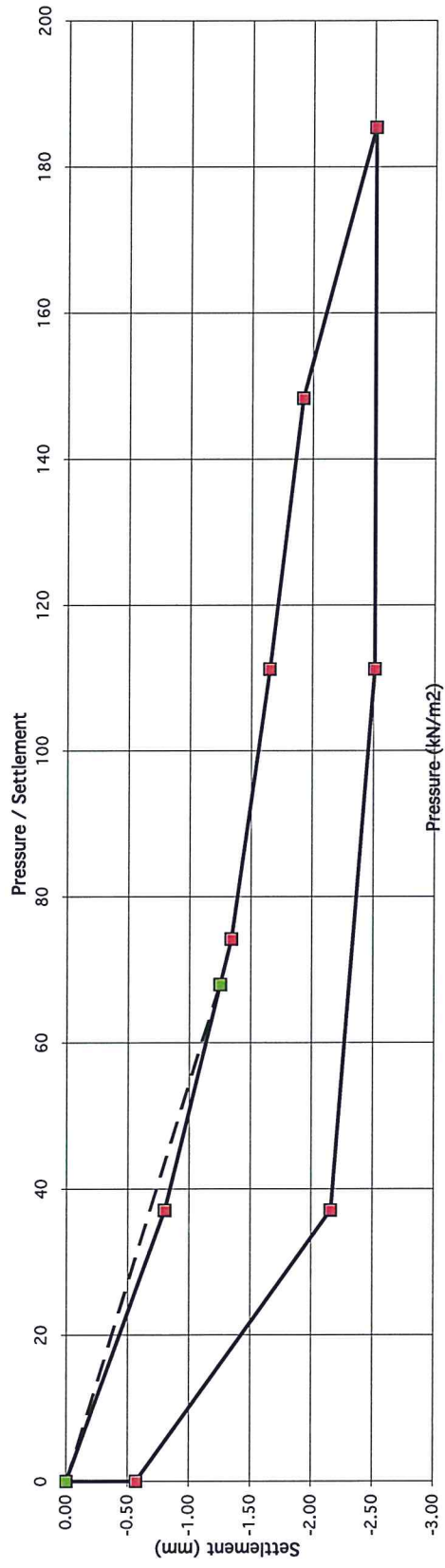
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 38
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 17 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.4 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Reference No. R80221 Contract Capdoo Clane Test No. CBR21 reload Location 687588.623, 728231.419, 73.716 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by Date 19-06-17	Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 70
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 32 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10
 Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 3.9 %

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80222	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR22	Location 687577.681, 728212.567, 74.216		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	 	
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Technician L. Daniels		
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i>		
Date 19-06-17			
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0.00 to -3.00) against Pressure / Settlement (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). A solid line with red square markers shows the test data points, and a dashed line shows the theoretical curve. The data points are approximately: (0, 0), (25, -0.5), (35, -1.0), (70, -1.5), (110, -2.0), (150, -2.5), (185, -3.0).</p>			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 54 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 25 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 2.5 %	

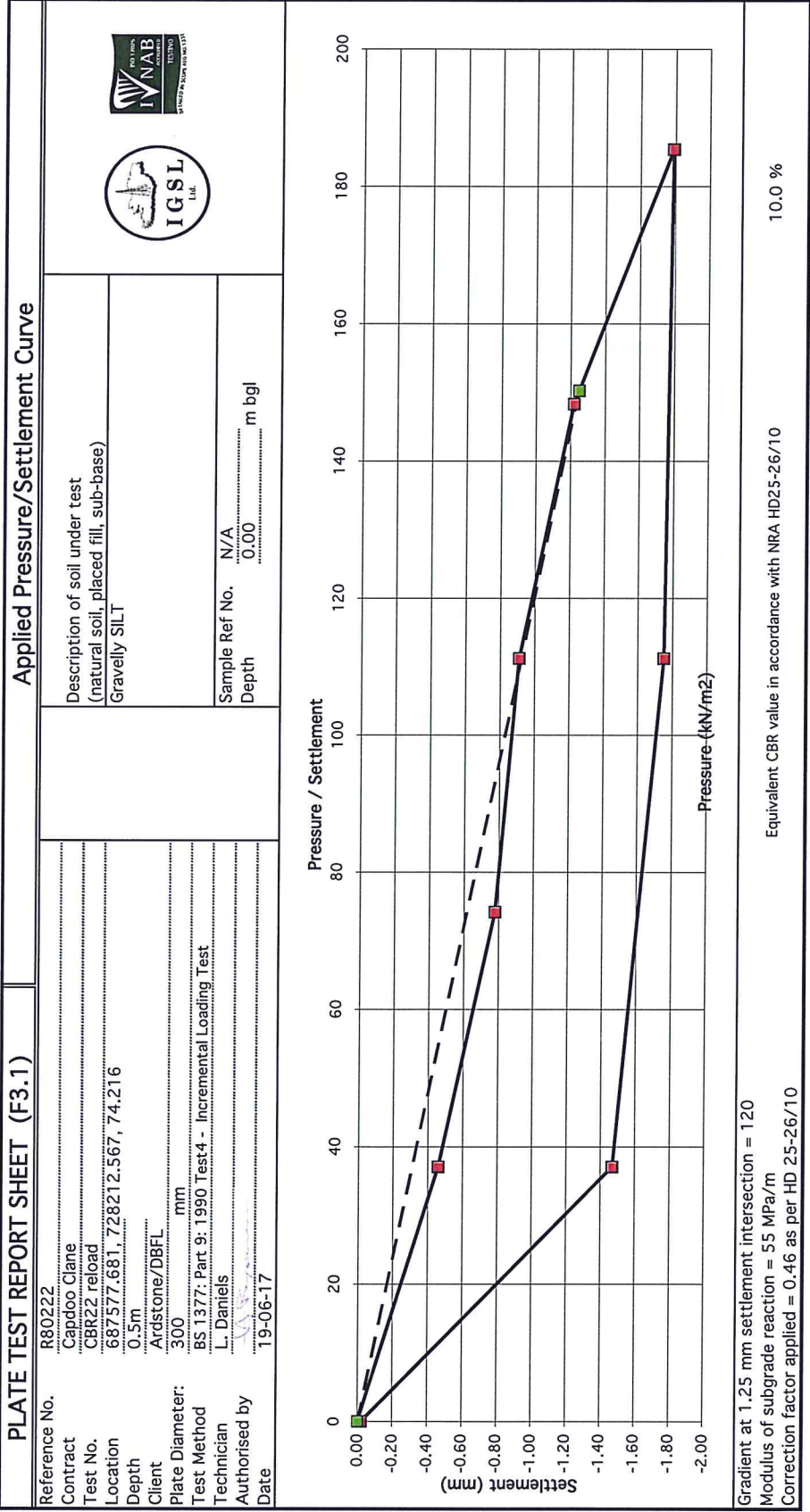


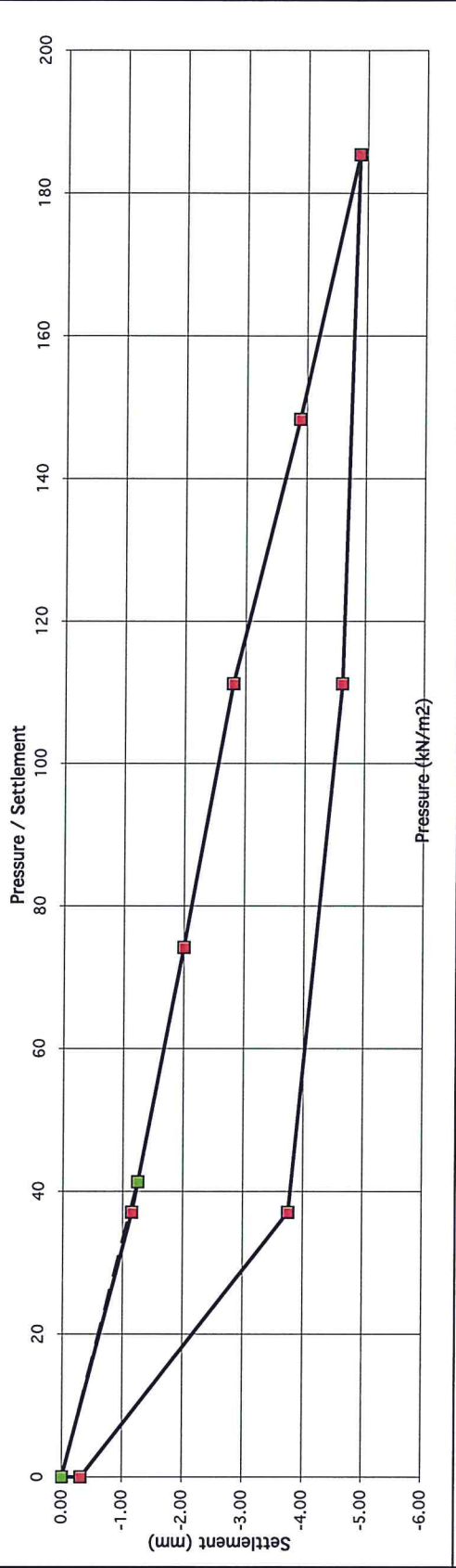


PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)

Reference No. R80223 Contract Capdoos Clane Test No. CBR23 Location 687718.138, 728235.801, 71.321 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i> Date 19-06-17	Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 33
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 15 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 **1.1 %**



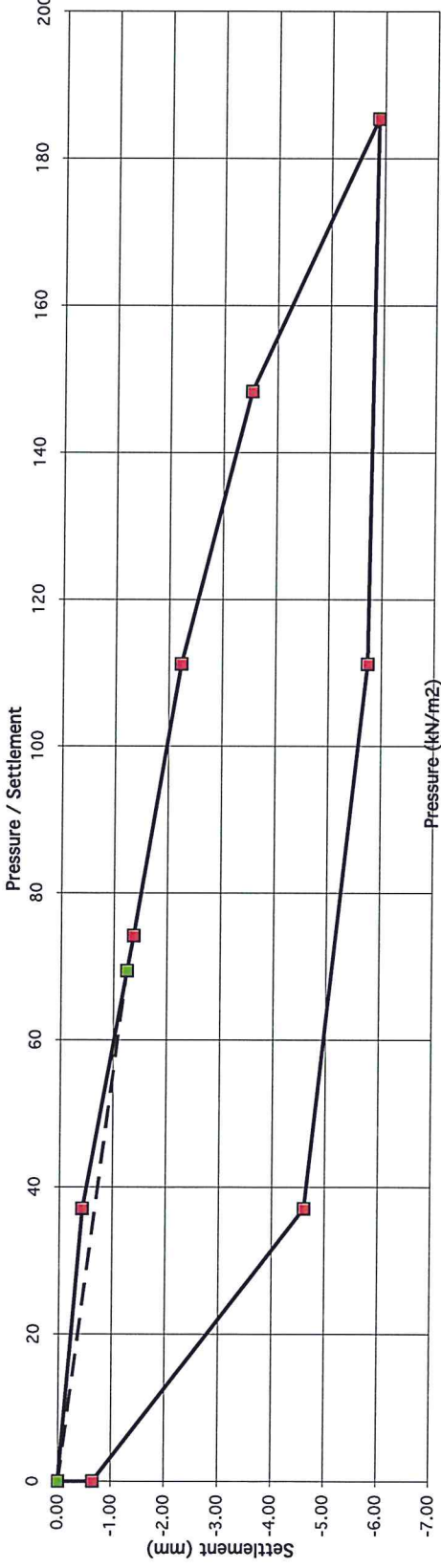
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80223	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl
Contract Capdoo Glane			
Test No. CBR23 reload			
Location 687718.138, 728235.801, 71.321			
Depth 0.5m			
Client Ardstone/DBFL			
Plate Diameter: 300 mm			
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test			
Technician L. Daniels			
Authorised by L. Daniels			
Date 19-06-17			
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0 to -7.00) against Pressure (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). A solid line with red square markers shows the test data points, and a dashed line shows the theoretical curve. The data points are approximately: (0, 0), (35, -0.5), (70, -1.0), (110, -1.5), (145, -2.0), (185, -2.5).</p>			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 56 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 25 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 2.6 %	



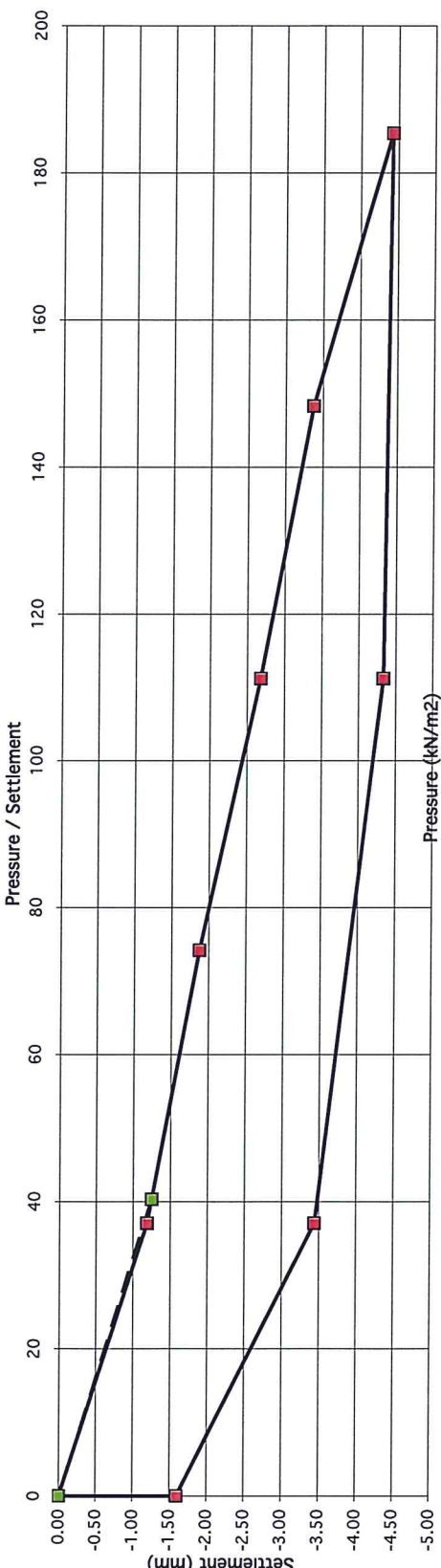
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																			
Reference No. R80224	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	 	Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl																		
Contract Capdoo Clane CBR24																					
Test No. 687676.704, 728195.476, 73.912																					
Location 0.5m																					
Depth Ardstone/DBFL																					
Plate Diameter: 300 mm																					
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test																					
Technician L. Daniels																					
Authorised by NAAS																					
Date 19-06-17																					
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0 to -5.00) against Pressure / Settlement (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). The curve shows a non-linear relationship, starting at (0,0) and reaching approximately (185, -4.5). Key data points are marked with red squares.</p> <table border="1"> <caption>Key Data Points from Graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~10</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>~20</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~35</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>~75</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~110</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> <tr><td>~150</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>~185</td><td>-4.50</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0	0.00	~10	-0.50	~20	-1.00	~35	-1.50	~75	-2.00	~110	-2.50	~150	-3.00	~185	-4.50
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																				
0	0.00																				
~10	-0.50																				
~20	-1.00																				
~35	-1.50																				
~75	-2.00																				
~110	-2.50																				
~150	-3.00																				
~185	-4.50																				
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 32 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 15 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10		Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.0 %																			



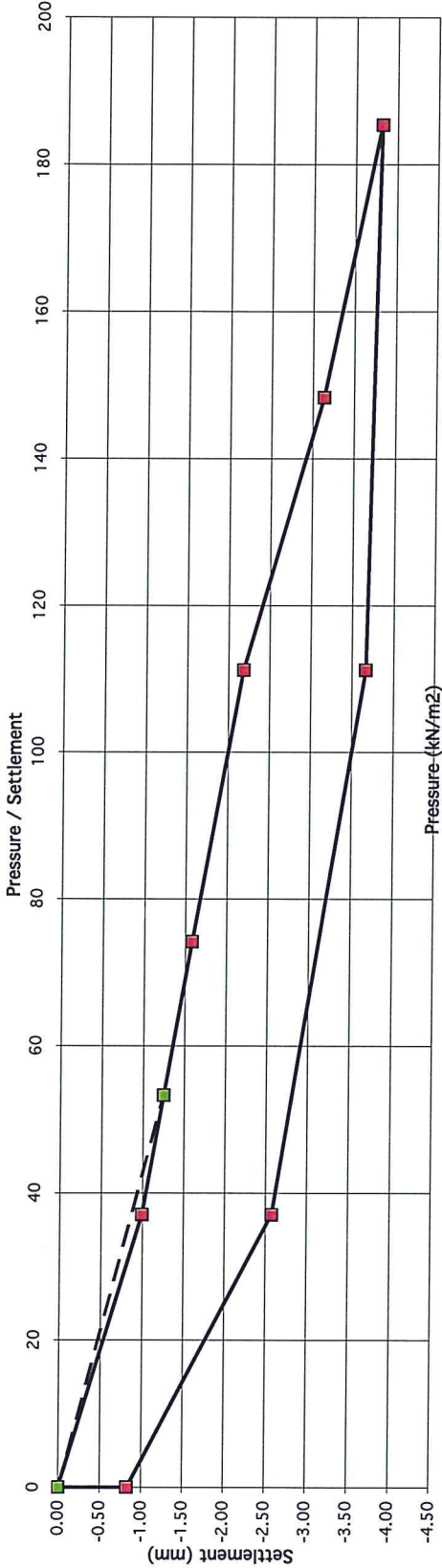
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80224 Contract Capdoo Glane Test No. CBR24 reload Location 687676.704, 728195.476, 73.912 Depth 0.5m Client Ardstone/DBFL Plate Diameter: 300 mm Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test Technician L. Daniels Authorised by Date 19-06-17	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT Sample Ref No. N/A Depth 0.00 m bgl	 	
 <p>The graph plots Settlement (mm) on the y-axis (0.00 to -4.50) against Pressure / Settlement (kN/m²) on the x-axis (0 to 200). A solid line shows the test data points, and a dashed line shows the gradient at 1.25 mm settlement. The data points are approximately: (0, 0), (35, -1.0), (75, -1.5), (110, -2.0), (148, -2.5), (185, -3.0), (185, -4.0).</p>			
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 43 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 19 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10			
Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.7 %			



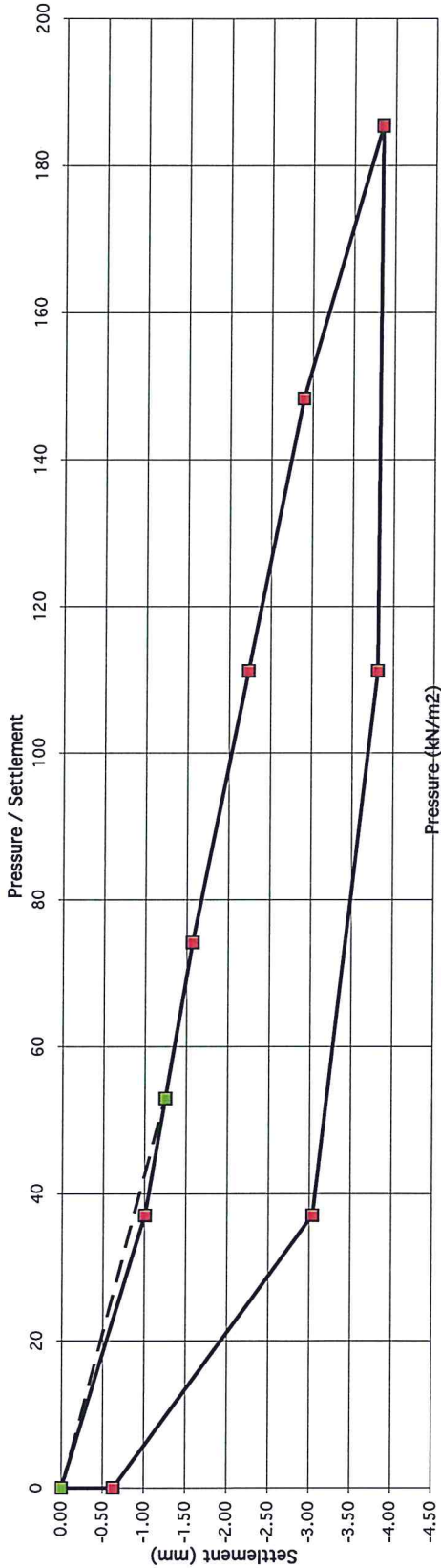
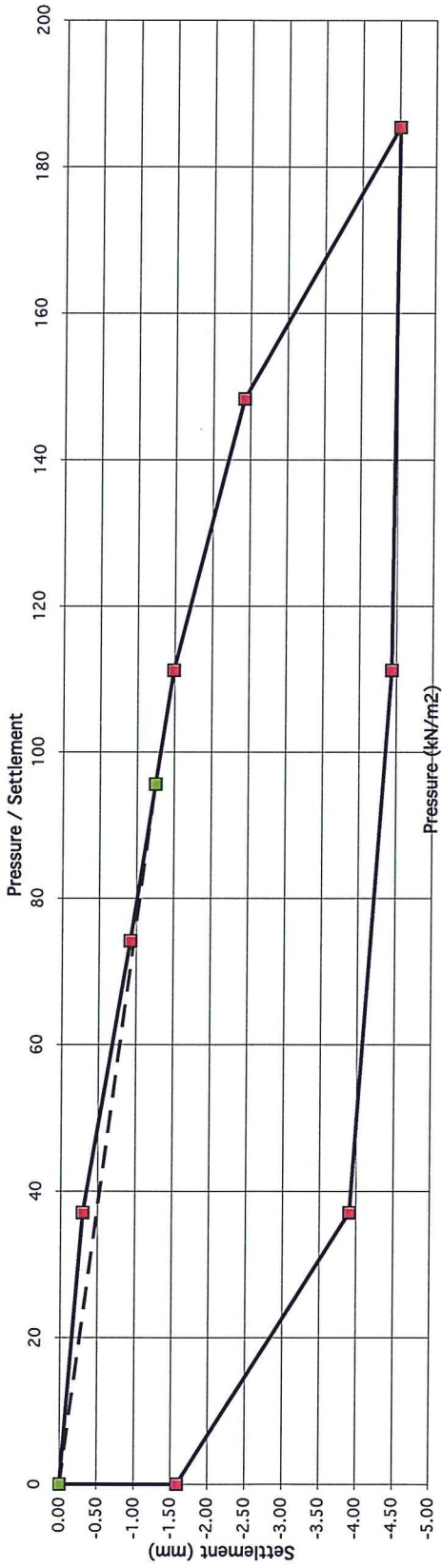
PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve																					
Reference No. R80225	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A																				
Test No. CBR25	Location See map			Depth 0.00 m bgl																			
Location 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	 																					
Depth 300 mm	Plate Diameter: 300 mm																						
Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test	Technician L. Daniels																						
Authorised by L. Daniels	Date 16-06-17																						
 <table border="1"> <caption>Data points from Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure (kN/m²)</th> <th>Settlement (mm)</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0.00</td><td>0.00</td></tr> <tr><td>0.50</td><td>-0.50</td></tr> <tr><td>1.00</td><td>-1.00</td></tr> <tr><td>1.50</td><td>-1.50</td></tr> <tr><td>2.00</td><td>-2.00</td></tr> <tr><td>2.50</td><td>-2.50</td></tr> <tr><td>3.00</td><td>-3.00</td></tr> <tr><td>3.50</td><td>-3.50</td></tr> <tr><td>4.00</td><td>-4.00</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)	0.00	0.00	0.50	-0.50	1.00	-1.00	1.50	-1.50	2.00	-2.00	2.50	-2.50	3.00	-3.00	3.50	-3.50	4.00	-4.00
Pressure (kN/m ²)	Settlement (mm)																						
0.00	0.00																						
0.50	-0.50																						
1.00	-1.00																						
1.50	-1.50																						
2.00	-2.00																						
2.50	-2.50																						
3.00	-3.00																						
3.50	-3.50																						
4.00	-4.00																						
Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 42 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 19 MPa/m Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10			Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10 1.6 %																				

PLATE TEST REPORT SHEET (F3.1)		Applied Pressure/Settlement Curve	
Reference No. R80225	Contract Capdoo Clane	Description of soil under test (natural soil, placed fill, sub-base) Gravelly SILT	Sample Ref No. N/A
Test No. CBR25 reload	Location 687631.745, 728185.586, 75.104		
Depth 0.5m	Client Ardstone/DBFL	Depth 0.00 m bgl
Plate Diameter: 300 mm	Test Method BS 1377: Part 9: 1990 Test4 - Incremental Loading Test		
Technician L. Daniels	Authorised by <i>L. Daniels</i>		
Date 16-06-17			



Gradient at 1.25 mm settlement intersection = 77
 Modulus of subgrade reaction = 35 MPa/m
 Correction factor applied = 0.46 as per HD 25-26/10

Equivalent CBR value in accordance with NRA HD25-26/10

4.6 %

Appendix V BRE Digest 365 Tests

Soakaway

IGSL

Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 Test No. IT04
 Client Ardstone/DBFL
 Date: 21/06/2017

Contract No. 20159

Summary of ground conditions

from	to	Description	Ground water
0.00	0.50	TOPSOIL	
0.50	1.90	Grey slightly silty fine to coarse SAND	
1.90	2.50	Grey gravelly moderately cobbly fine to coarse SAND	

Notes: Location: 687749.826, 728441.334, 71.325

Field Data

Depth to Water (m)	Elapsed Time (min)
1.38	0.00
1.39	1.00
1.40	2.00
1.41	3.00
1.43	4.00
1.45	5.00
1.46	6.00
1.48	7.00
1.49	8.00
1.49	9.00
1.50	10.00
1.53	15.00
1.55	20.00
1.68	40.00
1.80	60.00
1.90	90.00

Field Test

Depth of Pit (D) = 2.50 m
 Width of Pit (B) = 0.40 m
 Length of Pit (L) = 2.10 m

Initial depth to Water = 1.38 m
 Final depth to water = 1.90 m
 Elapsed time (mins) = 90.00

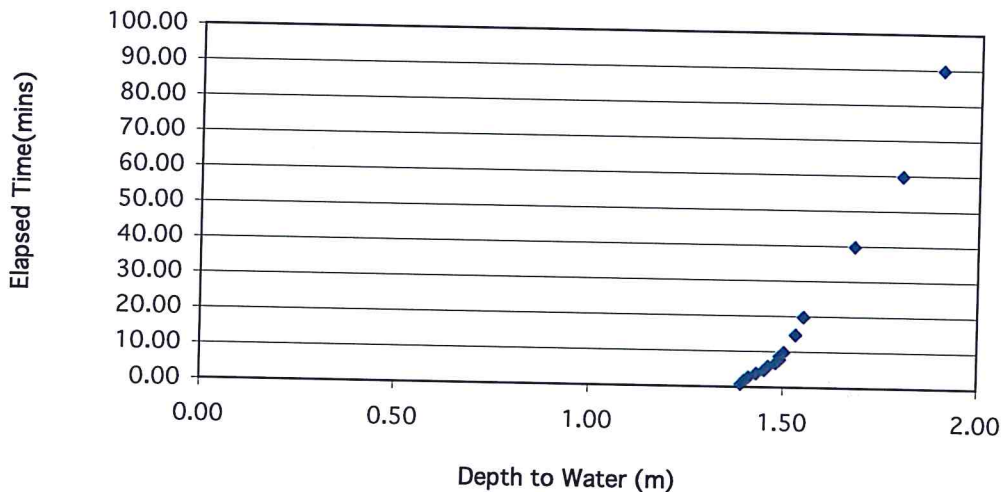
Top of permeable soil = m
 Base of permeable soil = m

Base area = 0.84 m²
 *Av. side area of permeable stratum over test period = 4.3 m²
 Total Exposed area = 5.14 m²

Infiltration rate (f) = Volume of water used/unit exposed area / unit time

f = 0.00094 m/min or 1.574E-05 m/sec

Depth of water vs Elapsed Time (mins)



Appendix VI Laboratory Data

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

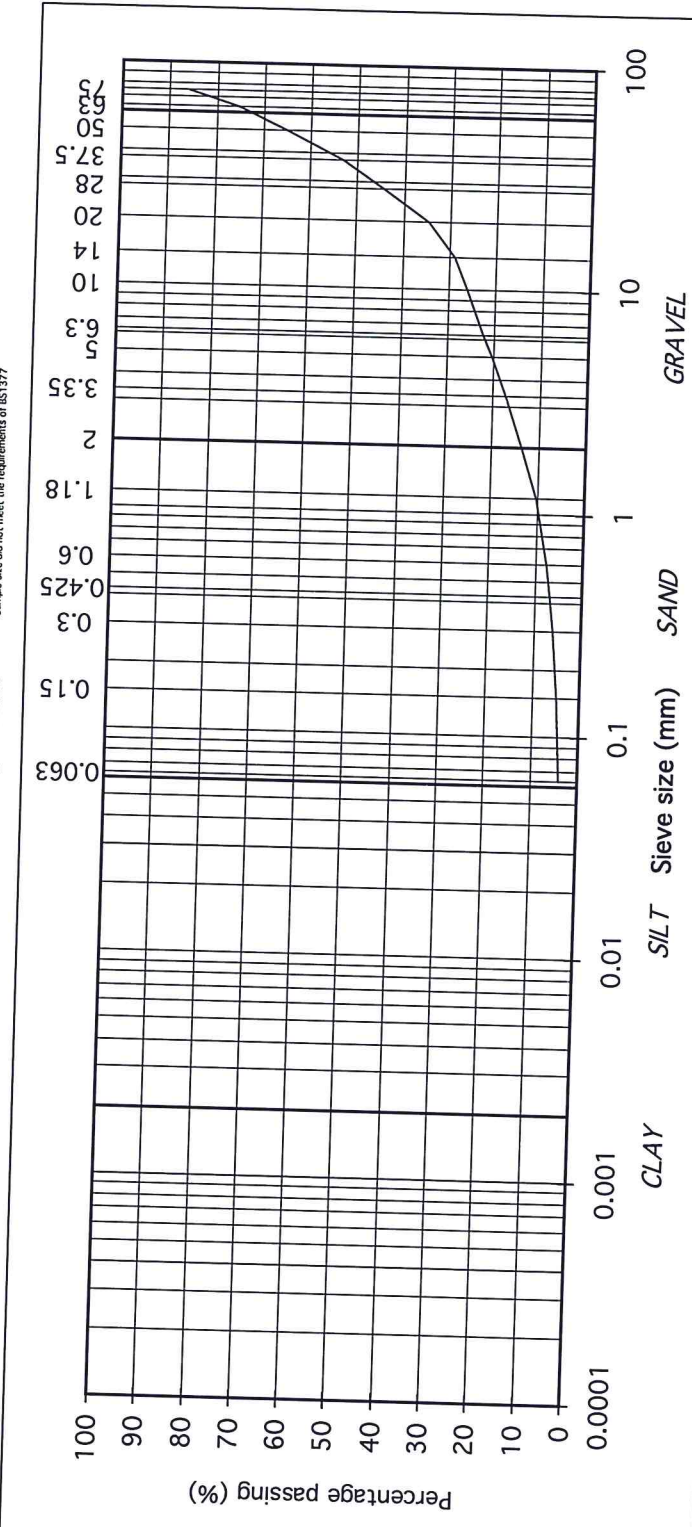


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80628
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: BH01
 Sample No. AA56207 Lab. Sample No. A17/3237
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 2.00 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Grey/brown slightly clayey/silty, sandy, GRAVEL with many cobbles

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016
 Sample size did not meet the requirements of BS1377

particle size	% passing
75	86
63	75
50	65
37.5	53
28	44
20	35
14	29
10	26
6.3	22
5	20
3.35	17
2	13
1.18	10
0.6	8
0.425	7
0.3	6
0.15	5
0.063	4



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne* Date: 11-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

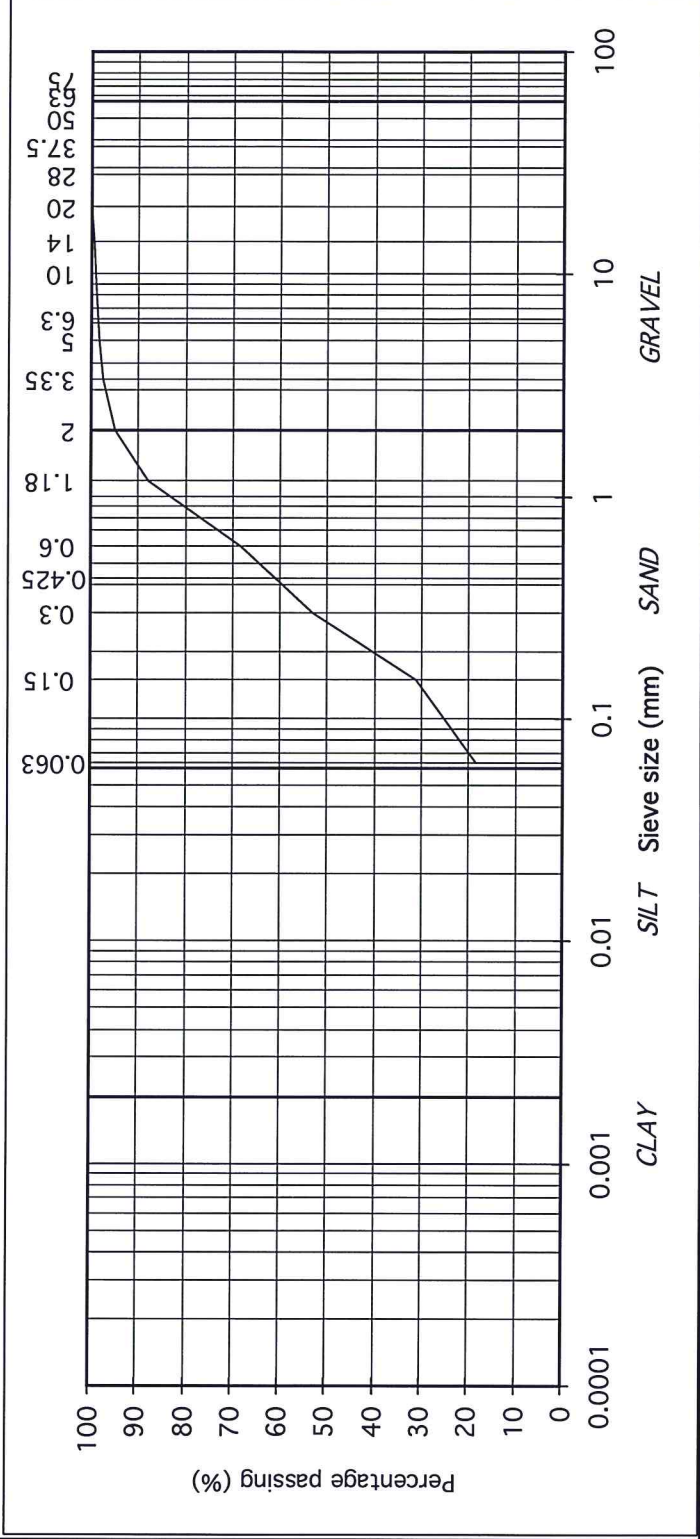


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80664
 Contract: Capdoo , Clane
 BH/TP: BH01
 Sample No. AA56210 Lab. Sample No. A17/3238
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 5.00 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers,Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Dark brown clayey/silty, gravelly, SAND

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO7692-4:2016

particle size	% passing	
75	100	COBBLES
63	100	
50	100	
37.5	100	
28	100	
20	100	
14	99	GRAVEL
10	99	
6.3	99	
5	98	
3.35	97	
2	95	
1.18	88	
0.6	68	
0.425	61	SAND
0.3	53	
0.15	31	
0.063	18	SILT/CLAY



Approved by: *H Byrne*

Date: 24-07-17
Page no: 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

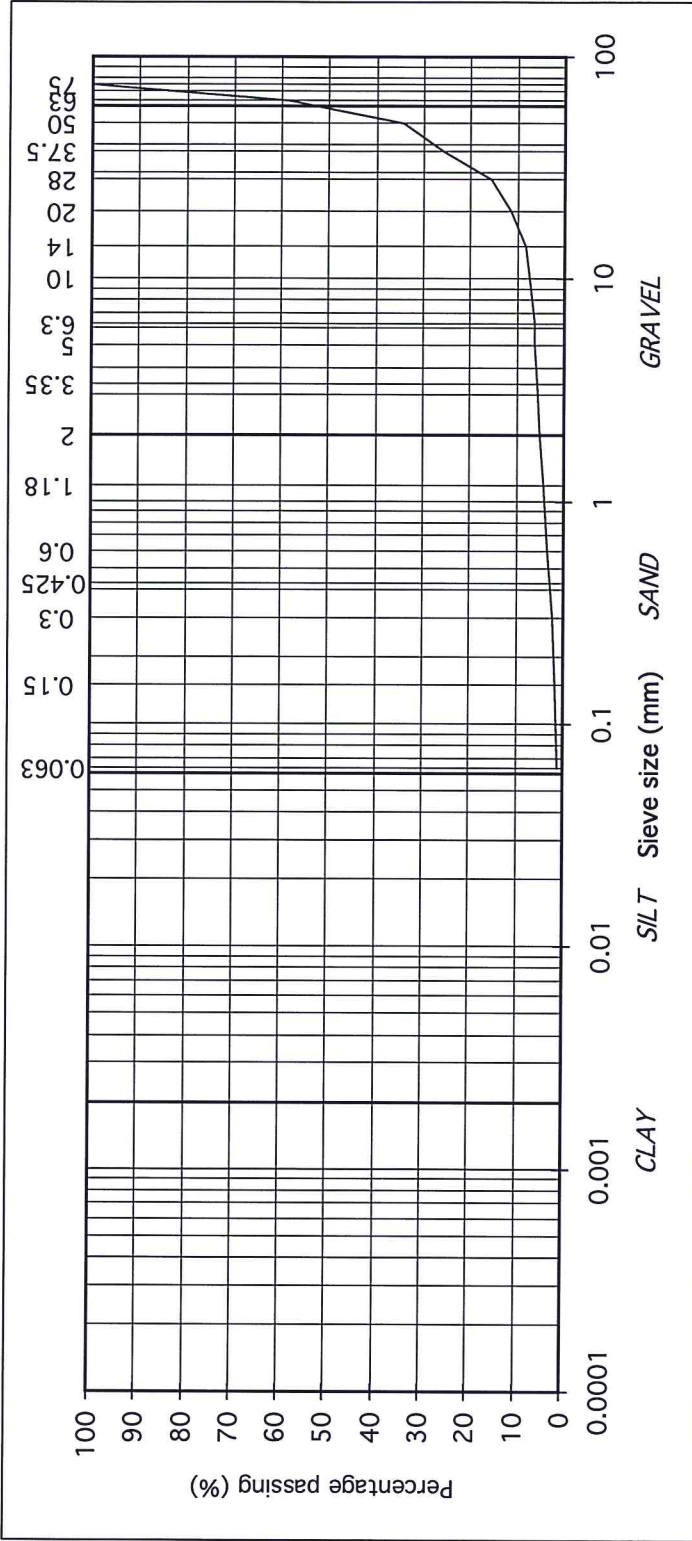


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80838
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: BH01
 Sample No. AA56212 Lab. Sample No. A17/3239
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 7.00 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Grey/brown slightly silty, slightly sandy, GRAVEL with many cobbles

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-2:2016
 Sample size did not meet the requirements of BS1377

particle size	% passing	
75	100	COBBLES
63	58	
50	34	
37.5	26	
28	16	
20	11	
14	8	
10	7	GRAVEL
6.3	6	
5	6	
3.35	6	
2	5	
1.18	4	
0.6	3	
0.425	3	SAND
0.3	2	
0.15	2	
0.063	1	SILT/CLAY



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne*

Date: 24-07-17

Page no: 1 of 1

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

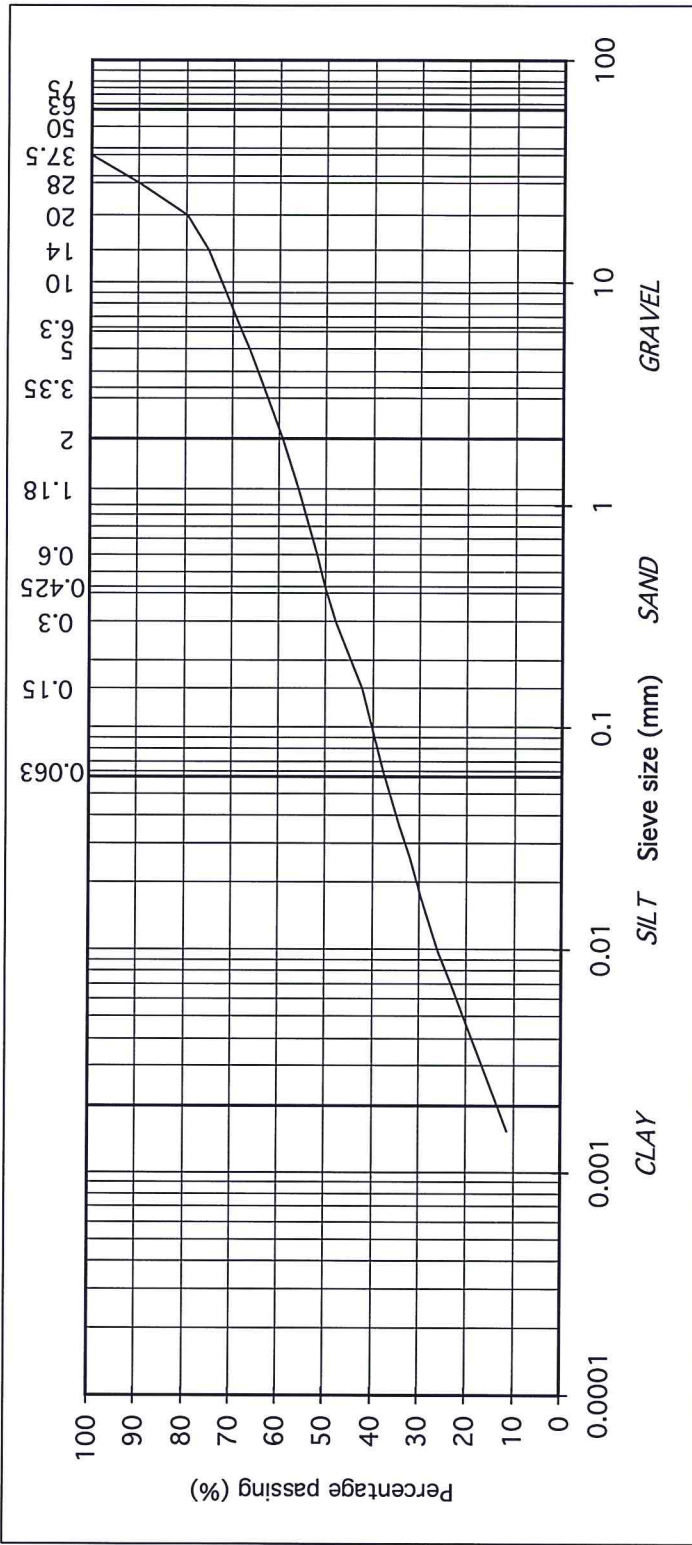


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80727
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: BH2
 Sample No. AA56214 Lab. Sample No. A17/3240
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 1.00 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 07-07-17
 Description: Dark brown slightly sandy, gravelly, CLAY

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by BS017892-4:2016

particle size	% passing	
75	100	COBBLES
63	100	
50	100	
37.5	100	
28	90	
20	80	
14	75	GRAVEL
10	72	
6.3	68	
5	66	
3.35	63	
2	59	
1.18	56	
0.6	52	SAND
0.425	50	
0.3	48	
0.15	42	
0.063	38	
0.037	34	
0.026	32	
0.017	30	SILT/CLAY
0.010	26	
0.007	23	
0.005	21	
0.002	11	



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne*

Date: 24-07-17

Page no: 1 of 1

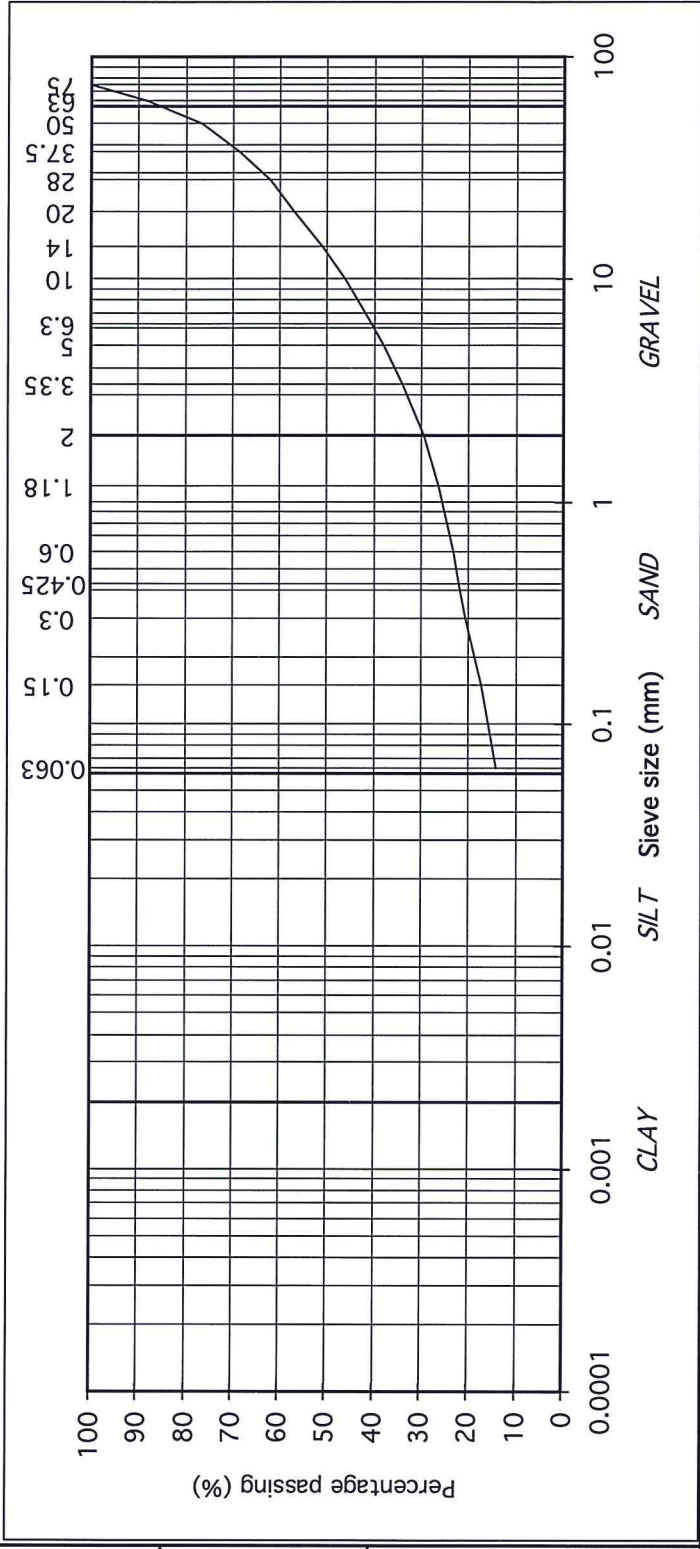
TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



Contract No:	20159	Report No.	R80630
Contract:	Capdoo, Clane		
BH/TP:	TP07		
Sample No.	AA78667	Lab. Sample No.	A17/3244
Sample Type:	B		
Depth (m)	0.50	Customer:	DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
Date Received	04-07-17	Date Testing started	05-07-17
Description:	Brown clayey/silty, sandy, GRAVEL with some cobbles		
Remarks	<p>Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO7692-4:2016</p> <p>Note: Sample size did not meet the requirements of BS1377</p>		
particle size	% passing		
75	100	COBBLES	
63	88		
50	77		
37.5	69		
28	62		
20	57		
14	51	GRAVEL	
10	46		
6.3	40		
5	38		
3.35	34		
2	29		
1.18	26		
0.6	23	SAND	
0.425	22		
0.3	21		
0.15	17		
0.063	14	SILT/CLAY	



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory	
Approved by:	Date:
<i>H Byrne</i>	12-07-17
	Page no: 1 of 1
Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)	

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80839

Contract: Capdoo, Clane

BH/TP: TP05

Sample No. AA67770 Lab. Sample No. A17/3243

Sample Type: B

Depth (m) 1.60 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland

Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 07-07-17

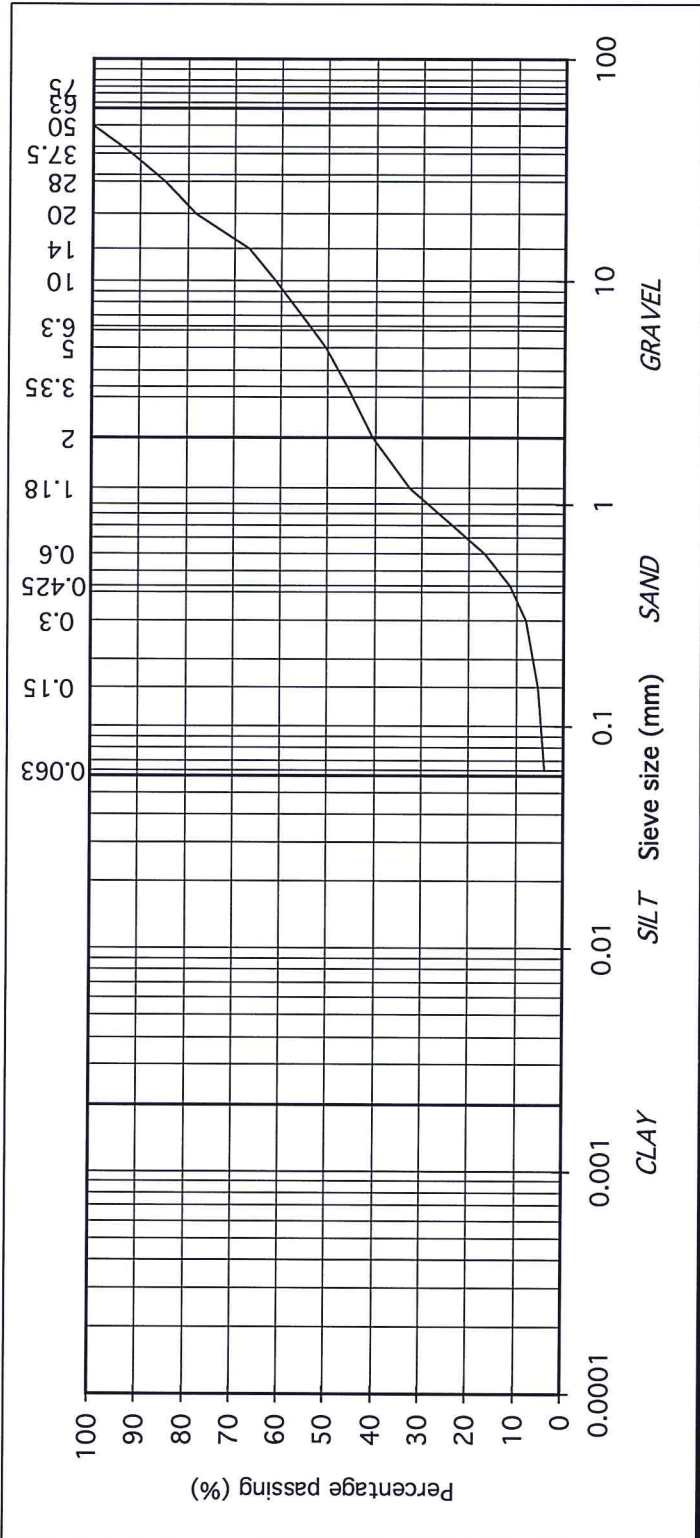
Description: Dark brown slightly clayey/silty, very sandy, GRAVEL

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by BS07892-4:2016

particle size	% passing
75	100
63	100
50	100
37.5	92
28	85
20	78
14	67
10	61
6.3	54
5	51
3.35	46
2	41
1.18	33
0.6	17
0.425	11
0.3	8
0.15	5
0.063	4

COBBLES
GRAVEL
SAND
SILT/CLAY



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne* Date: 19-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1

Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

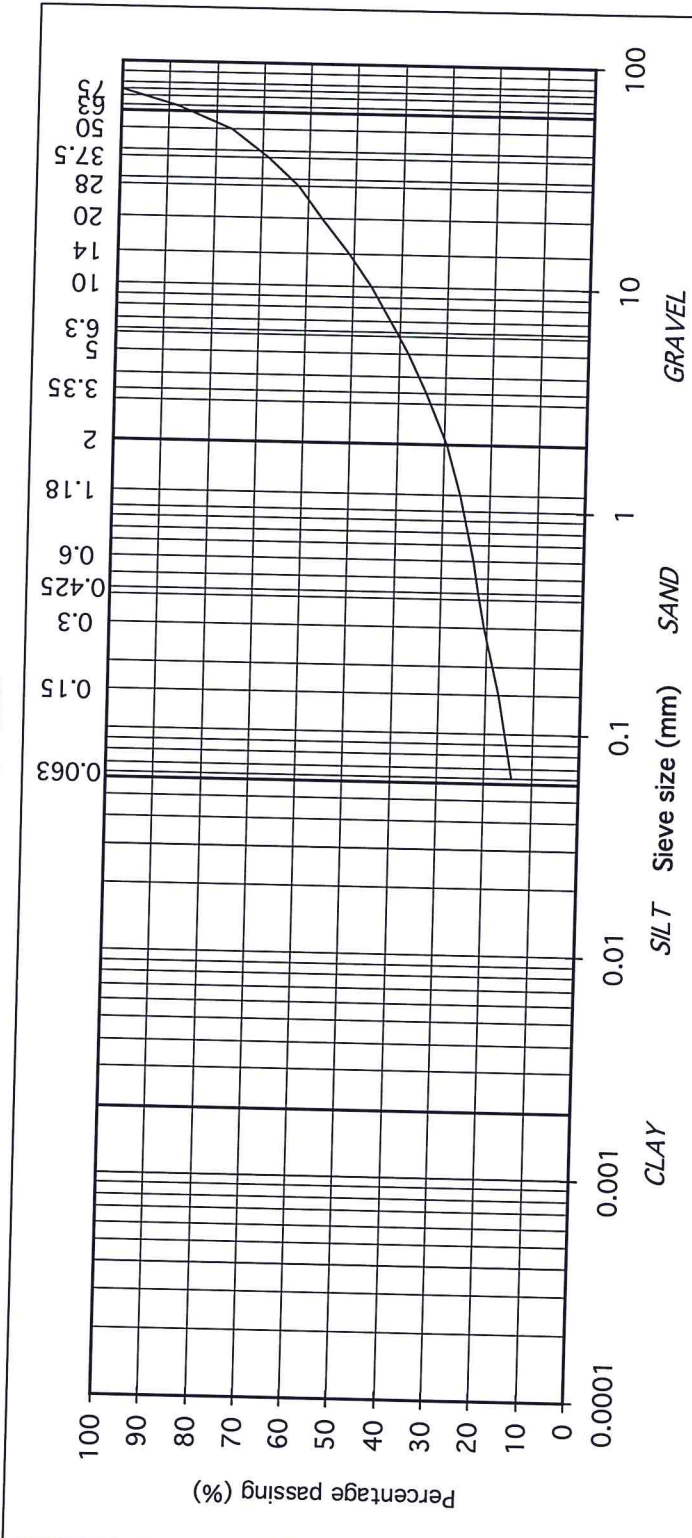


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80630
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: TP07
 Sample No. AA78667 Lab. Sample No. A17/3244
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 0.50 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Brown clayey/silty, sandy, GRAVEL with some cobbles

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016

particle size	% passing
75	100
63	88
50	77
37.5	69
28	62
20	57
14	51
10	46
6.3	40
5	38
3.35	34
2	29
1.18	26
0.6	23
0.425	22
0.3	21
0.15	17
0.063	14



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne* Date: 24-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1
 Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

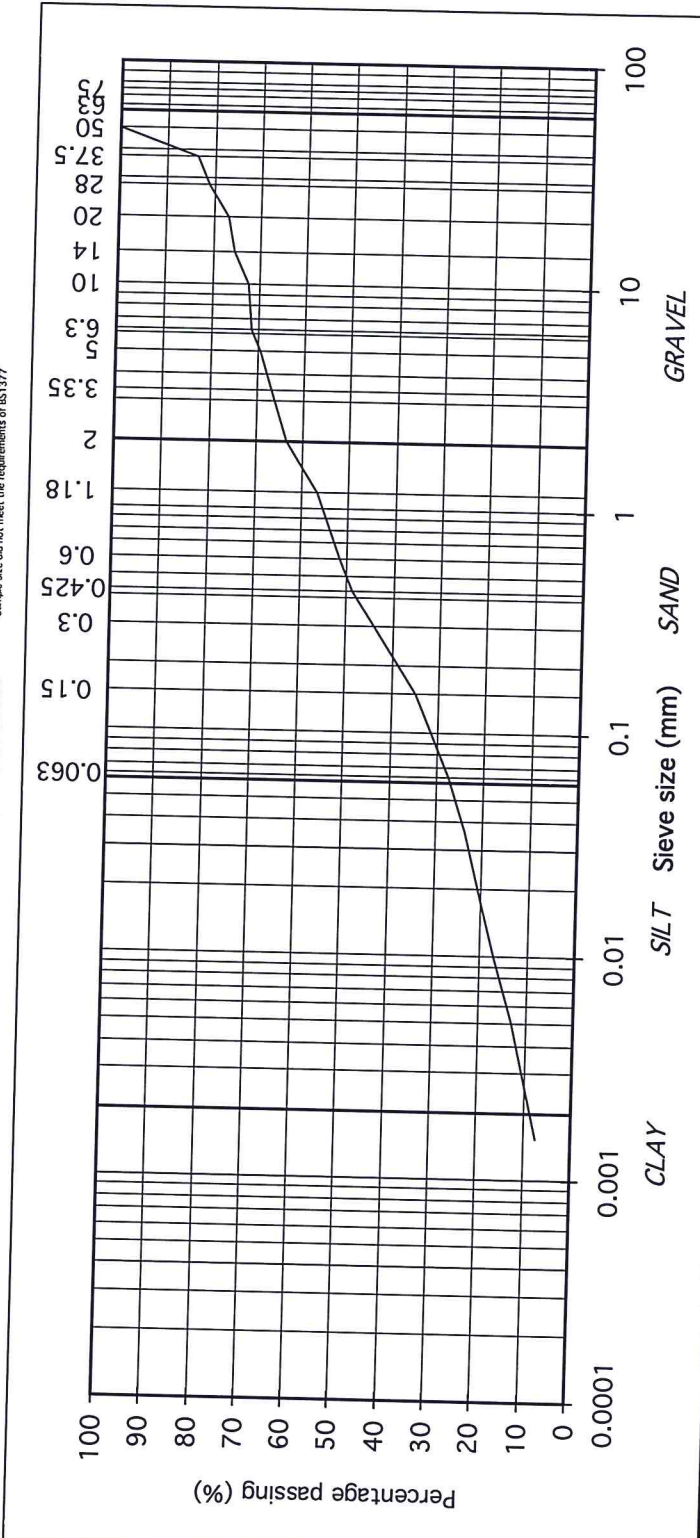


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80631
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: TP11
 Sample No. AA78666 Lab. Sample No. A17/3246
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 0.80 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Dark brown sandy, gravelly, SILT/CLAY

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016
 Sample size did not meet the requirements of BS1377

particle size	% passing
75	100
63	100
50	100
37.5	84
28	81
20	77
14	75
10	72
6.3	71
5	70
3.35	67
2	63
1.18	57
0.6	52
0.425	49
0.3	44
0.15	35
0.063	27
0.037	24
0.026	22
0.017	20
0.010	17
0.007	15
0.005	13
0.002	7



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H Byrne* Date: 24-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1
 Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

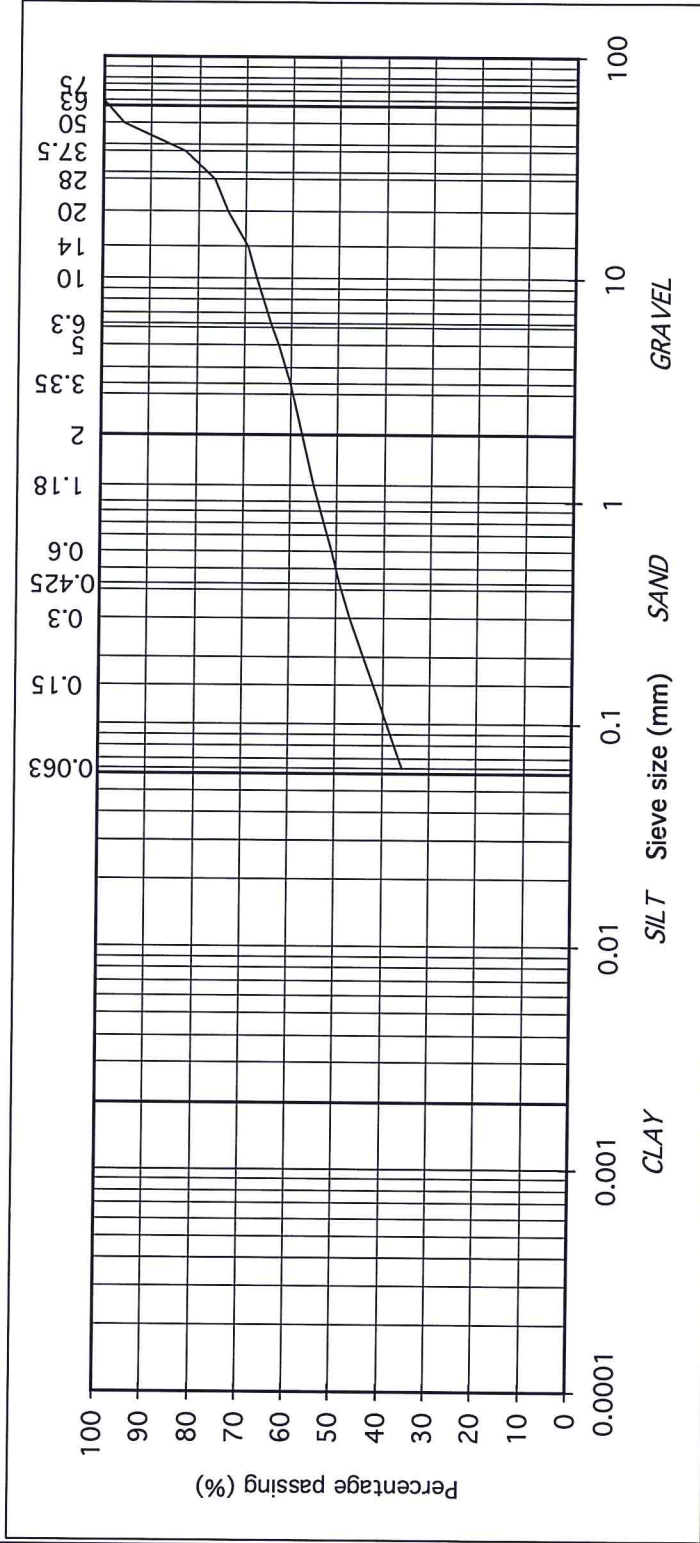
TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



Contract No:	20159	Report No.	R80665
Contract:	Capdoo, Clane		
BH/TP:	TP14		
Sample No.	AA78687	Lab. Sample No.	A17/3247
Sample Type:	B		
Depth (m)	1.20	Customer:	DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
Date Received	04-07-17	Date Testing started	05-07-17
Description:	Brown slightly sandy, gravelly, SILT/CLAY		
Remarks	Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016		



TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

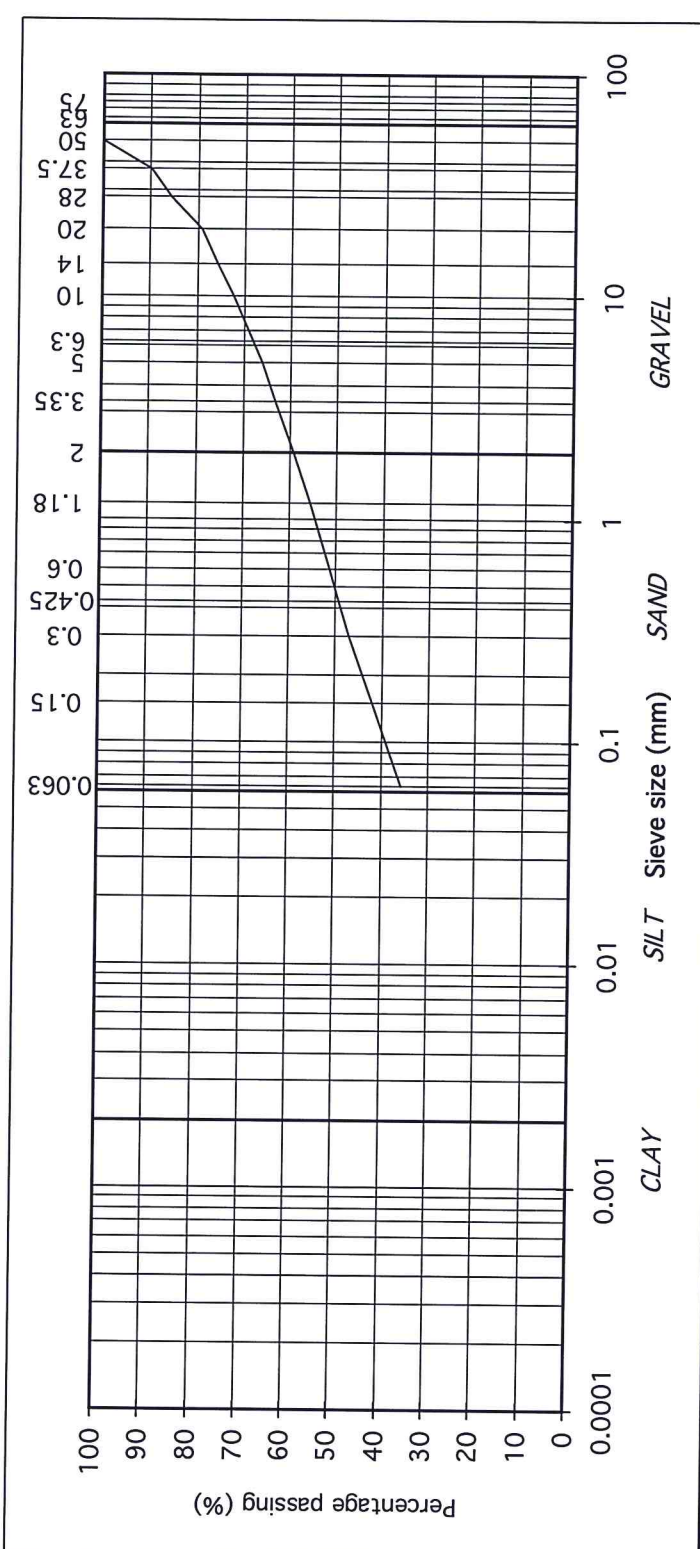


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80666
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: TP18
 Sample No. AA78671 Lab. Sample No. A17/3248
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 1.10 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Mottled brown slightly sandy, gravelly, SILT/CLAY

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO17892-4:2016

particle size	% passing	
75	100	COBBLES
63	100	
50	100	
37.5	90	GRAVEL
28	85	
20	79	
14	76	
10	72	
6.3	68	
5	66	
3.35	63	
2	59	
1.18	56	
0.6	51	SAND
0.425	49	
0.3	47	
0.15	42	SILT/CLAY
0.063	36	



Approved by: *H Byrne* Date: 24-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Persons authorised to approve report: J Bairrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990, clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

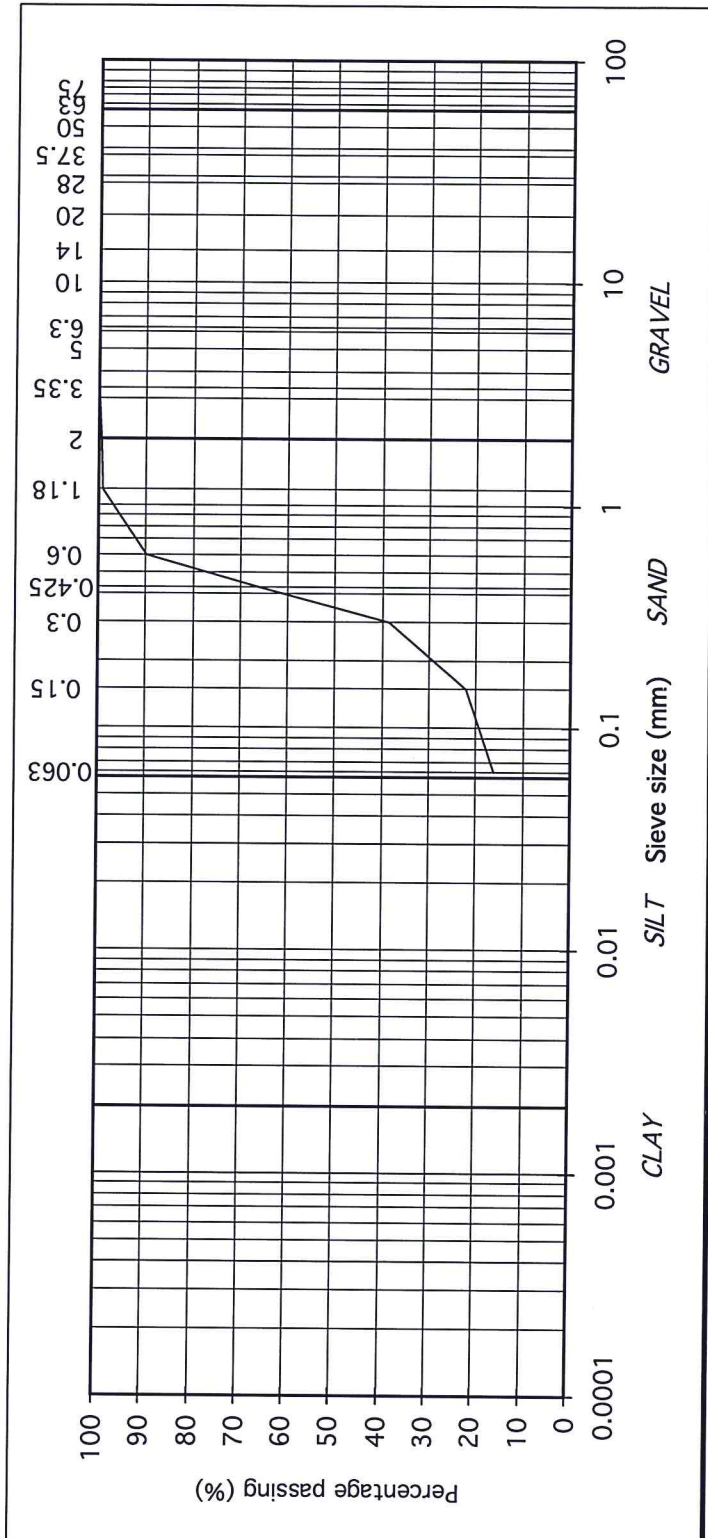


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80667
 Contract: Capdoo, Clane
 BH/TP: TP19
 Sample No. AA78765 Lab. Sample No. A17/3249
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 0.80 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers, Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Dark brown clayey/silty, SAND

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by BS07892-4:2016

particle size	% passing
75	100
63	100
50	100
37.5	100
28	100
20	100
14	100
10	100
6.3	100
5	100
3.35	100
2	100
1.18	99
0.6	90
0.425	66
0.3	39
0.15	22
0.063	16



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Approved by: *H. Byrne* Date: 24-07-17 Page no: 1 of 1

Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

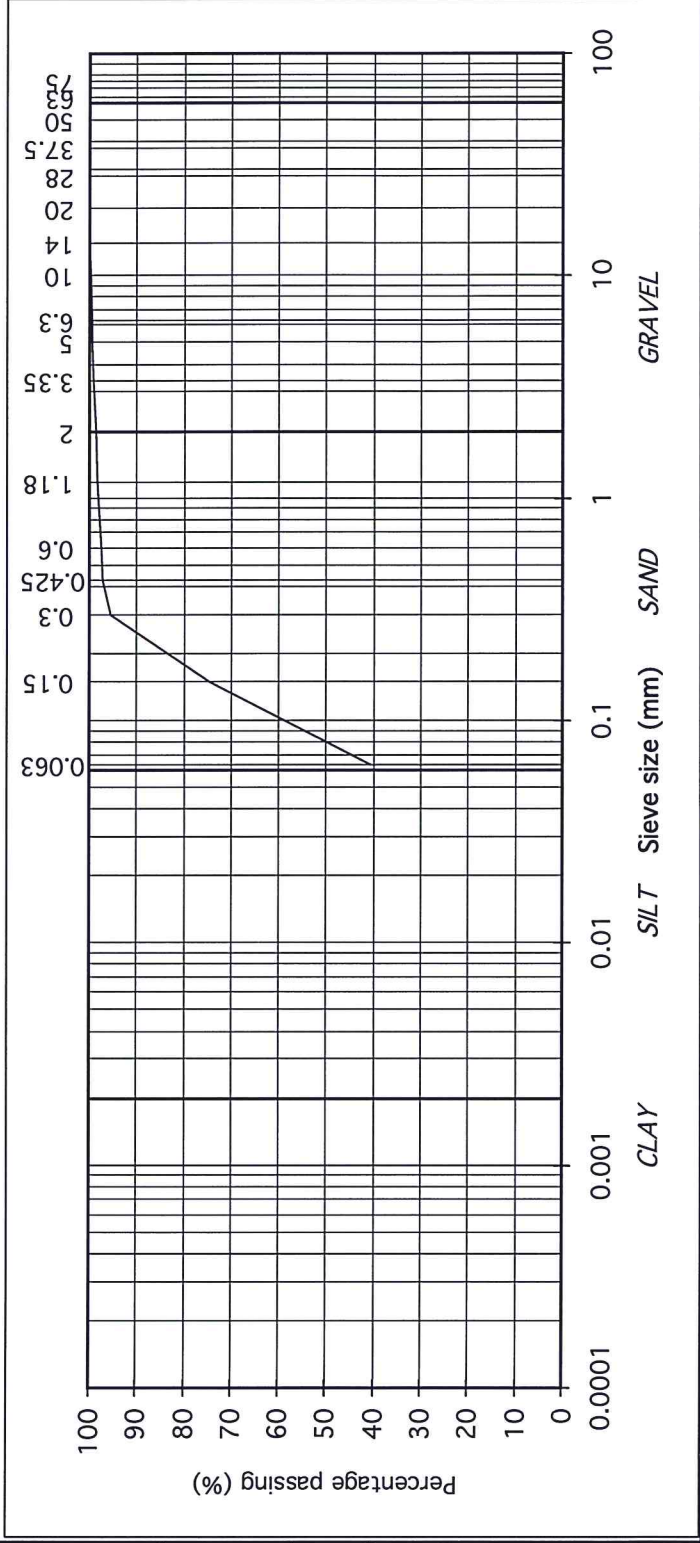
Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)



particle size	% passing	Contract No: 20159	Report No. R80632
75	100	Contract: Capdoo , Clane	
63	100	BH/TP : TP23	
50	100	Sample No. AA67755	Lab. Sample No. A17/3251
37.5	100	Sample Type: B	
28	100	Depth (m) 0.50	Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers,Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
20	100	Date Received 04-07-17	Date Testing started 05-07-17
14	100	Description: Brown sandy, slightly gravelly, SILT/CLAY	
10	100		
6.3	99		
5	99		
3.35	99		
2	99		
1.18	98		
0.6	97		
0.425	97		
0.3	95		
0.15	74		
0.063	41		

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO 7892-4:2016



IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory		Approved by:	Date:
		<i>H Byrne</i>	24-07-17
		Page no:	1 of 1
Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)			

TEST REPORT

Determination of Particle Size Distribution

Tested in accordance with: BS1377:Part2:1990 , clause 9.2 & 9.5
(note: Sedimentation stage not accredited)

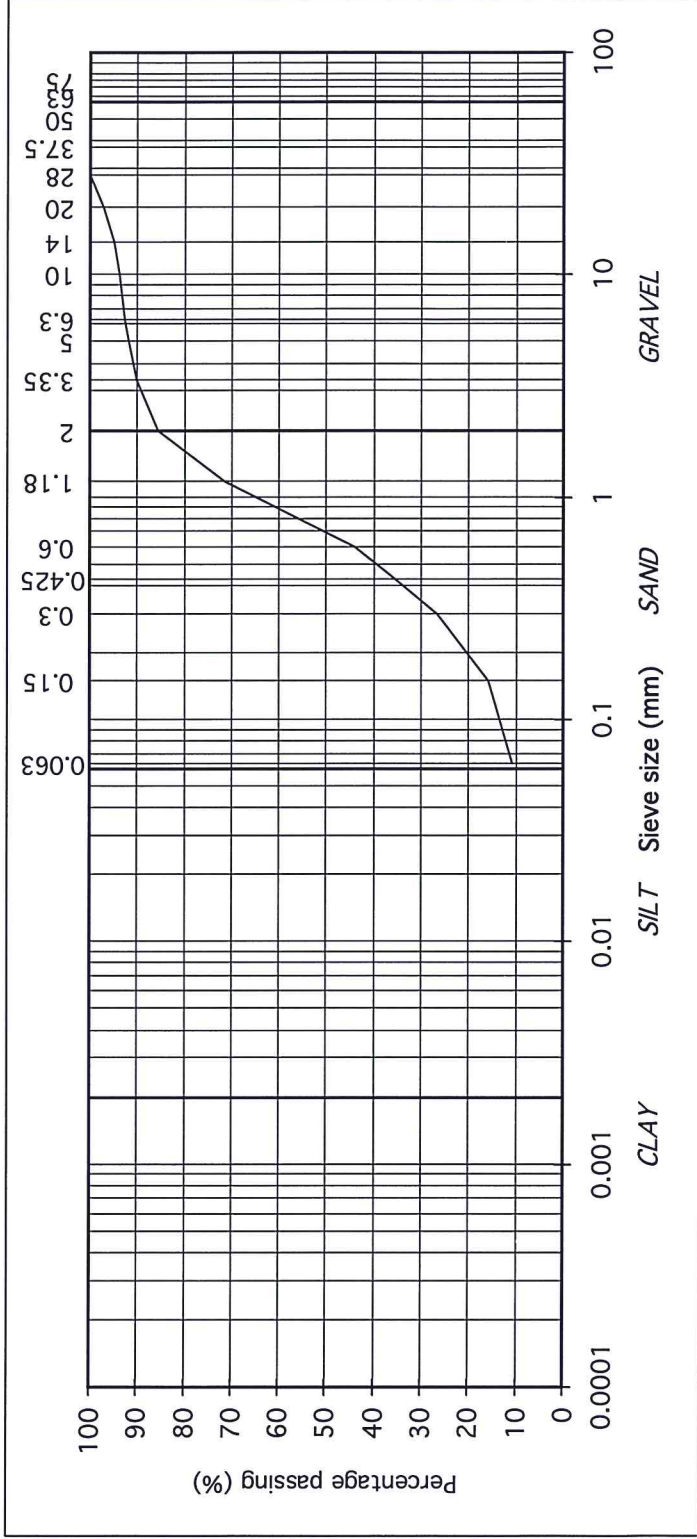


Contract No: 20159 Report No. R80633
 Contract: Capdoo , Clane
 BH/TP : TP25
 Sample No. AA67751 Lab. Sample No. A17/3252
 Sample Type: B
 Depth (m) 1.80 Customer: DBFL Consulting Engineers,Ormond House, Upper Ormond Quay, Dublin 7, Ireland
 Date Received 04-07-17 Date Testing started 05-07-17
 Description: Dark brown clayey/silty, gravelly, SAND

Remarks

Note: Clause 9.2 and Clause 9.5 of BS1377:Part 2:1990 have been superseded by ISO7692-4:2016

particle size	% passing	
75	100	COBBLES
63	100	
50	100	
37.5	100	
28	100	
20	97	
14	95	
10	94	GRAVEL
6.3	93	
5	92	
3.35	90	
2	86	
1.18	71	
0.6	44	
0.425	35	SAND
0.3	27	
0.15	16	
0.063	11	SILT/CLAY



Approved by: *H Byrne*

Date: 24-07-17

Page no: 1 of 1

IGSL Ltd Materials Laboratory

Persons authorised to approve report: J Barrett (Quality Manager) H Byrne (Laboratory Manager)



Final Report

Report No.: 17-17340-1

Initial Date of Issue: 13-Jul-2017

Client: IGSL

Client Address: M7 Business Park
Naas
County Kildare
Ireland

Contact(s): Darren Keogh

Project: 20159 - Capdoo Clane (DBFL)

Quotation No.: Q17-08989

Date Received: 05-Jul-2017

Order No.:

Date Instructed: 06-Jul-2017

No. of Samples: 5

Turnaround (Wkdays): 5

Results Due: 12-Jul-2017

Date Approved: 13-Jul-2017

Approved By:

Details: Martin Dyer, Laboratory Manager

Client: IGSL	Chemtest Job No.: 17-17340	17-17340		
Quotation No.: Q17-08989	Chemtest Sample ID.: 480025	480363		
Order No.:	Client Sample Ref.: 78693	78679		
	Client Sample ID.: TP4	TP15		
	Sample Type: SOIL	SOIL		
	Top Depth (m): 0.50	0.60		
	Bottom Depth (m): 0.50	0.60		
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	LOD
Ammonium	U	1220	mg/l	0.010
Ammonium	N	1220	mg/kg	0.10
Boron (Dissolved)	U	1450	µg/l	20
Boron (Dissolved)	N	1450	mg/kg	0.20
				< 20
				< 0.20

Client: IGSL		Chemtest Job No.:		17-17340		17-17340		17-17340		17-17340	
Quotation No.: Q17-08989		Chemtest Sample ID.:		480022		480023		480024		480025	
Order No.:		Client Sample Ref.:		56214		67763		78693		78679	
		Client Sample ID.:		BH2		TP9		TP22		TP15	
		Sample Type:		SOIL		SOIL		SOIL		SOIL	
		Top Depth (m):		1.00		0.50		1.20		0.50	
		Bottom Depth (m):		1.00		0.50		1.20		0.50	
		Asbestos Lab:						COVENTRY		COVENTRY	
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	LOD							
ACM Type	U	2192		N/A							
Asbestos Identification	U	2192	%	0.001					No Asbestos Detected		No Asbestos Detected
Moisture	N	2030	%	0.020	7.8	11	19	14	18		14
pH	M	2010		N/A	[A] 8.1	[A] 8.5	[A] 8.5		< 0.40		0.90
Boron (Hot Water Soluble)	M	2120	mg/kg	0.40							
Sulphate (2:1 Water Soluble) as SO4	M	2120	g/l	0.010	< 0.010	0.017	< 0.010				
Sulphur (Elemental)	M	2180	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Cyanide (Total)	M	2300	mg/kg	0.50					[A] < 0.50		[A] < 0.50
Sulphide (Easily Liberatable)	U	2325	mg/kg	0.50					[A] 3.8		[A] 3.9
Sulphate (Acid Soluble)	M	2430	%	0.010					[A] 0.036		[A] 0.026
Arsenic	M	2450	mg/kg	1.0					22		11
Barium	M	2450	mg/kg	10					79		63
Cadmium	M	2450	mg/kg	0.10					3.9		1.7
Chromium	M	2450	mg/kg	1.0					32		19
Copper	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50					69		22
Mercury	M	2450	mg/kg	0.10					0.28		0.16
Molybdenum	M	2450	mg/kg	2.0					3.8		3.3
Nickel	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50					91		32
Lead	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50					51		27
Antimony	N	2450	mg/kg	2.0					3.3		< 2.0
Selenium	M	2450	mg/kg	0.20					1.5		0.91
Zinc	M	2450	mg/kg	0.50					300		110
Chromium (Trivalent)	N	2490	mg/kg	5.0					32		19
Chromium (Hexavalent)	N	2490	mg/kg	0.50					< 0.50		< 0.50
Total Organic Carbon	M	2625	%	0.20					[A] 0.50		[A] 0.49
Mineral Oil	N	2670	mg/kg	10					< 10		< 10
Aliphatic TPH >C5-C6	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C6-C8	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C8-C10	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C10-C12	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C12-C16	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C16-C21	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C21-C35	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aliphatic TPH >C35-C44	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Total Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	N	2680	mg/kg	5.0					[A] < 5.0		[A] < 5.0
Aromatic TPH >C5-C7	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C7-C8	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0		[A] < 1.0

Client: IGSL	Chemtest Job No.:		17-17340		17-17340		17-17340		17-17340	
	Quotation No.:	Chemtest Sample ID.:	480022	480024	480024	480025	480363	480363	480363	480363
Order No.:	Client Sample Ref.:	56214	78662	78662	78662	78662	78662	78662	78662	78662
	Client Sample ID.:	BH2	TP9	TP22	TP4	TP15	TP15	TP15	TP15	TP15
	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
	Top Depth (m):	1.00	0.50	1.20	0.50	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
	Bottom Depth (m):	1.00	0.50	1.20	0.50	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60
	Asbestos Lab:									
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	LOD						
Aromatic TPH >C8-C10	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C10-C12	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C12-C16	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C16-C21	U	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C21-C35	M	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Aromatic TPH >C35-C44	N	2680	mg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Total Aromatic Hydrocarbons	N	2680	mg/kg	5.0					[A] < 5.0	[A] < 5.0
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	N	2680	mg/kg	10.0					[A] < 10	[A] < 10
Benzene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Toluene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Ethylbenzene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
m & p-Xylene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
o-Xylene	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether	M	2760	µg/kg	1.0					[A] < 1.0	[A] < 1.0
Naphthalene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Acenaphthylene	N	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Acenaphthene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Fluorene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Phenanthrene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Anthracene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Fluoranthene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Pyrene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Benzo[a]anthracene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Chrysene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Benzo[b]fluoranthene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Benzo[k]fluoranthene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Benzo[a]pyrene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)Pyrene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Dibenz(a,h)Anthracene	N	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Benzo[g,h,i]perylene	M	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Coronene	N	2800	mg/kg	0.10					< 0.10	< 0.10
Total Of 17 PAH's	N	2800	mg/kg	2.0					< 2.0	< 2.0
PCB 28	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
PCB 52	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
PCB 90+101	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
PCB 118	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
PCB 153	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
PCB 138	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010					[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010



The right chemistry to deliver results
 Project: 20159 - Capdoo Clane (DBFL)

Results - Soil

	Chemtest Job No.:	17-17340	17-17340	17-17340	17-17340	17-17340	17-17340
Client: IGSL	Chemtest Sample ID.:	480022	480023	480024	480025	480363	480363
Quotation No.: Q17-08989	Client Sample Ref.:	56214	78662	67763	78693	78679	78679
Order No.:	Client Sample ID.:	BH2	TP9	TP22	TP4	TP15	TP15
	Sample Type:	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
	Top Depth (m):	1.00	0.50	1.20	0.50	0.60	0.60
	Bottom Depth (m):	1.00	0.50	1.20	0.50	0.60	0.60
	Asbestos Lab:				COVENTRY	COVENTRY	COVENTRY
Determinand	Accred.	SOP	Units	LOD			
PCB 180	M	2815	mg/kg	0.010	[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010	[A] < 0.010
Total PCBs (7 Congeners)	N	2815	mg/kg	0.10	[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10	[A] < 0.10
Total Phenols	M	2920	mg/kg	0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30	< 0.30

Results - Single Stage WAC

Project: 20159 - Capdoo Clane (DBFL)

Chemtest Job No: 17-17340

Chemtest Sample ID: 480025

Sample Ref: 78693

Sample ID: TP4

Top Depth(m): 0.50

Bottom Depth(m): 0.50

Sampling Date:

Determind	SOP	Accred.	Units	Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits		
				Inert Waste Landfill	Stable, Non-reactive hazardous waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill
Total Organic Carbon	2625	M	%	[A] 0.50	3	6
Loss On Ignition	2610	M	%	2.3	---	10
Total BTEX	2760	M	mg/kg	[A] < 0.010	---	---
Total PCBs (7 Congeners)	2815	M	mg/kg	< 0.10	---	---
TPH Total WAC (Mineral Oil)	2670	M	mg/kg	[A] < 10	---	---
Total (OF 17) PAH's	2800	N	mg/kg	< 2.0	---	---
pH	2010	M		8.1	---	---
Acid Neutralisation Capacity	2015	N	mol/kg	0.031	---	---
Eluate Analysis			10:1 Eluate mg/l	10:1 Eluate mg/kg	Limit values for compliance leaching test using BS EN 12457-3 at L/S 10 l/kg	To evaluate
Arsenic	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.5	25
Barium	1450	U	0.0038	< 0.50	20	300
Cadmium	1450	U	< 0.00010	< 0.010	0.04	1
Chromium	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.5	10
Copper	1450	U	0.0023	< 0.050	2	50
Mercury	1450	U	< 0.00050	< 0.0050	0.01	2
Molybdenum	1450	U	0.0031	< 0.050	0.5	10
Nickel	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.4	10
Lead	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.5	10
Antimony	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.06	0.7
Selenium	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.1	0.5
Zinc	1450	U	0.0022	< 0.50	4	50
Chloride	1220	U	< 1.0	< 10	800	15000
Fluoride	1220	U	0.38	3.8	10	150
Sulphate	1220	U	15	150	1000	20000
Total Dissolved Solids	1020	N	66	660	4000	60000
Phenol Index	1920	U	< 0.030	< 0.30	1	---
Dissolved Organic Carbon	1610	U	9.2	92	500	800

Solid Information	
Dry mass of test portion/kg	0.090
Moisture (%)	18

Waste Acceptance Criteria

Landfill WAC analysis (specifically leaching test results) must not be used for hazardous waste classification purposes. This analysis is only applicable for hazardous waste landfill acceptance and does not give any indication as to whether a waste may be hazardous or non-hazardous.

Results - Single Stage WAC

Project: 20159 - Capdoo Clane (DBFL)

Chemtest Job No: 17-17340
Chemtest Sample ID: 480363
Sample Ref: 78679
Sample ID: TP15
Top Depth(m): 0.60
Bottom Depth(m): 0.60
Sampling Date:

Determinand	SOP	Accred.	Units	Landfill Waste Acceptance Criteria Limits		
				Inert Waste Landfill	Stable, Non-reactive hazardous waste in non-hazardous Landfill	Hazardous Waste Landfill
Total Organic Carbon	2625	M	%			
Loss On Ignition	2610	M	%			
Total BTEX	2760	M	mg/kg			
Total PCBs (7 Congeners)	2815	M	mg/kg			
TPH Total WAC (Mineral Oil)	2670	M	mg/kg			
Total (Of 17) PAH's	2800	N	mg/kg			
pH	2010	M				
Acid Neutralisation Capacity	2015	N	mol/kg			
Eluate Analysis			10:1 Eluate mg/l	10:1 Eluate mg/kg	Limit values for compliance leaching test using BS EN 12457-3 at L/S 10 l/kg	To evaluate
Arsenic	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.5	2
Barium	1450	U	0.0031	< 0.50	20	100
Cadmium	1450	U	< 0.00010	< 0.010	0.04	1
Chromium	1450	U	0.0011	< 0.050	0.5	10
Copper	1450	U	0.0012	< 0.050	2	50
Mercury	1450	U	< 0.00050	< 0.0050	0.01	0.2
Molybdenum	1450	U	0.0068	0.068	0.5	10
Nickel	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.050	0.4	10
Lead	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.5	10
Antimony	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.06	0.7
Selenium	1450	U	< 0.0010	< 0.010	0.1	0.5
Zinc	1450	U	0.0020	< 0.50	4	50
Chloride	1220	U	1.7	17	800	15000
Fluoride	1220	U	0.20	2.0	10	150
Sulphate	1220	U	6.4	64	1000	20000
Total Dissolved Solids	1020	N	71	710	4000	60000
Phenol Index	1920	U	< 0.030	< 0.30	1	-
Dissolved Organic Carbon	1610	U	9.2	92	500	800

Solid Information	
Dry mass of test portion/kg	0.090
Moisture (%)	14

Waste Acceptance Criteria

Landfill WAC analysis (specifically leaching test results) must not be used for hazardous waste classification purposes. This analysis is only applicable for hazardous waste landfill acceptance and does not give any indication as to whether a waste may be hazardous or non-hazardous.

Deviations

In accordance with UKAS Policy on Deviating Samples TPS 63. Chemtest have a procedure to ensure 'upon receipt of each sample a competent laboratory shall assess whether the sample is suitable with regard to the requested test(s)'. This policy and the respective holding times applied, can be supplied upon request. The reason a sample is declared as deviating is detailed below. Where applicable the analysis remains UKAS/MCERTs accredited but the results may be compromised.

Sample ID:	Sample Ref:	Sample ID:	Sampled Date:	Deviation Code(s):	Containers Received:
480022	56214	BH2		A	Amber Glass 250ml
480023	78662	TP9		A	Amber Glass 250ml
480024	67763	TP22		A	Amber Glass 250ml
480025	78693	TP4		A	Amber Glass 250ml
480025	78693	TP4		A	Amber Glass 60ml
480025	78693	TP4		A	Plastic Tub 500g
480363	78679	TP15		A	Amber Glass 250ml
480363	78679	TP15		A	Amber Glass 60ml
480363	78679	TP15		A	Plastic Tub 500g

SOP	Title	Parameters included	Method summary
1020	Electrical Conductivity and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in Waters	Electrical Conductivity and Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) in Waters	Conductivity Meter
1220	Anions, Alkalinity & Ammonium in Waters	Fluoride; Chloride; Nitrite; Nitrate; Total; Oxidisable Nitrogen (TON); Sulfate; Phosphate; Alkalinity; Ammonium	Automated colorimetric analysis using 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser.
1450	Metals in Waters by ICP-MS	Metals, including: Antimony; Arsenic; Barium; Beryllium; Boron; Cadmium; Chromium; Cobalt; Copper; Lead; Manganese; Mercury; Molybdenum; Nickel; Selenium; Tin; Vanadium; Zinc	Filtration of samples followed by direct determination by inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS).
1610	Total/Dissolved Organic Carbon in Waters	Organic Carbon	TOC Analyser using Catalytic Oxidation
1920	Phenols in Waters by HPLC	Phenolic compounds including: Phenol, Cresols, Xylenols, Trimethylphenols Note: Chlorophenols are excluded.	Determination by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) using electrochemical detection.
2010	pH Value of Soils	pH	pH Meter
2015	Acid Neutralisation Capacity	Acid Reserve	Titration
2030	Moisture and Stone Content of Soils (Requirement of MCERTS)	Moisture content	Determination of moisture content of soil as a percentage of its as received mass obtained at <37°C.
2120	Water Soluble Boron, Sulphate, Magnesium & Chromium	Boron; Sulphate; Magnesium; Chromium	Aqueous extraction / ICP-OES
2180	Sulphur (Elemental) in Soils by HPLC	Sulphur	Dichloromethane extraction / HPLC with UV detection
2192	Asbestos	Asbestos	Polarised light microscopy / Gravimetry
2300	Cyanides & Thiocyanate in Soils	Free (or easy liberatable) Cyanide; total Cyanide; complex Cyanide; Thiocyanate	Alkaline extraction followed by colorimetric determination using Automated Flow Injection Analyser.
2325	Sulphide in Soils	Sulphide	Steam distillation with sulphuric acid / analysis by 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser, using N,N-dimethyl-p-phenylenediamine.
2430	Total Sulphate in soils	Total Sulphate	Acid digestion followed by determination of sulphate in extract by ICP-OES.
2450	Acid Soluble Metals in Soils	Metals, including: Arsenic; Barium; Beryllium; Cadmium; Chromium; Cobalt; Copper; Lead; Manganese; Mercury; Molybdenum; Nickel; Selenium; Vanadium; Zinc	Acid digestion followed by determination of metals in extract by ICP-MS.
2490	Hexavalent Chromium in Soils	Chromium [VI]	Soil extracts are prepared by extracting dried and ground soil samples into boiling water. Chromium [VI] is determined by 'Aquakem 600' Discrete Analyser using 1,5-diphenylcarbazide.
2610	Loss on Ignition	loss on ignition (LOI)	Determination of the proportion by mass that is lost from a soil by ignition at 550°C.
2625	Total Organic Carbon in Soils	Total organic Carbon (TOC)	Determined by high temperature combustion under oxygen, using an Eltra elemental analyser.
2670	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (TPH) in Soils by GC-FID	TPH (C6–C40); optional carbon banding, e.g. 3-band – GRO, DRO & LRO*TPH C8–C40	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-FID
2680	TPH A/A Split	Aliphatics: >C5–C6, >C6–C8, >C8–C10, >C10–C12, >C12–C16, >C16–C21, >C21–C35, >C35–C44 Aromatics: >C5–C7, >C7–C8, >C8–C10, >C10–C12, >C12–C16, >C16–C21, >C21–C35, >C35–C44	Dichloromethane extraction / GCxGC FID detection

SOP	Title	Parameters included	Method summary
2760	Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Soils by Headspace GC-MS	Volatile organic compounds, including BTEX and halogenated Aliphatic/Aromatics.(cf. USEPA Method 8260)*please refer to UKAS schedule	Automated headspace gas chromatographic (GC) analysis of a soil sample, as received, with mass spectrometric (MS) detection of volatile organic compounds.
2800	Speciated Polynuclear Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH) in Soil by GC-MS	Acenaphthene*; Acenaphthylene; Anthracene*; Benzo[a]Anthracene*; Benzo[a]Pyrene*; Benzo[b]Fluoranthene*; Benzo[ghi]Perylene*; Benzo[k]Fluoranthene; Chrysene*; Dibenz[ah]Anthracene; Fluoranthene*; Fluorene*; Indeno[123cd]Pyrene*; Naphthalene*; Phenanthrene*; Pyrene*	Dichloromethane extraction / GC-MS
2815	Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) ICES7Congeners in Soils by GC-MS	ICES7 PCB congeners	Acetone/Hexane extraction / GC-MS
2920	Phenols in Soils by HPLC	Phenolic compounds including Resorcinol, Phenol, Methylphenols, Dimethylphenols, 1-Naphthol and TrimethylphenolsNote: chlorophenols are excluded.	60:40 methanol/water mixture extraction, followed by HPLC determination using electrochemical detection.

Report Information

Key

- U UKAS accredited
- M MCERTS and UKAS accredited
- N Unaccredited
- S This analysis has been subcontracted to a UKAS accredited laboratory that is accredited for this analysis
- SN This analysis has been subcontracted to a UKAS accredited laboratory that is not accredited for this analysis
- T This analysis has been subcontracted to an unaccredited laboratory
- I/S Insufficient Sample
- U/S Unsuitable Sample
- N/E not evaluated
- < "less than"
- > "greater than"

Comments or interpretations are beyond the scope of UKAS accreditation

The results relate only to the items tested

Uncertainty of measurement for the determinands tested are available upon request

None of the results in this report have been recovery corrected

All results are expressed on a dry weight basis

The following tests were analysed on samples as received and the results subsequently corrected to a dry weight basis TPH, BTEX, VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, Phenols

For all other tests the samples were dried at < 37°C prior to analysis

All Asbestos testing is performed at the indicated laboratory

Issue numbers are sequential starting with 1 all subsequent reports are incremented by 1

Sample Deviation Codes

- A - Date of sampling not supplied
- B - Sample age exceeds stability time (sampling to extraction)
- C - Sample not received in appropriate containers
- D - Broken Container
- E - Insufficient Sample

Sample Retention and Disposal

All soil samples will be retained for a period of 45 days from the date of receipt

All water samples will be retained for 14 days from the date of receipt

Charges may apply to extended sample storage

If you require extended retention of samples, please email your requirements to:

customerservices@chemtest.co.uk

Appendix VII Site Plan

